

DECLARATION OF PEACE

World Pacifist Conference, Tokyo, Japan, April 21, 1954

THE WORLD PACIFIST CONFERENCE in Japan, concerned with the problems of peace, is deeply conscious of the untold physical and spiritual suffering caused by war. The Conference is convinced that only the people's refusal to participate in war for any purpose whatsoever will save the nations. The Conference therefore appeals:

To the peoples of the world, through organizations of youth, women and labour, and through all religions, to demand with one voice that war be abolished:

To the peoples of the world to move their governments to resort exclusively to peaceful solutions for all international and other disputes:

To all governments, acting through United Nations or other channels,

- a) to take effective steps to eradicate the political, economic and social causes of tensions and conflict between nations, and in their place to bring about world-wide co-operation; and
- b) to abolish the manufacture and use of atomic weapons as a first step to total disarmament.

Finally, the WORLD PACIFIST CONFERENCE urges the people of the world to become conscious of their power to reject war and total annihilation and to affirm their right to life and peace, and to this end urges all pacifists the world over to organize non-violent resistance to war.

HIROSHIMA DECLARATION

AGAINST ATOMIC WEAPONS

World Pacifist Conference, April 18, 1954

WHEREAS, the evil effects of the first atom bomb dropped on Hiroshima still persist even after nine years, and continue to cause incurable diseases and death, thereby threatening man with total annihilation unless he exercises discretion in the handling of nuclear energy; and

WHEREAS, at the present moment, research in atomic energy is being conducted along lines that forebode the ultimate destruction of mankind, as has been so clearly demonstrated by the recent atomic explosion experiments which have seriously imperilled innocent lives, and shown that man must choose between total extinction and unprecedented prosperity through the use of atomic energy; and

WHEREAS, the World Pacifist Conference Meeting in Hiroshima is concerned with the establishment of permanent peace;

BE IT RESOLVED THEREFORE:

- 1. THAT any and all use of atomic weapons, even for the purpose of retaliation, shall be absolutely prohibited, and all atomic weapons now in existence shall be effectively destroyed;
- 2. THAT manufacture of atomic weapons and experiments with them, and any other attempts at utilizing nuclear energy for military purposes shall be permanently banned;
- 3. THAT atomic energy resources shall be placed under strict international control so as to make them available for peaceful uses only, for which purpose all information relating to the manufacture of atomic energy shall be made accessible to all countries;
- 4. THAT the crime committed by using the atom bomb shall never be allowed to be repeated, and that as a token of this solemn determination, the City of Hiroshima shall henceforth be known as the City of Peace, which shall stand as a monument calling on all men to strive for the abolition of war.

Collection Number: AD1812

RECORDS RELATING TO THE 'TREASON TRIAL' (REGINA vs F. ADAMS AND OTHERS ON CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON, ETC.), 1956 1961

TREASON TRIAL, 1956 1961

PUBLISHER:

Publisher:- Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand Location:- Johannesburg ©2012

LEGAL NOTICES:

Copyright Notice: All materials on the Historical Papers website are protected by South African copyright law and may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, displayed, or otherwise published in any format, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Disclaimer and Terms of Use: Provided that you maintain all copyright and other notices contained therein, you may download material (one machine readable copy and one print copy per page) for your personal and/or educational non-commercial use only.

People using these records relating to the archives of Historical Papers, The Library, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, are reminded that such records sometimes contain material which is uncorroborated, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. While these digital records are true facsimiles of the collection records and the information contained herein is obtained from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand has not independently verified their content. Consequently, the University is not responsible for any errors or omissions and excludes any and all liability for any errors in or omissions from the information on the website or any related information on third party websites accessible from this website.

This document is part of a private collection deposited with Historical Papers at The University of the Witwatersrand.