

Mr. Scott

Pls keep for next G.P.C.

FW

2/5/62

1st May, 1962.

Mrs. Helen Suzman, M.P.,
c/o The Assembly,
CAPE TOWN.

Dear Helen,

At our last G.P.C. meeting the Rev. Mark Nye of Pretoria informed us that he had heard from five different sources that about 40,000 persons had died in the Transkei since the Emergency Regulations were imposed. The Committee suggested that a question be asked in Parliament about this, e.g.

"How many persons have died as a result of violence or police and military action in the Transkei since the first reported incident of disturbance on 16th February, 1960?"

Do you think you could ask some such question? We would be grateful.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

F.J. van Wyk.
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR.

FOR ORAL REPLY.

Mrs. Suzman, M.P.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

QUESTION NO. IV.

TUESDAY, 15TH MAY, 1962.

Mrs. Suzman asked the Minister of Bantu Administration and Development :

Whether any persons in the Transkei have died as the result of (a) public violence (b) police action or (c) military action since 16th February, 1960, and, if so, how many in each case?

REPLY:

Yes.

(a) 281 of which 234 were killed in faction fights.

Although (b) and (c) fall, respectively, within the province of the Honourable the Minister of Justice and the Honourable the Minister of Defence, I am advised that the position is as follows:-

(b) 15 including one member of the South African Police Force killed in a motor accident.

(c) None as a result of military action but 5 members of the South African Air Force were killed in a flying accident on their return to Pretoria.

25th May 1962.

*1) Mr. Scott
Re Tele Fr. Nye
I have him a copy
of the attached
4 GPC*

*3) Mr. Scott Re Cook
into **

*4) Kinnely ack. received
say we is grateful. Say
give some to the Reverend
Thank you
HS
28/5/62*

Mr. F. J. van Wyk,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Mr. van Wyk,

Sorry to have been so long about your question on the Transkei. I enclose question and answer which, of course, is nowhere near the figures given by the Rev. Nye, and it is also, of course, impossible to do any further checking up.

Kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

Helen

Helen Suzman, M.P.

Encl.

P.S. Could you please investigate why I am not receiving Race Relations journals? I do not seem to have had any for ages, here or at home.

Have obtained last 3 issues from C.T. office, so don't send those.

HS

29th May, 1962.

Mrs. Helen Suzman, M.P.,
House of Assembly,
CAPE TOWN.

Dear Helen,

Thank you very much for sending on the Minister's reply to our question on the Transkei. Mr. van Wyk has gone to the Federation and asked that I thank you and send the information onto Father Nye.

Your copies of the Journal have been going to your Johannesburg address, along with the monthly News. A note has been made to alternate addresses in future. So sorry you have had this bother.

Good Wishes,

Yours,

(Mrs.) M. Scott,
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

B/11/1

29th May, 1962.

The Rev. Mark Nye,
186 Lunnon Road,
Brooklyn,
PRETORIA.

Dear Father Nye,

Mrs. Suzman M.P. asked about casualties in
the Transkei: her question and the answer is enclosed.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs.) M. Scott,
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT.

Encl.

9

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS (INC)
SUID-AFRIKAANSE INSTITUUT VIR RASSEVERHOUDINGS (INGELYF)

P.O. Box 97

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Re: TRANSKEI EMERGENCY REGULATIONS

In reply to a question by Mrs. Helen Suzman, the Deputy Minister of Bantu Administration and Development said in the House on February 2nd, this year, that "there is no emergency in Pondoland", but that "at the request of the Bantu leaders in the Transkeian territories the provisions of Proclamation No. 400 of 1960 will remain in force in those territories until the leaders themselves ask for the repeal of the Proclamation".

This proclamation - gazetted on November 30th 1960 and slightly amended on December 14th - was introduced as an emergency measure, following the disturbances in Pondoland between March and November, 1960. The fact that its regulations are still in force nullifies the Minister's statement that there is "no emergency" in "Pondoland", and would prevent any form of free discussion among the inhabitants of the new independence proposals for the Transkei.

