

# While U.N. Troops look on, Lumumba is beaten, but Mobutu and Tshombe dare not Put Popular Premier Lumumba on Trial

The imperialists and their stooges are scared to bring Patrice Lumumba, the popularly elected Prime Minister of that country to trial, although they say that his arrest was brought about by acts of "treason"

on his part. The reason is simple—they are scared to allow Lumumba to appear in public. They dare not accuse him, for they know that not only was his arrest a flagrant breach of law, but also that

he will add to his ever growing prestige both inside and outside the Congo by flinging back in the teeth of his accusers their charges against him.

So popular is Lumumba that even the corrupted garrison in Thysville, near Leopoldville, who had been bought over with UN funds to support "strongman" Colonel Mobutu's regime, ended up by freeing Lumumba, and according to unconfirmed reports, replaced him in the camp's lock-up with their officers. Mobutu rushed to the scene, and with promises of more UN money to the troops, managed to rush Lumumba away to the jails of his good friend Moise Tshombe in the Katanga.

The cowardly way in which Lumumba and his colleagues in imprisonment were manhandled by White and African gendarmes at Elizabethville airport, and the courageous manner in which he bore his blows without a whimper, far from reducing his prestige, won great sympathy and respect for him even from many of his enemies.

Meanwhile all that Dag Hammarskjöld has done to stop the dis-

graceful measures which have been taken against the Lumumba Government has been politely to request Mobutu to see that Lumumba's treatment as a prisoner accords with procedures recognised by international law.

Yet when even this feeble effort is ignored, when Lumumba is detained for weeks without charge, when he is continually assaulted by his guards, Dag does nothing and his troops in the Congo stand by and watch.

The growing solidarity between the Afro-Asian bloc and the socialist camp was emphasised in the Security Council recently when a vote was taken on a resolution by the Council's three Afro-Asian members to censure Belgium for aggression against the Congo. While the Soviet Union gave wholehearted support to the resolution, all the other states, following the lead of the United States, France and Britain, were not prepared to condemn Belgium's open interference in the Congo, and accordingly they all abstained from voting. As seven positive votes are needed for the Council to take action, the Council failed to adopt the motion.

## Ghana: Foreign Banks to be "Forced Out"

Mr. K. Amoako-Atta, deputy governor of the Bank of Ghana, suggested in a speech published in Accra recently that all foreign-owned banks and insurance companies operating in Ghana would ultimately be forced out of existence.

After addressing a symposium on socialism at the New Year school of the University College of Ghana, Mr. Amoako-Atta said he was not speaking on behalf of the Government, but as a member of the study group which forms the educational wing of the ruling Convention People's Party.

The Ghana News Agency quoted him as saying that during the period of transition to socialism, starting this year, expatriate commercial banks would continue to exist, but would be faced with no alternative but to contract out step by step.

HAROLD



KATANGA SLAPSTICK

## Belgian Terror Troops Maintain Tshombe, say 2 S. Africans

**IMPERIALIST** stooge Tshombe can no longer rely on the Africans of Katanga to bolster up his crumbling regime, so he is relying on brutal white troops recruited by his Belgian masters into a "foreign legion" armed with equipment supplied by Western countries.

This was revealed to the Johannesburg newspaper, **SUNDAY TIMES**, by two white South African students who served as paratroops in the Congo.

The Sunday Times also confirmed that Tshombe was relying on white troops rather than Congolese because the Africans "have shown such a disconcerting habit of defecting to the other side when faced with Lumumba's soldiers."

### PAID BY BELGIANS

The students who served in this foreign legion during their vacation were paid £148 a month by the Belgians. They said:

Some of the paratroops fought in Indo-China and Korea and must have learned warfare the hard way because they never take chances. Anything that moves they shoot.

We have been fighting with Belgian weapons firing metal bullets made in Britain and riding around in newly-imported trucks from America.

The most vicious weapon is

the Belgian Vigneron—a high-powered Tommy-gun with soft-nosed bullets. A burst from a clip of 24 bullets will cut through a tree-trunk.

We carried United Nations badges and Swedish army shoulder flashes. The idea was to throw away the Belgian badges if we were captured and hope that the United Nations badges would get us out.

The students said that they had been up against Czech automatic weapons and had seen Russian Ilyushin planes.

### RUTHLESSNESS

The para-commandos the students joined have such a reputation for ruthlessness that they have been named "Les Horribles." Every now and then "Les Horribles" charge out in jeeps and shoot up anything they see. Then they blaze their way back into safety.

According to the Sunday Times Tshombe is worse off in Katanga than Kasavubu in the Congo proper.

While Kasavubu has lost about half of the Congo to Prime Minister Lumumba's forces, Tshombe is master of only one third of Katanga.

Less than 200 miles north of Elizabethville is no-man's land. It is estimated that the territory contains half a million Baluba tribesmen at war with Tshombe because they say his election to President was rigged by the Belgians.

