ANTI-OAS ACTION

OVER 100 leaders of the French | sistance defends the Republic." resistance movement of the last war gathered at the Place de la Republique in Paris recently to demand immediate action against the OAS secret army organisation.

They included many personal friends, or, at least, former personal friends of General de Gaulle and members of the exclusive order of "Compagnons de la Liberation" of all political parties from General de Gaulle's UNR Party on the right to the Communists on the left.

In the evening as dusk fell on the scene of a recent great demonstration and police action, they gathered at the foot of the monument to the Republic to place a large bouquet of flowers covered with a tricolour Leribe on March 17, 1962 at about ribbon with the words "The Re- 12 noon. All are invited.

Over 5,000 former Resistance fighters have already signed the original declaration of 100 issued three weeks ago against the OAS and more are adding their names every day.

Welcome For Mrs. Molapo

The Basutoland Freedom Party in Leribe District has arranged a welcome for Mrs. 'Maposholi Ellen Molapo who has been deported from the Republic of S.A.

BRAVO, GLENN!

FOLLOWING in the footsteps—or better still, in the slipstreams -of Soviet space pioneers Yuri Gagarin and Gherman Titov, Lieutenant-Colonel John Glenn, America's first astronaut, has circled the earth in space and was third in the race into the cosmos. The world has acclaimed these men and their countries.

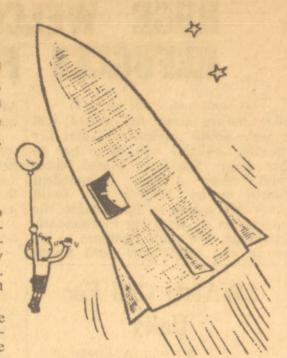
BUT THE RACE FOR PEACE GOES ON

the threat of nuclear annihilation also goes on, and Professor J. D. joined the personalities appealing for support for the World Congress for General Disarmament and Peace which will be held in Moscow from July 9 to 14, 1962.

"There we can have a free and frank discussion of every problem related to peace and disarmament,"

But the race for peace and against \ from London. "There are indeed no vital questions, whether national independence, living standards or em-Bernal, world famous scientist, has ployment, that are not directly affected by the present arms race. All need to be discussed in relation to disarmament.'

"Disarmament-general, complete and controlled, including the destruction of nuclear weapons—is the most urgent need of our time. It is an essential step towards a world Professor Bernal said in a statement without war," Professor Bernal said.



Freehold land titles abolished in Tanganyika

M.P.'s CHEER KAWAWA

Report from J. J. Hadebe

DAR ES SALAAM.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THE FIRST PARLIA-MENT OF TANGANYIKA SINCE INDEPENDENCE OPENED IN DAR ES SA-LAAM ON THE 13th FEB-RUARY, 1962.

It was also the first session since the resignation of Mr. Julius Nyerere and the ascension of the Honourable Mr. Rashid Kawawa to Premier-

Members of Parliament stood up and clapped enthusiastically in the House when Mr. Kawawa, the new Premier, took his place on the Front Bench for the first time.

He had been preceded a few minutes earlier by the Honourable Mr. Julius Nyerere the former Premier who slipped quietly into a seat facing the Ministerial Bench, after restraining some Members who wanted to stand up and applaud him.

Since Parliament resumed the following matters of interest have been dealt with:

- Africanisation

 A motion approving the appointment of African Regional Commissioners, (all of them top TANU National Executive members) to replace the European Provincial Commissioners, who, before independence were heads of all the seven pro-vinces of the territory (the equivalent of Provincial Administrators in South Africa), was adopted.

The (European) Provincial Commissioners will henceforth be advisers to the (African) Regional Commissioners, under whom they will serve. It is expected that the new Regional Commissioner will in addition to general administrative tasks be responsible for putting into effect TANU policy e.g. Africanisation of the Civil Service and any such matters as will be decided by the Government from time to time.

Republic

A motion amending the constitution to enable Tanganyika to become a Republic within the Commonwealth "as soon as possible" was carried unanimously by the House.

Land Ownership

A motion introduced by the Minister of Lands, Forests and Wildlife, Mr. Tewa Said Tewa, providing for the ending of Freehold Land Rights was greeted by great applause in the House. The Minister made the following points amongst

Firstly, the Government believes that the development of land can best be achieved under a form of leasehold tenure with development conditions—the Government had in mind a normal term for a lease as 99 years, but, provided the development conditions were adjusted, a greater or lesser term would not be excluded.

Secondly, freehold is an alien conception to Africans, it is associated in their minds with exploitation and privilege the Minister added. He went on to give an assurance that there would, however, be no question either of confiscation of improvements or of interference with security of tenure of developed land. Nominal and

Boycott United Front, states:-"It is with great relief and deep



MR. R. M. KAWAWA, NEW PRIME MINISTER OF TANGANYIKA.

not economic rents would be charged.

