

**"I have never had a warmer sense of human contact"—Ferhat Abbas**  
**Mao Tse-Tung's Suggestions To Leaders Of Algerian War Of Liberation**  
**"STICK OUT FOR REAL INDEPENDENCE**  
**IN ALGERIA"**

"The support of the socialist camp is ours from now on," declared Ferhat Abbas, head of the Algerian provisional Government that is leading the armed fight against French colonialism for a free Algeria. He had recently returned from a highly successful trip to the Soviet Union and China.

During his trip to the East the Soviet Union joined China in giving de facto recognition to the Algerian provisional Government.

Referring to the recent upsurge of peace forces in France itself Ferhat Abbas added:

"In France itself the people are denouncing the war of reconquest and vigorously demanding peace in Algeria. We salute the youth of France, her workers, her intellectuals and all those who are fighting against the pursuit of the war in Algeria."

MEANWHILE the London Observer carries extracts of a report which appeared in a Tunisian newspaper, Action, giving a full account of the meeting held in Peking on September 28 between Ferhat Abbas' party and the man who led the Chinese revolutionary war to victory,

Mao Tse-tung. The Chinese leader warned Ferhat Abbas that victory in a revolutionary war might take a long time and depended not on military supremacy, but on popular support.

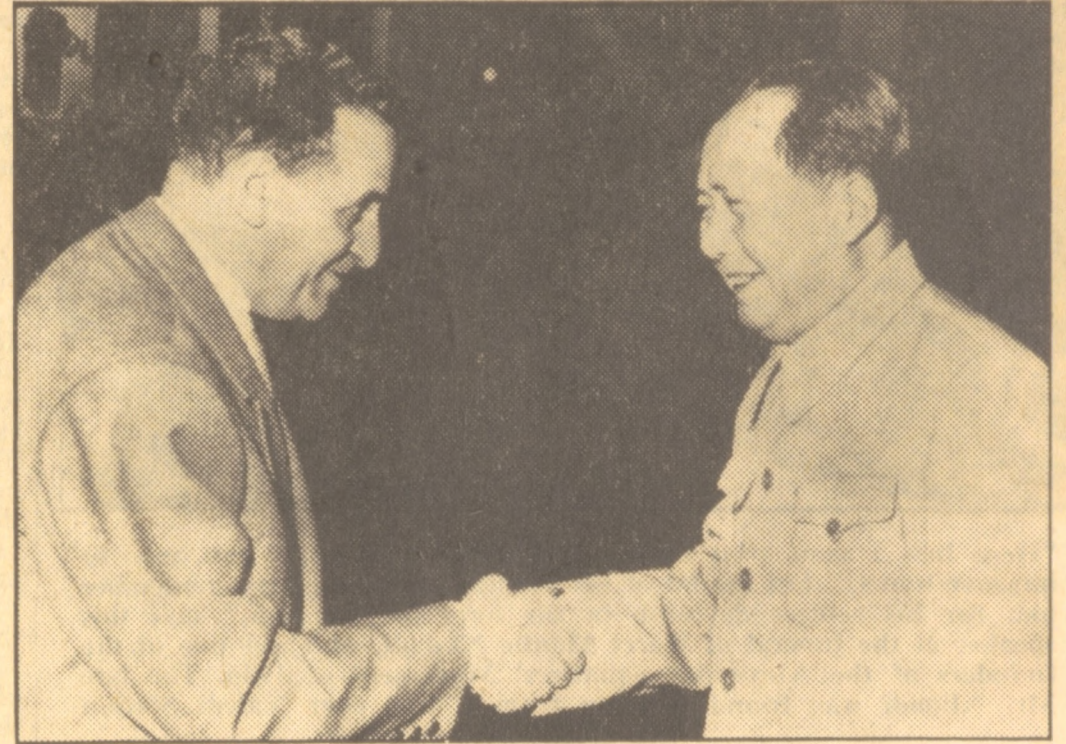
"This war is your war. The stronger you are the more backing you will get.

"Last year we sent you less aid than this year. Next year everything indicates that we shall be sending more, taking into account our means and the international situation.

"You may be told that the number of your soldiers is diminishing, but an army of partisans cannot be destroyed. During our 'long march' we sometimes used to be reduced to a force of 17,000 men out of the 300,000 we counted when we started. This did not prevent our victory."

Mao told the Algerian rebel leader that although he must be flexible in method, he must not waver over his aims:

"Stick out for real and solid independence. Don't accept any com-



Ferhat Abbas, Prime Minister of the Algerian Government in exile—greeted by Mao Tse-tung during his recent visit to Peking.

promise with the imperialists: stand firm on principles. It was expedient for you to take the opportunity of Melun (where rebel emissaries accepted an invitation from General de Gaulle to discuss peace terms) to unmask your enemy.

