ALL POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

MAYEUYE NO.1 1984 YEAR OF THE WOMEN

Journal of the Afrean National Congress

arch forward

EXTRACTS FROM THE STATEMENT OF THE NEC OF THE ANC ON JAN 8, DELIVERED BY THE PRESIDENT, O.R. TAMBO.

IN THE name of the National Executive Committee of the African National Congress I declare 1984 THE YEAR OF THE WOMEN, and charge the entire democratic and patriotic forces of our country with the task of joining in the effort to mobilise our women to unite in struggle for people's power! .

MOBILISE AND MARCH FORWARD FOR

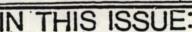
PEOPLE'S POWER!!!

ORGANISE OUR WOMENFOLK

IT WILL be our special task this year to organise and mobilise our womenfolk into a powerful, united and active force for revolutionary change. be complete if we con-This task falls on men tinue to treat the women and women alike - all of us together as comrades dent minors and objects in struggle. We wish to stress the need, at the present hour, for the Certainly, no longer emergence on the political should it be that a present hour, for the scene of a women's movement that is politically and organisationally united. Our struggle needs demands and .

pontentially mighty force. Our struggle will be

less than powerful and . national social and emancipation can never of our country as depenof one form of exploitation . or another. woman's place is in the kitchen. In our beleaguered country, the woman's place is in the battlefront of struggle.



EDITORIAL PAGE 2 NOW IS THE TIME TO CHOOSE SACTU ON TRADE UNIONS PAGES-4 & 5 UMKHONTO WE SIZWE. PAGE 7



In March; 1984, DOROTHY NYEMBE who has served 15 years in fascist dungeons will be released from Kroonstad prison. She is the symbol of the courage and resilience of our women. We say, WELCOME HOME!

EVERYWHERE IN the country, our people and youth have courageously confronted the regime in numerous encounters, whether against rent increases, forced removals or in military actions, among them the attack on the Air Force Headquarters at Pretoria by Umkhonto We Sizwe.

This is the spirit that must guide and inspire the leaders, organisers and activists of our democratic movement. We are speaking of a spirit of rebellion and a frame of mind which puts to the fore the politics of revolutionary change.

' A special responsibility rests on the shoulders of the ANC and the most advanced members of our broad democratic movement to act as revolutionaries - as such, to wage a revolutionary struggle; to build a strong and disciplined revolutionary movement.

EDITORIA

THE ORDER OF THE

THIS ISSUE of Mayibuye carries one principal message. As put by Comrade President Oliver Tambo, the message to the struggling people of our country, is: mobilise and merch Forward to People's Power!

To merch forward means we have to attack. It is in the attack that we will sweep gway the satanic cabal which struts our land, and our region, with deceitful words on its tongue, blazing guns in its hands and hobnailed oots on its feet. We shall enjoy the fruits of people's power because we shall have dared to rise up against these, tyrants, whatever the cost to ourselves.

That transfer of power is long overdue. We have it within our capability to achieve this result. This requires, says President Tambo, that re continue to shift our posture from the defensive to the offensive. We must put to the fore the politics of revolutionary change.

We should, in our millions, engage in struggle to achieve the kind of change spelt out in the Freedom Charter. Therefore we have to be organised, active throughout . our ranks, united and, in unity, launch a conscious, determined and purposeful all-round asseult on the enemy's forward posts.

into believing that he can stop the struggle against

oppression in our country, by exporting the irreconcilable conflict between his regime and the people of South Africa into the neighbouring countries. For our part, we must prove him to be grossly mistaken by demostrating in the attack that we are our own liberators.

The blows we will continue to deliver must carry such force that they compel the maraudets pirates and shether dressed in military uniforms or diplomatic garb, to scurry back to our country to deal with the conflagration whose fiames are already beginning to dings Botha's whiskers.

It is in recognition of the vital importance of the womenfolk of our country in achieving that forward merch that 1984 has been declared the Year of the Women. Nothing and nobody should stand in the way of the mobilisation of the 15 million women of ourcountry their activisation into united struggle for people's power.

