

CONGO LEADERS CONDEMN WESTERN SCHEMING

Anti-Gizenga Slanderers Expelled

THE scheme of Western imperialism to divide the Congolese patriotic forces by all means was denounced by Mr. Gabriel Yumbu, vice-president of the African Solidarity Party, one of the main political organisations in the country, recently.

Mr. Yumbu made the denunciation when criticising another vice-president of the party, Kimwaili,

and others, for opposing the action of the party's national president, Vice-Premier Antoine Gizenga before he was arrested and imprisoned by the Adoula government.

It was reported that Kimwaili had announced that Gizenga was no longer National President of the African Solidarity Party on the pretext that Gizenga had "hampered" the activities of the Adoula government in Leopoldville, and that he had tried to form a national Patrice Lumumba party.

TO UNDERMINE UNITY

Mr. Yumbu said that the actions of Kimwaili and his supporters were inspired by western circles, and primarily U.S. circles, which were trying to undermine at all costs the unity of the Congolese patriotic forces, particularly the unity of the African Solidarity

Party.

In the name of the leading committee of the ASP, Mr. Yumbu read out to the press a document

signed by the majority of the party's members of Parliament and by all its local bureaux, announcing that Kimwaili and two

other supporters had been expelled from the party because of their violation of the party rules and their slander against Gizenga.

"If Gizenga Is Murdered U.N. Will Share The Shame"

THE Movement for Colonial Freedom in London has written to the acting Secretary-General of the United Nations, U Thant, urging him "to take immediate action to secure the release or early trial of Antoine Gizenga.

"We suggest to you that the United Nations has a responsibility in this matter. His mother, who visited him recently on the lonely island of Bulabemba where he is imprisoned, states that he is being poisoned by arsenic.

"Whether this is true or not, should Mr. Gizenga in fact be murdered, suffering the fate of Patrice Lumumba, the United Nations would share in the shame of that crime.

"We would remind you that the U.N. Commission of Inquiry report, published on November 14, 1961, stated that President Kasavubu and Mr. Tshombe, together

with their colleagues, 'should not escape responsibility for the deaths of Messrs. Lumumba, Okito and Mpolo.'

"We are not aware of any action taken to implement this recommendation of the Commission of Inquiry.

"In the light of the death of

Messrs. Lumumba, Okito and Mpolo, we have felt very grave concern about the fate of Mr. Gizenga since the events of mid-January, and hope that you will utilise the tremendous influence of your office to ensure that civilised standards of justice are applied in the Congo."

WIFE PROTEST TO VERWOERD

JOHANNESBURG.

The Women's International Democratic Federation has written to the Prime Minister, Dr. Verwoerd, protesting against the order restricting Mrs. Lilian Ngoyi to Orlando township and demanding that the ban on her be lifted immediately.

EXPELLED FROM FORT HARE—NOW TOP MAN IN N. RHODESIA'S UNIP

SIKOTA WINA (29) is one of Kenneth Kaunda's chief lieutenants, and a member of the Central Committee (cabinet) of Northern Rhodesia's United National Independence Party. He is at present Director General of the UNIP International Publicity Bureau and also Director of the Election Committee.

Zambia Congress for nine months. On his release in December 1959 he joined UNIP as a full-time political worker. His brother Arthur Wina is the UNIP representative in the USA.

THEY REMEMBERED SHARPEVILLE

THE massacre of Africans at Sharpeville and Langa in 1960 was remembered in other parts of the continent besides South Africa last month.

● The Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organisation in a statement commemorating the second anniversary of the massacre expressed its "indignation" and strongly condemned "the violent and brutal repression let loose by the fascist government of South Africa."

The statement said: "The glorious struggle of the people of South Africa against apartheid, for liberation and for the overthrow of white domination in their land cannot be deterred by these outrages."

It demanded an end to restrictions on freedom, lifting of the bans on political organisations and the freeing of all political prisoners.

The statement called on the Afro-Asian governments and peoples to give more active support to the just struggle of the South African people for freedom.

ONE MINUTE SILENCE

● At a meeting in Dar Es Salaam, support for South Africa's liberation struggle was pledged by representatives of the nationalist parties of Tanganyika, the Rhode-

sias and Mozambique.

Among the speakers were Mr. Kandoro, administrative secretary of the ruling Tanganyika African National Union; Mr. D. Banda of the UNIP of Northern Rhodesia, Mr. Chirimani, representative of the Zimbabwe (Southern Rhodesia) African People's Union, and representatives from Mozambique and South Africa.

The meeting observed a one-minute silence in memory of those who fell at Sharpeville and Langa.