"From now on, vigilance is necessary. The longer the struggle lasts the more your enemy's position deteriorates, both diplomatically and psychologically. Time is on your side, not on the side of the imperialists . . ."

**AGAINST TERRORISM**

Mao emphasised to Ferhat Abbas the need of persuading and re-educating people opposed to him. They should not be killed.

The Algerian rebels have carried out a policy of terrorism and assassination, not only against the French, but also against pro-French or rival Algerian nationalist groups, says the Observer.

"Only an unceasing effort of persuasion is profitable," Mao said. "It is a mistake to believe that by physically eliminating traitors or enemy prisoners, you can serve a revolutionary cause."

The Chinese leaders never killed a prisoner in their eight-year war with Japan. Disloyal Chinese were captured, re-educated and liberated. The process started a second time if they were caught again, and a third time if necessary.

The former Chinese Emperor was

imprisoned, re-educated and then liberated. Now he is a peaceful citizen living in Peking and earning his living as a botanist.

According to the article, Mao was in agreement with a policy of persuading Washington to end its support of "French imperialism." But, said the writer, Mao was anxious "lest moribund French imperialism be replaced by new American imperialism."

The Chinese leader is reported to have declared: "Your cause is the cause of all Arabs and Africans. Your revolution should serve the ideal of unification, which animated your brothers.

"Use the United Nations as much as you like, but with the greatest prudence: the United Nations has become an instrument in American hands."

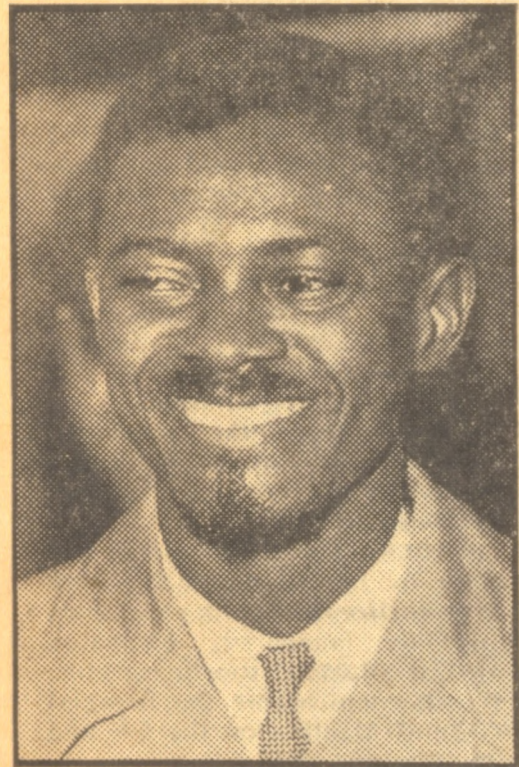
**ABBAS' TRIBUTE TO MAO**  
 Commenting on the meeting afterwards, Ferhat Abbas said: "I have never felt more at ease in my life. I have never had a warmer sense of human contact. I have never so quickly sensed a feeling of friendship."

The writer of the article is anonymous, but he must have been a member of the delegation accompanying the Algerian insurgent leader to Peking and Moscow, says the Observer correspondent in Tunis.

**U.S. Backs Belgian Attempt To Re-take The Congo**

**AFRICA**

THE U.S., alarmed at the failure of their stooge "strong-man" Colonel Mobutu



Premier Lumumba.

to maintain any effective control in the Congo, are now beginning to give full and open backing to the Belgian colonialists who are returning to the Congo in their thousands in an attempt to take over the country once more.

- U.N. headquarters in the Congo admitted recently that there were more than 6,500 Belgians in high civil and military positions in Leopoldville alone, an increase of 2,000 in the recent period.

- Another 100 Belgians arrive by every plane from Brussels.

- There are thousands more in the Katanga province running Tshombe's puppet government, as well as in the other provinces backing secessionist movements of other pro-imperialists such as Kalonji.

There are thus now more Belgians in the Congo than there were on July 14 when the Security Council called for the withdrawal of all Belgian troops, and decided to give the Lumumba Government military assistance to achieve this aim.

This is the result of the sabotage of the original U.N. decision by the U.N. personnel in the Congo following the lead of pro-West Dag Hammarskjöld.

As a result of pressure from the African countries, backed up by the Socialist bloc, the U.N. forces in the Congo have ceased to support actively imperialist intrigue against the national forces headed by the lawfully elected Premier Patrice Lumumba. Colonel Mobutu who was placed in office at the behest of the U.S., the Belgians and the French, has proved such a failure, and his troops such a menace to the safety of all in Leopoldville, that U.N. troops have had to be used to restrain him and his men.