As President Tambo said: "In our beleagured country, the woman's place is in the battlefront of struggle." We should all of us, men and women alike, respond to this demand of the revolution by moving into the forward trenches in our combined political and military onslaught on the usurpers of power in our country.

The Order of the Day is: Boths has deluded himself , Mobilise and March Forward to the People's Power.

Four Pillars Our

the all round vanguard activity of the underground structures of the win worldwide moral ANC; second, the united mass action of the peoples; third, our armed

OUR REVOLUTIONARY offensive spearheaded by struggle rests on four Umkhonto We Sizwe; pillars. These are, first, and fourth, the international drive to isolate the apartheid regime and political and material support for the struggle.

Strengthen the ANC

THE BOTHA regime is frantic about the emergence of the ANC as the alternative power in the South African political scene. The regime is, therefore black-mailing African States into an alliance aimed at the destruction of the ANC.

But the ANC has grown among the people of Southern Africa in the past 70 years. It has always embraced and will always embrace them as allies and comrades-in-arms. It is a child of Africa's determination to achieve and enjoy human dignity, freedom and national independence; it will never betray that parentage; It is an integral part of the world revolutionary process. It will stay in the revolution until final victory. The ANC is, at once the life, the national awareness and the political experience of the popular masses of South Africa. As the people cannot be liquidated, neither can the ANC.

The indestructibility of the ANC should, however, not induce complacency on our part. In order for the ANC topursue and accomplish its historic mission effectively we must be unceasing in our efforts to strengthen and expand its underground structures, ensuring its active presence everywhere in our country.

One estiny

Through a policy of military terror and economic strangulation. the racist seek to compel the independent states of our region to surrender their independence and, as an important part of this surrender, to help evict the ANC from the whole of Southern Africa.

The peoples of our region share one common destiny. Certainly, that can never be a destiny of subservience to the criminal regime of Pretoria. The only way forward for the peoples of the region is to support the ANC and SWAPO in our common struggle against the Pretoria regime and to repulse the offensive of this regime against independent Africa.

For some time now, especially since the Maseru massacre. spokesmen of the South African regime have repeatedly boasted of the intimate nature of their collaboration and the happy relations they have with the Government of the Kingdom of Swaziland. The people of Swaziland, like most in the rest of Africa, will have resented that claim, especially if, as we suspect, Pretoria has in mind collaboration in the fruitlesss attempt to liquidate the ANC by assassinating and harassing its members and supporters in Swaziland.

The trouble about any alliance with apartheid is that the liberation struggle is growing and is destined to grow and advance, no matter which or how members and leaders of the liberation movement are mudered or arrested in the doubtful interests of either white minority domination or good neighbourliness.

WE ARE OUR OWN LIBERATORS

AT THIS juncture allow me to single out the creation of the UDF as a historic achievement in our people's efforts to units in the broadest possible front for the struggle against the inhuman apartheid system. The formation of the United Democratic Front was a product of our people's determination to be their own liberators.

We have built an organised mass democratic movement sufficiently strong to give us the possibility to tackle other

uncompleted organisational tasks.

We refer here in perticular to the organisation of the working class into a revolutionary trade union movement; the organisation of the rural masses, inside and outside the Bantustans; the organisation of the womenfolk of our country and the religious community into struggle.



WRATH OF THE

OUR DEMOCRATIC movement must mobilise to ensure that the so-called Coloureds and Indian sections of the black population refuse to be recruited to play the role of partners in apartheid tyranny. Those who elect to serve in the apartheid institutions must expect to face the wrath of the people.

NOW IS THE TIME

WE MUST go further to say that our white compatriots, with even a modicum of anti-apartheid feeling, have to abondon the delusion that they can use Botha's constitutional institutions to bring about any change. The forces struggling for

THE ORDER OF THE DAY

THE ONLY QUESTION THAT CONFRONTS US ALL SINGLY OR COLL-ECTIVELY, IS HOW WE SHOULD RESPOND TO—THE ORDER OF THE DAY—MOBILISE AND MARCH FORWARD TO PEOPLE'S POWER!!!

a new order in our country are outside these structures. It is within the ranks of these extraparliamentary forces that the anti-apartheid whites can make a significant contribution to democratic change in our country. Now is the time to choose.