WHOLE DISTANCE

● The people of Ghana would go the whole distance with the South African people in their struggle for liberation, declared Mr. Charles Heymann, secretary for African affairs of the Ghana Trade Union Congress, at another memorial meeting held in Accra.

Mr. Peter Raboroko, of the Pan-Africanist Congress, said that the freedom of South Africa would not be decided in the courts.

Mr. M. Sipalo of UNIP called for a tightening up of the boycott of South African goods.

A message from Mr. John K. Tettegah, secretary-general of the Ghana Trade Union Congress, said that "solidarity among the workers and people of South Africa as a whole was a most effective weapon against apartheid and all forms of oppression."



ANOTHER OAS ATROCITY

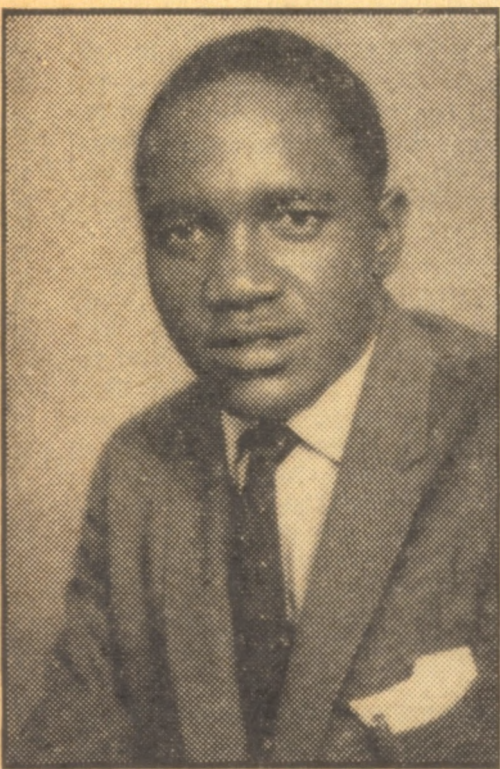
Six Algiers social workers, three Europeans and three Moslems, were mown down by fire from the sub-machine gun of a Secret Army Organisation (OAS) "execution" gang recently.

Among the six was the Berber writer and poet Mouloud Feraoun, seen on the extreme right of the picture (which was taken some time before his murder) with Daniele Delorme, the French actress, and author Emmanuel Robles.

The victims were attending a meeting when the OAS gangsters burst in and named the six who had been "sentenced to death." They were led out, lined against a wall and mercilessly shot down.



Chapman, Florida Times-Union
We've got to figure out some kind of vital role for the Navy on the moon, even if there isn't any water there.



Mr. Sikota Wina

In 1955 Sikota Wina was expelled from Fort Hare University as a result of a strike conducted by the students there. He was then secretary of the Students' Representative Council.

On his return to Northern Rhodesia he became editor of "African Life," a monthly magazine produced on the Copperbelt. Arrested during the 1959 Emergency in Northern Rhodesia he was detained with the leaders of the

TRANSKEI TALKS A FARCE

Urban Africans Have NOT Been Consulted

PORT ELIZABETH.

The majority of people told to go to Umtata to give their opinions on the Transkeian self-government plan to a five-man committee sitting at Umtata from April 16 to 18, were surprised by the invitations.

Some 64 people were rushed to the meeting from the towns, and included teachers, ministers, doctors and businessmen. Most of them were taken aback by the invitations, because, as one man put it, "I have never been involved in such matters."

Nevertheless, they were simply told by their respective Bantu Commissioners that they had to attend the meeting. They found out what they were required to do when they got there.

KEPT BUSY

At Umtata, Mr. Vic Leibbrandt, Chief BAD Commissioner, and Mr.

Pirates Narrowly Defeat Tvl. United

JOHANNESBURG.

OVER 10,000 fans saw the beginning of the end of last season's pro soccer League champs—Transvaal United—when they were defeated 5-4 by Orlando Pirates. The match, which was handled excellently by referee Cecil Meyer, started at a terrific pace from Pirates who made Transvaal United concede three corners in the first two minutes of play.

The first goal was scored after 12 minutes by "Black Sash" Masebuko of Pirates. Two minutes later Gava "Scooter" Ellis equalised for United.

Fifteen minutes before half-time Don Gilmore put United in the lead making a half-time score of Transvaal United two, Orlando Pirates one.

This was the kind of equally matched, exciting soccer that the fans love, and after half-time they certainly got their money's worth—two minutes after resumption Gilmore scored number three for United but within 30 seconds "Black Sash" scored for Pirates and after ten minutes he scored again to complete his hat trick.