## AFRICA

### As Kenya Elections Start

# DEMAND SPREADS FOR KENYATTA'S RELEASE

AS the elections for the African-majority legislature in Kenya enter their first stages, the demand for the release of Jomo Kenyatta, recognised by all Kenya Africans as their leader, is being stepped up.

A delegation of prominent Africans from Kenya, led by James Gichuru, President

of the Kenya African National Union, recently went to London to press the British Colonial Office to secure Kenyatta's release.

The Secretary of KANU, Tom Mboya, recently secured a promise from Indian Prime Minister Nehru that the subject of Kenyatta's release would be raised at the forth-

coming Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference in London in March.

Although the KANU delegation in London was cold-shouldered by Colonial Secretary Macleod, who told them to speak to the Governor of Kenya, their visit helped to publicise the plight of Kenyatta who is still being kept in banishment although his 7-year imprisonment for managing the Mau Mau (which charge he has consistently denied) has long expired.

Kenyatta was leader of the 150,000-strong Kenya African Union, spearhead of the liberation struggle at the time of the declaration of emergency in Kenya in 1952.

### INDIAN SUPPORT

Mboya's reception in India was far more cordial. Addressing the annual conference of the Indian Congress Party early this month he said that his people were looking forward to the elections which would mark the beginning of African rule, but added:

"We still have some wounds from the eight-year emergency. We still have behind locked doors our beloved leader, Jomo Kenyatta . . . It is my appeal to you and your Prime Minister to join with us in our efforts to secure his release."

Mboya also appealed to the people of India for active association with Africa's continuing struggle to free itself from colonial rule and white domination.

With regard to immigrant communities in Kenya, Mboya stated that there was no hatred in African hearts towards them, "although we have suffered at the hands of some of them . . . We will give them the same privileges, the same opportunities as we will give to our own citizens."

The only condition was that they should "adopt Africa as their home and become African."



"THERE'S A RUMOUR HE'S GOING TO RETIRE AND TAKE UP POLITICS."

# SASA Meeting Calls on You to BOYCOTT ALL COLOUR BAR SPORTS

**JOHANNESBURG.**  
A RESOLUTION that "all true sportsmen, White and Black, be asked to withhold support from any sporting event conducted on racially exclusive lines and that a

## White Goalie Plays For African Team, so SPECIAL BRANCH TURNS OUT TO WATCH

IN the early months of 1958 Mr. H. P. Madibane, president of the Johannesburg Bantu Football Association, said in his address to the annual general meeting that the Association's executive had decided to affiliate to the White Football Association of Southern Africa.

One of the advantages that would accrue from such an association would be the availability of White coaches for African clubs, he said.

Three weeks ago one of the oldest clubs in Johannesburg, the African Morning Stars, who were founded in 1927, tried to put the president's suggestion into practice.

They had a 24-year-old former Italian miner as a goalie in a friendly match. They played him again in a friendly the following Sunday. Both matches were played at the Western Township Grounds, Johannesburg.

The White man, Joseph Biasi, is in fact coach to the African Morning Stars. In his native Italy he had played top class soccer. It is his aim to show the Africans what he learned in Europe.

To give practical lessons to the African Morning Stars goalie he went between the sticks himself. After all it was a friendly.

### GREAT GAME

In the first game he gave a great display of 'keeping that thrilled the spectators, although his side lost. The Morning Stars goalie was always on hand to get practical lessons.

The following Sunday the Morning Stars played a friendly with the Hungry Lions. Biasi was right there between the sticks again. Also on the scene were two flying squad cars as well as several members of the Special Branch.

Members of the Morning Stars went up to the police to ask whether Biasi could play. They said that they had no objection.

But a few days later the secretary of the Johannesburg Bantu Football Association, Mr. Willie Baqwa, received a letter from the deputy manager of Non-European Affairs of the Johannesburg City Council asking him to explain why a European was playing for a team that was under the jurisdiction of the Johannesburg Bantu Football Association.

In an interview Mr. Baqwa said that as far as his Association was concerned, they had no jurisdiction over clubs during the "closed" season. These matches were merely friendlies where clubs tried to effect new combinations.

campaign in support of this principle be launched on a target date set by SASA in consultation with the non-racial sporting bodies," was passed at the biennial general meeting of the South African Sports Association held in Johannesburg recently.

The meeting decided that SASA should renew its call on all sporting bodies to drop all forms of racial discrimination in sport and join SASA in the fight for international recognition for all South African sportsmen.

### OLYMPICS

The affiliates of the International Olympics Committee are to be asked to table the following resolution on behalf of SASA at the Congress of the International Olympic Committee in Athens next year:

"That the International Olympic Committee demand from the S.A. Olympic and Commonwealth Games Association an undertaking that it will immediately ensure that all its constituent bodies will offer membership to all South Africans on a basis of equality and that if this undertaking is not given, the IOC expel the S.A. Olympic and Commonwealth Games Association and offer membership to a non-racial S.A. Olympic Association in conformity with the Olympic Charter."

The task of setting up a non-racial Olympic Association has been entrusted to the SASA executive.

Mr. Reg. Honey Q.C., the South African member of the International Olympic Committee, addressed the meeting on the colour bar in South African sport and suggested that SASA accept a compromise on the issue of racial discrimination.