FOR US, the future is brightening daily whilst for the Pretoria racist clique, the future is getting darker each passing day.

The guardians of reaction in our country have devised a programme of action centred on the twin notions of so-called national security and total strategy. This programme is based on the recognition that the apartheid system is immersed in a deep and permanent general crisis. The ruling clique in Pretoria has therefore been addressing itself to the question of how to manage this crisis to ensure that it does not get out of hand.

The fascists recognise that they can no longer rule in the old way.

It is an imperative

Apartheid system in crisis

task of the revolutionary and democratic forces of our country to compound and further deepen this crisis by ever intensifying the struggle for national and social emancipation.

WE MUST SEIZE POWER

Apartheid cannot be reformed. The only real solution lies in the victory of the revolutionary forces, the dismantling of the apartheid machinery and the transfer of political and economic power to the democratic majority.

COUNTRYSIDE LAGS BEHIND



Female farm workers such as these, are the most exploited

THE ORGANISATION and mobilisation of the rural population is clearly lagging behind those of our people in the towns and cities. And yet it is in these rural areas that the apartheid system has its most disastrous impact on our people. We have the organisational capacity to begin to tackle the rural areas seriously and continously.

One of the fundamental elements of the solution of the problems facing our people in the countryside is the resolution of the land question in favour of the tillers. Our immediate task therefore, is to mobilise the rural masses around the question of land. It is only when the countryside is organised that the rural masses will be able to respond resolutely to the call: "Seize the land!"

A CLARION CALL TO WORKERS:

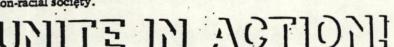
IN THE constitution of SACTU, we put the following clarion call: "The future of the people of South Africa lies in the hands of its workers. Only the working class in alliance with other progressive minded sections of the community can build a happy life for all South Africans, a life free from unemployment, insecurity and poverty, free from racial hatred and oppression, a life of vast opportunities for all our people. But the working class can only succeed in this great and noble endeavour if it is itself united and strong, if it is conscious of its inspiring reponsibility."

A happy life for all South Africans, a life free from unemployment, insecurity and poverty, free from racial hatred and oppression, a life of vast opportunities for all people means a life as visualised in the Freedom Charter, a document which workers helped to formulate and which we, like other patriotic forces, adopted.

The working class must be involved as a conscious force in all the struggles that the people have to wage and are waging in order to free themselves from the oppressive apartheid system. Naturally, we must be and are involved in the economic struggle. Yet, however militant, persitent and widespread the struggle is, it alone cannot secure for us the kind of South Africa we want. We must, therefore, combine it with the equally important political, ideological and military struggles which, together with the economic, will unseat the criminal racist regime and restore power to our hands and those of our people as a whole.

And yet, fellow workers, there are those, who like you and I, belong to the democratic trade union movement, but argue and preach against the involvement of our trade unions in all our struggles to free ourselves, to free our children and our people.

We must state the matter clearly that in South Africa, no trade union movement can be described as democratic and non-racial unless it fights for a democratic and non-racial society.



WE HAVE to make determined efforts to reach unorganised workers, bearing in mind that it is the historic responsibility of the working class to take the lead in our struggle for people's power.

The task of forming one federation to unite the democratic trade union movement has not yet been accomplished. We should pursue this goal with even more determination and speed because, apart from anything else, a united democratic workers movement would give us greater than the product of the second of the s

possibilities to advance our struggle.

We do not agree with the school of thought which creates artificial barriers between the fight for trade union rights and the national liberation struggle under the racist conditions obtaining in South Africa. In our situation, the victory of the trade union struggle is unattainable except as an integral part of the victory of the political, ideological and military struggle. The struggle of the working class is, therefore, and must be, an integral part of the national liberation struggle.