At this stage, with the score equal, Pirates put on heavy pressure and after ten minutes of delightful footwork that had the crowd roaring time and again Jerry Modibedi put Pirates ahead. Fifteen minutes later United got their equaliser from Gava Ellis and two minutes before time Pirates' captain Scara Sono snatched the winner with a perfect header.

Final score: Orlando/Pirates 5, Transvaal United 4.

Mbuli, Secretary-Treasurer of the Transkei Territorial Authority, were kept busy trying to convince the delegates of the importance of the meeting, and that each one of them had to give his individual opinion on the self-government plan. There was to be no conference but evidence had to be given in camera before the committee.

When the urban representatives met to review the situation, they not only reacted against the crude tactics of Leibbrandt and Mbuli, but also criticised basic undemocratic points in the plan.

The meeting was divided and a small minority of "ever-so-thankfuls" were ready to appear before the commission.

TOUR

At this stage the situation was getting out of hand for the organisers of the show. The delegates were given time to think it over, and in the meantime a sightseeing tour of a furniture factory and agricultural school in Tsolo was organised.

Information experts and Mr. Leibbrandt spared no effort in showing the townsmen the good things in store for the Transkei. Factories are to be built in the area, but hand-operated machines will be used.

BOYCOTTED

Some of the people boycotted the tour, as they did not wish to appear to have been won over. Those who remained in Umtata were trailed around the streets and to eating houses by the Special Branch.

As the last round of the constitutional talks in the next session of the TTA approaches, the architects are trying to give a flavour of democratic procedure to their plans. But even for the urban representatives who attended the committee meeting, the swindle is all too glaring. The bulk of them, who were handpicked, were not impressed.

It certainly cannot be said that Africans in urban areas have been properly consulted. Only yes-men could have done a good job for the Government, and it appears that there were few of them.

ATTACKED

Where the people have been given an opportunity to air their views openly, the plan has been attacked. The chiefs, however, are keeping a tight grip on the people and opposition is suppressed. It is in Chief Sabata's Tembuland where successive meetings have condemned the plan.

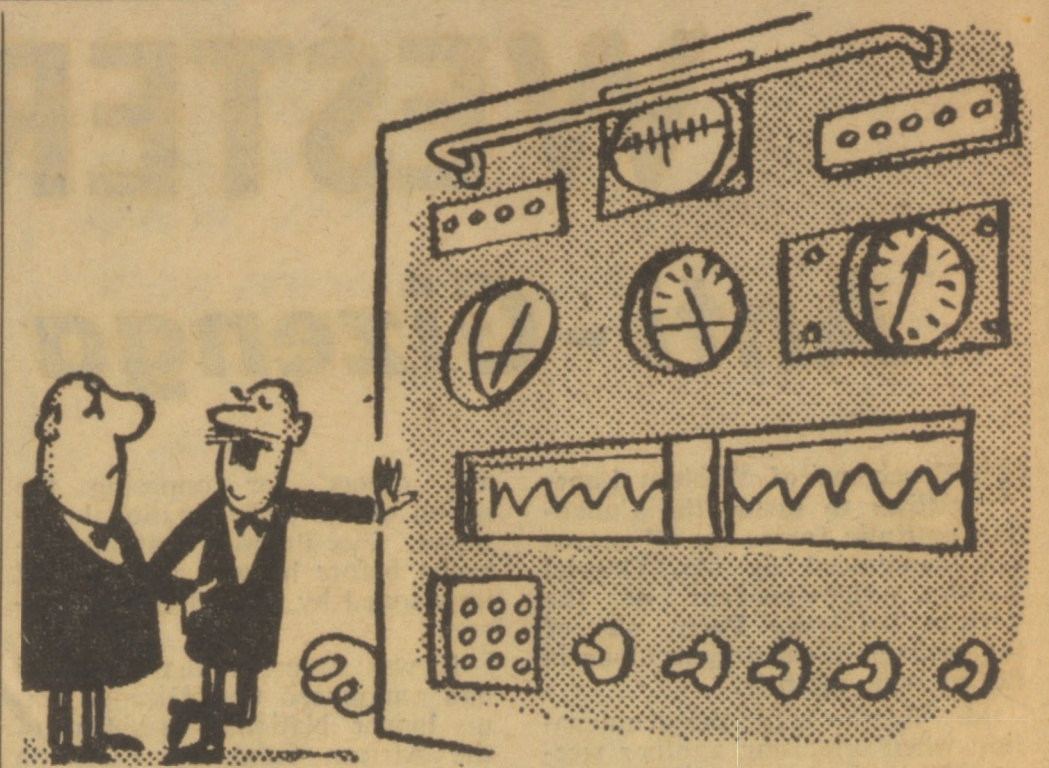
Members of the five-man committee which sat in Umtata were: Chairman, Mr. D. Ngongolo; Messrs. E. A. Pinyana, W. Monakali, R. Msengana and W. Sibi.