In the discussions that followed the idea of compromise was unanimously rejected and the meeting decided to press ahead with the campaign for the complete elimination of racialism from sport.

### CRICKET

The meeting approved the draft of a letter to the International Cricket Conference and its affiliates asking them to consider the follow-



ing resolution at their next meeting: "That the S.A. Cricket Association be asked to admit all South African cricketers as equal members without racial discrimination. Failing this, that the SACA be deprived of national standing and matches of test status until the South African teams are truly representative."

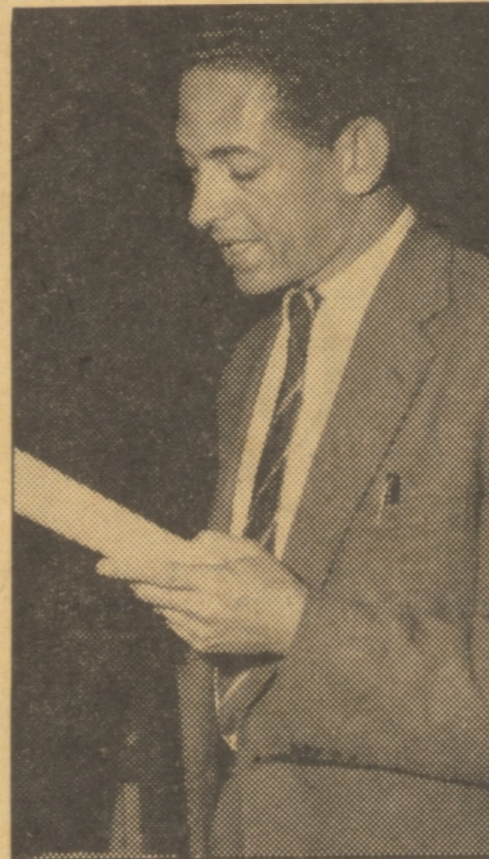
The following officials were elected: President, Mr. G. K. Rangasamy; Secretary, Mr. D. A. Brutus; Assistant Secretary, Mr. A. E. Lutchman; Treasurer, Mr. Mala Moodaley.



Mr. G. K. Rangasamy, re-elected SASA President.



Three sports administrators, Mr. A. J. Albertyn, the Rev. B. L. E. Sigamoney and Mr. M. N. Pather, photographed at the Sportsmen's Dinner held over the week-end of the SASA conference in Johannesburg recently.



Mr. D. A. Brutus, re-elected SASA Secretary.

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## CRICKET COMMENTARY

★ The Cricket Board of Control was due to hold a vital meeting in January on the future organisation of cricket. But they ducked it. Now there is talk of a meeting in February. Are they playing for time? Perhaps the provincial federations should take charge of the game?

★ The S.A. Indian Cricket Union is determined to have a racial cricket tourney in Maritzburg in June. But so far only Transvaal, Natal and Griquas support it. This event must be stopped. Racial cricket must not be kept alive.

★ Basil D'Oliviera, speaking at P.M.B. and P.E., condemned this tourney for Indians only. This is bold talk, on which he must be congratulated.

★ It is a pity that Basil was nervous in Durban about sending greetings to the SASA conference. His fear? Passport trouble!

★ The Walker-D'Oliviera match in Jhb has caused considerable argument. Some awkward questions are being asked.

★ Following the tour of the Barlings the E.P. Cricket Federation have agreed to send a team to the W.P. for matches on the 4th and 5th of February.

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## People Angered by Shack Demolitions

# LOCATION SUPER CHASED AWAY

### PORT ELIZABETH.

LAST week about 500 women and men chased away the Superintendent at the Red Location at New Brighton. The Superintendent had come to hold a meeting of the residents of this portion of the township at the T. C. White Hall.

As he stepped out of his car to walk into the hall the angry demonstrators barred his way, and told him to go back. He quickly ran back to his car and as he drove away through the crowd there were shouts of: "We don't want you."

### FEELINGS RISE

For some time the feelings of the residents have been rising over the demolition of the "kitchen" shacks in the backyards of the oldest part of the township. Owing to the inadequacy of accommodation residents have in the course of years erected these shacks in order to provide additional accommodation for the increased families.

Without providing any new accommodation the authorities set about demolishing the shacks. A

women's deputation went to see the Mayor after it had taken up the issue with the location manager.

The dissatisfaction over the issue increased to such an extent that the Mayor and members of the City Council came to inspect the area personally before they met the women. Afterwards they promised the women the matter would be looked into. Since then the demolition squad has discontinued its work.

### DEPUTATION

In between the demonstrations at the bus depot, a joint deputation of the New Brighton and Zakele women went to the Zakele Location Superintendent. The deputation lodged complaints against the manner in which tenants at the Site and Service lost money even though they had originally been assured that these houses would be theirs in the long run.

One woman told the Superintendent that the Site and Service scheme was merely a way of taking the people's money by false pretence. She referred to the scheme as, "This Back Door Scheme."

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