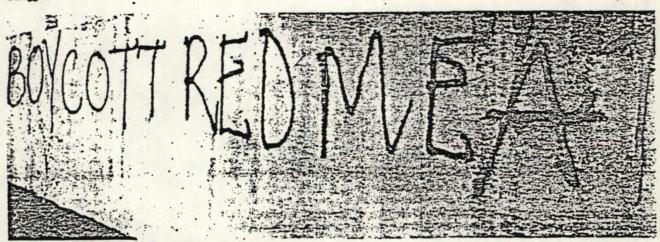


WORKERS AT A TRADE UN

UNITY IS

DEMAND :-

- The right to organise and the abolition of the liaison committee system
- An end to the tribal segregation of workers and the compound and migrant labour systems
- Increased wages, improvements in working conditions and the establishment of health and safety standards to protect workers.



Boycotts are becoming an increasingly effective union weapon.

METING: The backbone of our

UNITE IN ONE FEDERATION!

FOR US to be able to carry out our historic mission, we must be united. Unity in Action should be our permanent slogan. The famous motto of our trade union movement — An Injury to One is an Injury to All — itself points us towards the fundamental need to be united

For these reasons, we welcome and salute the great strides that have been taken towards the unity of the democratic trade union movement of our country. We are at one with other trade unionists that we need one federation. In this context, we have already publicly welcomed the establishement of the Feasibility Committee at our meeting in Cape Town in April, 1983.

We have already agreed, correctly, that the questions of registration and participation in industrial councils should not constitute obstacles in our path towards the formation of one federation.

We are also of the considered view that the question of international affiliation of some of our unions and the assistance from the international trade union movement which some unions receive, should also not constitute barriers to the formation of our democratic federation.

At the Langa Conference of August 1981, our representatives took an important and correct decision to establish regional solidarity action committees to ensure that in each region workers could act together on matters of common concern, regardless of trade union affiliation. That decision was important not only for the sake of regional action, but also with respect to building up the right climate for the formation of the federation.

We are firm in our view that we should not throw away the advantages that accrue from this initiative by looking only to the feasibility committee to bring about the unity we so urgently need. Furthermore, we are convinced that it is wrong to present ourselves with the false choice either the feasibility committee or the regional solidarity action committees. We should be saying that we want the feasibility committee and the solidarity action committees. The process of forming the federation should be tackled both from below and above. If we achieve this combination, as we must, then we can truly say that we are walking on two legs.

OUR CRY

AN INJURY TO ONE IS

One industry, One union

FOR MORE than two years we have taked and worked to form one federation. This is because we have thought, correctly, that proliferation of trade union centres does not serve the interests of the working class and the trade union movement. SACTUfully endorses this position.

The affiliates of the new federation should be individual unions. Logically, this means to create a federation of industrial unions and not a mixed federation of the existing trade union centres, general workers unions and industrial unions.

Each affiliated union should be allocated a number of delegates to the national conference or congress, depending on its strength in terms of membership.

In the interests of the working class movement and exactly because we need this unity in order to liberate the working class and the

people of our country, we are convinced that the affiliated unions of the existing federation will be more than ready to play their role in a larger and, therefore, stronger federation.

Similarly, we are convinced that there is no trade unionist in our country today who is not interested in the transformation of the existing general workers unions into national industrial ones. Of course, nobody, least of all ourselves, can pretend that the process can and will be easy. Despite all problems, our united call should be: ONE INDUSTRY, ONE UNION!!!

The general workers unions have played and continue to play their historic role in organising the unorganised. But they cannot be an end in themselves. Sooner or later, out of the general unions must emerge industrial unions.

ORGANISE THE UNORGANISED

THERE ARE other immediate had in we were, in practice, a united would be reached so much sooner if we were, in practice, a united democratic and non-racial trade union movement. We refer here specifically first to the issue of the millions of unorganised workers, second to the question of the 3 million unemployed in our country and thirdly, to the shameful reality that the membership of the bosses' representatives in the trade union movement, TUCSA, is three-quartern black.

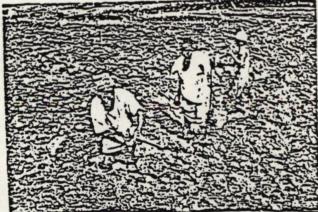
We have made great strides in the last ten years in building our trade union movement. Yet the overwhelming majority of the workers remain unorganised. We cannot be satisfied with this situation, for each unorganised worker not only means another defenceless worker, it also means that the working class is that much weaker.