INDIAN F.A. TO DISBAND

The South African Football Association (formerly the Indian Football Association) will disband formally on May 31, the President, Mr. Bob Pavadai, announced in Johannesburg last week-end.

The statement, which was made at a Council meeting at which Natal, the Transvaal and Griqualand West were present, is in line with the recent decision of the S.A. Soccer Federation that all racial units should dissolve and non-racial provincial units be formed in their place.

The Association is to meet again in Durban on May 31 with Cape Province and Border also represented to make the last minute arrangements, but the major policy decision has now been taken by the Indian group and the lead given to the Coloured and African bodies.



"And it has the unique advantage of being completely non-union."

WORKERS' PARLIAMENT MEETS

(Continued from page 1)

workers that SACTU had reached an early maturity through its martyrs—the victimised workers, the banned, restricted, persecuted and convicted heroes of those who worked to build it.

There was tumultuous applause from the men and women of all races who had been delegated to conference at this statement, and then all stood in silence for a moment to commemorate the recent death of trade unionist Lawrence Nkosi.

DAILY STRUGGLE

In his secretarial report the acting secretary, Mr. Marks Shope, reminded the workers that SACTU conducted a fierce daily struggle against exploitation. Capitalism thrived on the profits derived from the workers and on the deprivation of human rights, and the Non-White worker was oppressed and exploited both because of his class and his race.

The recent TUC decision to admit Non-Whites must be seen in this light, and until they realised that it was impossible for a Non-White worker to gain economic concessions while labouring under the political disabilities of apartheid, true co-operation between SACTU and the TUC would not be possible.

"We have seen our children die in their thousands because of malnutrition, hunger and starvation in this land of honey and gold," Mr. Shope said, "and we know that we cannot win our economic freedom without the removal of the pass system and all the discriminatory legislation that impedes our economic improvement."

Conference agreed that co-operation with the TUC would be impossible unless it agreed to campaign vigorously for the right of all to

engage in skilled work and to strike for better conditions.

CAMPAIGN SUCCESS

The success of the February 7 campaign, during which hundreds of new workers had been enrolled into their trade unions, was stressed by many speakers, although deficiencies of organisation were also not glossed over.

The Metal Workers' Union in Pretoria alone had 350 new members, and the African Garment Workers had 800 members from two Johannesburg factories alone.

In Durban, where the Lion Match workers won increased wages, a

non-contributory pension scheme and a medical benefit fund last year with the help of their union, there had also been major increases in trade union membership.

There was an alert, militant and serious mood throughout the one and a half day conference.

Resolutions were passed calling for a national minimum wage of R2 a day and a 40-hour week, the abolition of the colour bar in industry, condemning the destruction of food by farmers while the workers went hungry and reaffirming SACTU's membership of the All-African Trade Union Federation.

MAY DAY GREETINGS FROM FOFATUSA

CAPE TOWN.

"WORKERS of the world, the Federation of Free African Trade Unions (S.A.) sends you its warmest fraternal greetings on this international workers' holiday: the day when you remember the pioneers who paved the way for labour's present achievements, the day when you look bravely to the future for an even fuller and happier life for yourselves and your children," says a May Day message sent to New Age by FOFATUSA.

In the message FOFATUSA says it rededicates itself to the continuing fight for freedom for the trade union movement to defend the workers' rights, and freedom from "the scourge of racial oppression and discrimination which still afflicts too

many peoples, especially in South Africa and the Portuguese colonies."

FOFATUSA says it will also fight for better conditions for all the world's workers and for "a determined international effort to lift the 'have-not' countries out of the rut of economic stagnation."

To achieve these aims, says FOFATUSA, "the free trade unions must consolidate their forces, unite their ranks and review their techniques to meet the challenge which faces organised labour everywhere in the swiftly changing modern world. Fraternal aid from the stronger movements to the younger unions striving to establish themselves in the developing countries must be maintained."

PROFESSIONAL SOCCER

R2,000 UNITED TOBACCO COY LEAGUE CUP COMPETITION

SATURDAY 28-4-62 3.30 P.M.

JOHANNESBURG. NATALSPRUIT

BLACKPOOL Utd.
VS
HEARTS

DURBAN. CURRIES

BEREA
VS
AVALON ATHL.

SUNDAY 29-4-62 3.00 P.M.

SHOWGROUND PIETERMARITZBURG

Maritzburg City
VS
LINCOLN CITY

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