Commenting on this announcement, the Tanganyika Broadcast Corporation Parliamentary News Commentator told listeners that THE IN- TENTION OF THIS LAND BILL IS TO RESTORE THE LAND TO THE PEOPLE AND TO ENABLE THEM TO SHARE IN THE COUN-TRY'S WEALTH—(what our Freedom Charter says).

Egypt Reaffirms Trade

LONDON.

A press statement issued by Dr. Yusuf Dadoo for the South Africa

satisfaction that we have received an official communication from the Government of the United Arab Republic emphatically denying that any legislative or administrative step has been taken by the UAR to lift the trade ban on South Africa, and stating in categorical terms that the memorandum to this effect sent by the Deputy Secretary-General of the South African Ministry of Trade and Industry to the various South African Chambers of Commerce is entirely without foundation.'

The official UAR statement further goes on to say:— "All economic and trade relations between the UAR and South Africa are entirely severed and a complete ban is imposed upon exports and imports between the two countries. Moreover, this economic boycott is considered by the UAR Government as part and parcel of the political boycott it maintains with regard to South Africa on account of its pursuance of a policy of racial discrimination and its depriving the greater bulk of the population of their political rights.'

Tanganyika Asks Belgium To Get Out

DAR ES SALAAM.

The Tanganyikan Government has officially asked the Belgian Government to evacuate the harbour installations, now under its management at Dar es Salaam and Kigoma, before December 31, 1963.

Kigoma is on the eastern side of Lake Tanganyika and is a major transportation link between the Congo and Tanganyika.

RELEASE GIZENGA!

-Peace Council

THE S.A. Peace Council has written an urgent demand to the United Nations and to Mr. Cyril Adoula, Prime Minister of the Congo, for the release of Mr. Antoine Gizenga, arrested recently by Adoula's government.

'No longer deceived by colonialist trickery, we people of Africa detect in Gizenga's \| arrest another attempt to silence the fighters for African independence," the Peace Council's letter stated. "There-Peace fore bearing in mind the cruel murder of Patrice Lumumba, and fearing that Gizenga's life is similarly threatened we de-mand his immediate release and the restoration of all his civil rights as a deputy of the Congolese assembly."

Tambo On PAFMECSA Committee

ADDIS ABABA.

Mr. Oliver Tambo, Deputy President of the banned African National Congress, has been elected on to a six-member co-ordinating committee set up by the Pan-African Freedom Movement for East, Central and Southern Africa at its recent conference held here. The other members are Messrs M. Kipaki and O. Shariff, representing East Africa; Simon Kwapepe and Kanyama Chiume, representing Central Africa; and Kozonguizi of the South West African National Union.

This year's chairman of the movement is Mr. Kenneth Kaunda of Northern Rhodesia. Mr. Mbiyu Koinange of Kenya remains Secre-

tary-General. The headquarters of the PAFMECSA will be in Dar es Salaam, where an office formerly occupied by the Speaker of the National Assembly has been set aside for use by the secretariat of the movement.

(Continued from page 1) that before long the world will sure and amends her policies.' cripple South Africa, and that her with other African independent States to try helping our South sanctions. We shall continue to do so in our small way until South

SWANU Call For Unity

KEETMANSHOOP.

The Government's apartheid policy was severely attacked by the local branch of SWANU at its meeting held here on February 17.

The chairman Mr. Links said that

there was no law dividing the Europeans into races yet with the Non-Whites the Government were very much concerned with the so-called races. This was the policy of divide and rule aimed at breaking the unity of the Non-Whites.

An appeal to the people to join SWANU was made and Mr. Kohima outlined its policy as one that welcomed every one who accepted. its ideas irrespective of race, colour or creed and stood for unity, equality and brotherhood. He implored Non-Whites to despise racialism as something low and barbaric. "Unity must be our motto," he said.

Mr. Groeneveld also stressed the need for unity among the Non-Whites. He said that a "Kleurling Board" was now in the process of being created to push through the policy of apartheid in South Africa. He explained that because the people serving on this Board were being paid they would have to act in accordance with the wishes of the Government. "He who pays the piper plays the tune."

Mr. Kukuri, another speaker, said that the Government in wooing the Coloured people to side with them were dislodging unity among Non-! Whites. The same people who promised farms to Non-Whites if they served in the last World War were now making similar promises to delude the Non-Whites into accepting their policies.

"We do not say the Whites must po, but we demand our rights in the land of our birth," he said.

Africa gives way to the world pres-

The Minister said that although racialist policies will drive her to some of the men had left their proher doom. We have joined hands perty behind in South Africa, and some had also been forced to leave their wives and children, it was at African brothers to fight against the least a good thing that they had aggressors by resorting to economic arrived safely in their own free

The Government, he said, would return them to their own homes as soon as possible. He hoped that they would settle down and start living a new life by developing land, of which there was plenty. Some would be able to find other work.
A.N.C. SPEAKER

Mr. James Hadebe, speaking on behalf of the African National Congress of South Africa, thanked Mr. Kambona for welcoming the party, and said that as a Freedom Fighter from South Africa he wished to remind the Nationalists that South Africa was part of this same continent of Africa.