In our country the problem of unemployment has become colossis. The situation of over 3 million unemployed constitutes a national disaster which calls for emergency action by all anti-racist sections of the South African society. The organised trade union movement should place the question of unemployment on its agenda.

We should also work to establish an organisation of the unemployed

We should also work to establish an organisation of the unemployed so that they themselves struggle for their legitimate right to work, As the entire democratic movement of South African worken, we must launch a determined offensive to wrest the workers away from the anti-working class TUCSA and its sister in treachery, SACLA.

We have no choice but to attack, no choice but to unite, to be strong and to so on the offensive for the defeat of the capitalist class in our country and for the victory of the national democratic revolution.



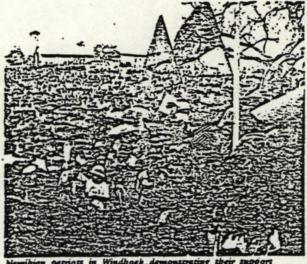
FARM WORKERS: It is the duty of all patriots to organise them.

HODE OF THE SHE-CONTINENT

especially, have for years now known no peace because of Pretoria's brutal colonisation and occupation of their countries.

This war of aggression is being conducted by a regime frem our own country. We have the responsibility to ourselves and the children and people of Namibia and Angola, to raise our voices in condemnation of the aggression. We urge upon all

THE FRATERNAL peoples the people of South Africa of Namibia and Angola, to demand and fight for the immediate withdrawal of all South African troops, mercenaries, Pretoria-backed bandits and special assassination groups from Angola, Namibia and other affected countries of Southern Africa. In this context, let the oppressed and democrats of our country assume their historic responsibility recognising that the struggle in South Africa is the hope of the sub-continent,



TOO MUST SPEAK OUT, AND HAVE SPOKEN OUT!



THE FUTURE BELONGS TO THE MAJORITY!!

WE ADDRESS . special message to the white youth. Your future is in issue.

The future belongs to the majority of the people of South Africa, black and white, who, in struggle, are today laying the foundations of a united, non-racial democratic South Africa.

Your proper place is among these builders of a new order in our country. Join them. Refuse to join an army whose sole function is to murder, murder, murder African people everywhere.

Black youth. - African, Indian and so-called Coloureds must under no circumstances serve in Pretoria's army of violent repression and criminal aggression. The democratic movement should immediately take up this issue with our youth throughout the country.

ment, our movement for national liberation, is part of a multi-million strong world alliance of forces which fight for national independence, democracy, social progress and peace.

We therefore have an international obligation to be active in the struggle to defeat the counter-offensive that the imperialists, led by the Reagan

OUR DEMOCRATIC move- Administration of the United States, have launched. We too must raise our voice against the war-mongers within NATO who have brought humanity closer to a nuclear holocaust by sabotaging all efforts of achieving nuclear disarmament and who have, instead, unleashed a new arms race and heightened international tension and insecurity. We too must struggle together

with the world peace forces. especially because the Pretoria regime itself possesses nuclear weapons and maintains secret military relations with the most belligerent circles on the world scene.

We too must speak out, and have spoken out, against the attempts of the United States to impose its will on the peoples of the world.

PEOPLE OF DIFFERENT FAITHS MUST ACT NOW



WHEN PEACE is broken or threatened by injustice, the Christian has responibility to work for peace, to work for righteousness, by striving to rectify what is unrighteous, uniust."

While the evil and unjust. apartheid system exists in jour country, we cannot have peace, nor can the people of Southern Africa.

We are entitled to expect that people of all faiths in our country including the Christians, the Jew, the Hindu and the Moslem, will in fact act and act now, in defence of justice, peace and life; against a system that is totally evil and inhuman.

THE CHALLENGE confronting Umkhonto We Sizwe in the face of current developments in Southern Africa has never been greater, Therefore, in commending its units and commanders on the sustained

roots and grow inextricably among the popular masses: among us - the workers, the pessents, the . youth, the women: we, the unemployed, the landless, the homeless and the starving millions.



There can be but The battle lines have been drawn up. and the one result: victory over the fascist oppressors establishment of a democratic state in South Africa. Towards this victory we will fight to the hitter end."

offensive of the past year, we charge them, and call upon our people to carry the struggle to new heights, and sue for victory tomorrow rather than the day after tomorrow.