The provisions of this Proclamation (which are still in force throughout the entire Transkei), are as follows:-

1. No meeting of more than 10 Africans may be held unless with the permission of the Native Commissioner. (Bantu Authorities exempted).
2. Certain actions are deemed subversive, namely:-
 - (a) any act "likely to have the effect of interfering with the authority of the State";
 - (b) any boycott of a meeting convened by a State official, chief or headman;
 - (c) refusal to obey a lawful order by a chief or headman, or "to treat a chief or headman with disrespect".
3. Any chief may order any African to move, with his household and property, from one place to another within the chiefs area of jurisdiction.
4. Any member of the police or Defence Force may render assistance, including the use of force, to a Native Commissioner, chief or headman who is acting in terms of the regulations.
5. Chiefs, who have been granted powers of criminal jurisdiction, may try and punish any African in his area who was accused of an offence under the above regulations. Penalties: R100 fine, or four head of large stock, or 20 head of small stock, or 3 months imprisonment.

6. A Native Commissioner, police officer or N.C.O. may arrest without warrant.

No persons arrested in terms of this regulation may be allowed to consult with a legal adviser unless with the Minister's consent. No interdict may be issued for the stay of any order given under the regulations, and no civil action may be issued against the State.

N.B. In terms of Government Notice 77 of 16th June 1961, the regulations governing entry into the 5 Eastern districts of the Transkei were withdrawn from the Proclamation, but as has been stated, the above-mentioned provisions still stand.

Ref:

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS (INC.)
SUID-APRIKAANSE INSTITUUT VIR RASSEVERHOUDINGS (INGELYP)

TO:

Mr. Keyter.


FROM: Head Office,
S.A. Institute of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Mr. Scott
Flow
M.S.
This might be covered by G.P.C. information?

2nd April, 1962.

Ex G.P.C. - Transkei : Emerging Regulations

Could you find out what the present position is about these regulations. Where enforced and nature of them and give me a short note for use in making representations.


Director.

The following ~~are~~ is a brief summary of the regulations still in force in the entire Transkei.

CK

J.C.M.
He really came to see
T.K. about it

RR 67/62
*

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3. Any Chief may order any African to move, with his household and property, from one place to another within the chiefs area of jurisdiction (see attached copy).
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COPY.

ORDERS UNDER THE REGULATIONS FOR THE
ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRANSKEIAN TERRITORIES.

TO: ABEL MAVANDLA NTWANA,
Emnxe Location,
Cala, XALANGA DISTRICT.

and

TO: EUGENIA NTWANA,
Emnxe Location,
Cala, XALANGA DISTRICT.

In terms of Regulation 12 (1) (a) of Proclamation No. R.400 of 1960 I have, by virtue of the powers vested in me under the said Proclamation, to order you to remove with the members of your household, livestock and moveable property from Emnxe Location, Xalanga District, to Keilands Location in St. Mark's District and to remain in the last-mentioned location for an unspecified period.

It is ordered that you should report to Chief Zwelibanzi Ndarala of Banzi Location, St. Mark's District, not later than thirty days from the date of service of this order upon you or at your place of ordinary residence.

It is further ordered that you do not visit any other location either in Xalanga or in St. Mark's District and that you report to Chief Zwelibanzi Ndarala weekly.

In terms of Regulation 12 (1) (b) of the said Proclamation, Authority has been granted to the Messenger of this Court, Zilindile Mvuzo, with the assistance of the persons accompanying him to demolish any hut or dwelling owned by and occupied by you, situate in Emnxe Location, and in terms of Regulation 12 (1) (c) to cause the removal by force for yourself together with the members of your household and any of your property or their property, if you should fail to comply with the order issued under Regulation 12 (1) (a).

SIGNED: K. MATANZIMA
REGIONAL CHIEF OF EMIGRANT
TEMBULAND.

DATED at the Great Place at Qamata
this 13th day of January, 1961.

Collection Number: AD1646

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS, Unrests, banishments, removals, 1948-1969

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