Referring to the repatriates he said, "South Africa is our home, it is your home. You have as much right to be there as I have to be here in Tanganyika at the present time. We are not going to rest until all the brutal policies propounded by Dr. Verwoerd are cleared from South Africa with Verwoerd himself, since he has proved beyond doubt that he is incapable of ruling and living in harmony with other people of Africa."

FREEDOM SONGS

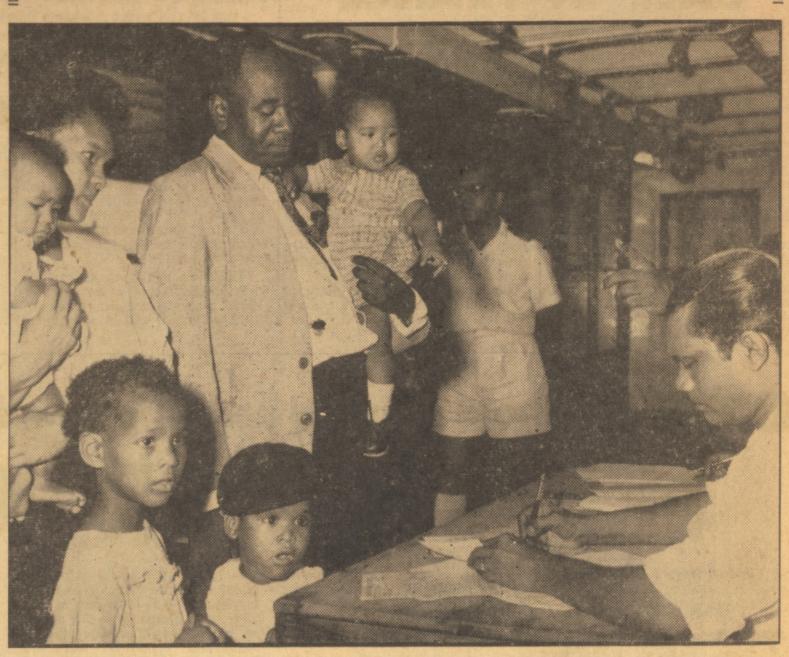
When the repatriates disembarked, they were met by a group of the South African community including some of the newly arrived South African nurses. They cheered the repatriates and burst into singing South African liberatory songs such as "SIZOBADUBULA NGEMBA-YIMBAYI" (We shall shoot them (racialists) with our own cannons), and "THINA SI SILULUSHA ASI-NAKUBULAWA NGUVULEVU-THA (We are the youth and shall never be killed by Verwoerd), ending by shouts of "Amandla ngawe-thu." "Mayibuye" and "Uhuru."

There were more than 600 local

Tanganyikans who also came to meet the repatriates. The mobile unit of the T.B.C. was also present to tape-record all that went on during this grand welcome of the unwanted Africans by Verwoerd of

South Africa.

TANGANYIKAN REFUGEES ARRIVE HOME



Petrus Godwe and his wife and four children on arrival in Dar es Salaam. Mrs. Godwe is a Cape Coloured woman. Six months ago Esther Godwe, the child in her mother's arms, was born in the bush on the outskirts of Cape Town. There was no other place for Mary, her mother, to go. Petrus, her Tanganyikan father, could not obtain work under the ban on "foreign natives" and had been unemployed for 3 years before being expelled from South Africa.

MORE FLOGGINGS AT MABIESKRAAL

Chief Violates Law In Punishing Old Men

kraal in the Rustenburg area is disdainfully disregarding the limited authority given to him under the amended Administration Act and is flogging old men of the tribe with cow-hide whips to force them to work.

> New Age has learnt that in addition to Mr. Joel Motsise (see New Age, Feb. 8), three other 60-yearolds were recently lashed for refusing to make bricks for the school building in Mabieskraal. They are

All kinds of Photographic Work undertaken by

ELI WEINBERG Photographer

11, Plantation Road, Gardens **Johannesburg**

BANTU Authorities' Chief Ramongadi Madikele and Tukise mother of one of the accused for Modise, two former headmen who failing to produce the cattle. had been deposed by the Bantu authorities, and Joras Moyo.

The "Bush Court" can only administer flogging to men under the age of 30 years after a proper and fair trial. Flogging cannot be imposed for trivial offences.

YOUNG MEN FINED

Several months ago, two young men of the tribe were also brought up for failing to work. Chief Mabe fined them two head of cattle each. They appealed to the Native Commissioner who rescinded the decision. But in spite of this, the Chief still demanded the four head of cattle from them.

When these were not forthcoming, he sent a regiment of 20 men armed with axes and sticks to enforce his decision. The sentenced men were away from their homes but the "soldiers" attacked and beat up one of the wives as well as an aged

A protest was lodged with the Rustenburg police and a letter sent to the Attorney-General who replied that he could not interfere with the authority of the Prosecutor who refused to bring a charge against the

MANJE ZIYATHOLAKALA!

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vs BLACKPOOL

BEREA vs LINCOLN CITY

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