To this end, Umkhonto We Sizwe must deepen its

Umkhonto We Sizwe must grow in size, in the spread and quality of its operations and in the weight of every blow delivered. The armed struggle must grow. We shall achieve victory through a combination of mass political action and organised revolutionary violence.

WE SHOULD ALL SPEAK: WITH ONE VOICE IN DECLARING THAT THE PRESENT REGIME, LIKE LALL THERS BEFORE IT, HAS NO LEGITIMATE AUTHOR-TY TO RULE OUR COUNTRY

We must begin to use our accumulated strength to organs of destroy the governments of the apartheid regime. We have to undermine and weaken its control over us. We should direct our collective might to rendering

the enemy's instruments of authority unworkable. To march forward must mean that we advance against the regime's organs of state power, creating conditions in which the country becomes increasingly ungovernable.

We must select for attack those parts of the enemy

adminstrative system which we have the power to destroy as a result of our united and determined offensive. We must hit the enemy where it is weakest.

Having rejected the community councils by boycotting the elections, we should not allow them to be imposed on us. We do not want them. We must ensure that they cease to exist.

In the conflict of will between ourselves and the murderous Sebe administration, our will must prevail. And it will, if we transform what began in Mdatsane as resistance to bus-fare increases into a nation wide offensive against the Pretoria regime's Bantustan system, We should all speak with one voice in declaring that the present regime, like all others before it, has no legitimate authority to rule our country.

The slogan, "Power to the People," means one thing only. It means we seek to destroy the power of apartheid tyranny and replace it with popular power - with a. government whose authority derives from the will of all our people, both black and white.

ACT NOW!!!

Stop the racist murder of Comrade:



TO THE OFFENSIVE!

continue to shift our to its plans and tactics. posture from the defensive to the offensive. It is to

IT IS essential that we initiative and then react

Our historic duty is it, with pursue in the attack that we relentless determination shall find victory. Nor and persistence, whatever should we wait for the the enemy does or omits

PASS MAYIBUYE ON:

TOROP IT IN A MEARBY POSTBOX OR YARD

STICK IT ONTO A PUBLIC WALL OF BUS

*DISCUSS THE ISSUES RAISED WITH THE PEOPLE YOU MEET AND YOUR FRIENDS.

BE CAREFULIII

A LESSON OF GUERILLA

"If there is one lesson that the history of guerrilla struggle has taught, it is that the material strength and resources of the memy is by no means a decisive factor ... Given its popular charac ter and given a population which increasingly sides with and shields the guerilla whilst at the same time opposing and exposing the enemy, the survival and growth of People's Army is assured by the enemy to take the to do.
skillfull exercise of tactics Surprise, minimum mobility and tactical retreat should HELP SPREAD THE MESSAGE OF THE ANCImake it difficult for the enemy to bring into play its superior fire-power in any decisive battles. No individual battle is fought in

circumstances favourable to the enemy. Superior forces can thus be harrassed weakened and in the end destroyed"

Strategy and Tactics for People's

GREETINGS TO OUR FIGHTING PEOPLE

ON THIS historic 72nd Anniversary of the ANC, we pay undying tribute to the many patriots who have fallen in action since January 8 last year. Among these we remember, with great affection, especially, Comrades Dora Tamana, Yusuf Mota Dadoo, Rev. James Calata — great Staiwarts whose contribution to our movement shall be remembered by all future generations. We dip our revolutionary banner in tribute to the heroic combatants of Umkhonto We Sixwe, including comrades Jerry Mosololi, Simon Mogoerane and Thabo Motaung. We pay homage to martyrs of our people like Saul Mkhize and Msizi Dube — all of whom were murdered in cold blood by the Pretoria regime. We saiute all our leaders and activists incarcerated in Pretoria's dungeons and greet all those who are banned and banished.

We have just brought to its close a year we observed as one of United Action. During this year we built up the unity of our democratic forces as never before. We must defend and consolidate these gains. We must build on them as we move to the next stage of our struggle.

The workers and peasants; women, youth and students—all of us black and white— must continue to engage in an ever broader and united assault on the racist regime and its policies. We must apply ourselves with more vigour in our efforts to organise the unorganised, to consolidate, defend and expand existing people's organisations and engage the racist enemy in action on all fronts.



Comrade President O R Tambo: "Those who elect to serve in the apartheid institutions must expect to face the wrath of the people."

We Salute Our Friends and Supporters

WE HEREBY extend our unequivocal support to the independent states of Southern Africa, including Seychelles, in the common struggle to defeat the aggressive policies of the Botha regime.

We are greatly inspired by people of Angola to expel the occupying South African forces from their country and to wipe out the puppet UNITA bandits.

We salute the international Cuban forces which have contributed so decisively to frustrate the schemes of the Pretoria regime and its ally, the Reagan Administration.

We extend our greetings to our comrades of SWAPO, the People's Liberation Army of Namibia and the Namibian people as a whole and pledge to fight side by side with them until our cotinent is rid of all vestiges of colonial and white minority domination.

As we enter this New Year
- we hail the firm and positive
role played by the frontline

countries and the forward countries of Lesotho, despite Pretoria's destabilisation efforts and naked aggression against them. The dream of the total liberation of Africa is in sight.

We salute the resilience of the OAU in the face of concerted imperialist manoeuvres.

The Socialist countries remain a solid pillar of support to our national liberation struggle.

In the past year we have succeeded in widening and deepening our support in the western countries.

Our efforts to win international support have been significantly sustained by a wide spectrum of anti-apartheid solidarity and mass organisation in almost all western countries as well as the countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America. With respect to the the latter continent, the bestowal of the Simon Bolivar International Award to OUT people's hero, Nelson

Mandela, served the great purpose of laying a firm foundation for the future development of our relations with the peoples of Panama, Venezuela, Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador and other South and Central American countries.

We pay tribute to the progressive forces in the USA. On them rests the heavy responsibility to defeat the Reagan Administration's racist "constructive engagement" policy with Pretoria, and to curb and confine the aggressive character of American imperialism.

We salute the heroic struggle of the Palestinian people fighting for their their birthright under the tried and tested leadership of the PLO ICE OF THE AFRICAN

VOICE OF THE AFRICAN NATIONAL CONGRESS, AND UMKHONTO WE SIZWE, THE PEOPLE'S ARMY.

RADIO TANZANIA
External Service, Dar es Salaam
15435 KHz, 19mb shortwave,
9680 KHz, 31mb shortwave
Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays
at 8.15pm (5A time)
Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays
at 6.15am (5A time)
MADAGASCAR

5135 KHz, 49mb shortwave, and 5010 KHz shortwave, 7.30-9.30pm daily

ETHIOPIA 9545 KHz, 31mb shortwave; 9.30—10.00pm daily

LUSAKA
9580 KHz, 31mb shortwave,
Monday—Friday 7.15—8pm,
Wednesday 10.00—10.30pm,
Friday 9.30—10.00pm,
Saturday & Sunday 7—8pm,
Sundays 8—8.30am, 19mb
17895mbKHz
LUANDA
40 and 30mb, shortwave; 27.6
mb on meduim wave 7.30pm
(5A time)

Collection Number: AK2117

DELMAS TREASON TRIAL 1985 - 1989

PUBLISHER:

Publisher:-Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand Location:-Johannesburg ©2012

LEGAL NOTICES:

Copyright Notice: All materials on the Historical Papers website are protected by South African copyright law and may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, displayed, or otherwise published in any format, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Disclaimer and Terms of Use: Provided that you maintain all copyright and other notices contained therein, you may download material (one machine readable copy and one print copy per page) for your personal and/or educational non-commercial use only.

People using these records relating to the archives of Historical Papers, The Library, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, are reminded that such records sometimes contain material which is uncorroborated, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. While these digital records are true facsimiles of the collection records and the information contained herein is obtained from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand has not independently verified their content. Consequently, the University is not responsible for any errors or omissions and excludes any and all liability for any errors in or omissions from the information on the website or any related information on third party websites accessible from this website.

This document is part of a private collection deposited with Historical Papers at The University of the Witwatersrand.