At the same time, the U.N. command is doing nothing to prevent the Belgians from repossessing the Congo. The Americans are now "collaborating" openly with the

Belgians, so determined are they to prevent the anti-imperialist Lumumba Government from regaining its rightful position.

**"CONCILIATION GROUP"**

Meanwhile the Afro-Asian countries are being hampered in their attempts to help restore peace and order in the country by the failure of a number of countries in their bloc to take a firmly anti-imperialist stand.

Of the 15 nations represented in the Conciliation Commission which is due to try to assist the Congolese this week, eight have indicated their clear support for Lumumba. They are Ceylon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Mali, Morocco, and the United Arab Republic, all of whom have asked that a representative of the Lumumba Government be allowed to take a seat at UNO.

- The other members of the group, Malaya, Pakistan, Nigeria, Liberia, Ethiopia, Senegal and Tunisia either sit on the fence or take an anti-Lumumba stand.

**ASIA** South Viet-Nam Revolt Failed, But Dictator Ngo Diem Cannot Last Much Longer

THE paratroop-led revolt against U.S. puppet dictator of South Viet Nam, Ngo Dinh Diem, has failed, but opposition to his tyrannical rule continues.

Since the Geneva agreement of 1954 whereby the anti-colonial war in what was then known as French Indo-China was stopped, and Viet Nam partitioned between North and South, Ngo has ruled South Viet Nam with an iron hand on the pattern of Syngman Rhee in South Korea and Chiang Kai-shek in Formosa.

The Americans replaced the French as masters of the country,

and only their massive military and financial aid has kept the Ngo regime going.

Alarmed at the growing popular unrest aimed at overthrowing Ngo, certain right-wing elements tried to oust him by means of a military coup.

The aim of the revolt was set out by an officer quoted by Time Magazine as follows: "If we allowed things to continue, it is obvious that within a year this country would go Communist."

With ill-defined aims, and without getting any significant popular support, the revolt failed.

Time continues: "Pleading the Communist threat, Diem has ruled with rigged elections, a muzzled

press, and political re-education camps that now hold 30,000. His key—and prosperous—advisers are four brothers and a pretty sister-in-law. The twin frustrations of dictatorship and an unending war (against guerilla forces) eventually turned the paratroopers towards revolt.

"Diem seems to have won out again. The conditions that brought on the revolt remain."

- By these admissions that Ngo is a corrupt and hated dictator, the Americans are indicating that he has become an embarrassment to them, and it cannot be long before he joins Syngman Rhee in exile—if he is lucky enough to escape.

**Congo Parliament Must Meet**

THE eight most important States of Asia and Africa have joined forces to demand United Nations action to enable the Congo Parliament to meet "in the shortest possible time."

They are also demanding that the UN, which admitted the Congo on September 20, should seat representatives of the Central Congolese Government headed by Premier Lumumba, pending receipt of the report of the Credentials Committee.

India, Indonesia, Ghana, Guinea, Mali, Morocco, Ceylon and the United Arab Republic were the countries which sponsored a resolution in these terms at UN headquarters in New York.





"Here lies a man who during his lifetime struggled not only to improve himself, but the lot of his people. We shall always remember him for his selfless devotion in the fight for freedom," says this speaker at the funeral of Karel Montle Nkoadi, who was one of the founders of the Alexandra Squatters' Movement of 1946. The late Mr. Nkoadi was found hanging from a tree near Naledi Station two weeks ago.

## LIVE THEATRE IN THE TOWNSHIPS

From Joe Gqabi

ONE of the boldest experiments to bring live theatre to African audiences will be presented at the Uncle Tom's Hall, Orlando West, this week-end. Two plays will be shown: "Shakespeare's 'The Tempest'" and Sidney Gill's "Christmas Story."

Both will be full-scale presentations produced by Ricky Ardens.

The actors are from the African Music and Drama Association—an organisation that was formed to perpetuate the memory of the late Edward Joseph a Johannesburg stockbroker who was interested in the cultural development of the non-whites.

The leading parts in Shakespeare's comedy are played by Ken Gampu as Prospero and Hazel Futa as Miranda, his daughter. Gampu has had previous experience on the stage. He featured as the blanket-boy in Arthur Fugard's "No Good Friday" and as the minister in Leon Gluckman's "King Kong." Hazel Futa was a chorus girl in King Kong.

The leading parts in Ricky Ardens' "Christmas Story" are again played by Ken Gampu as the Ghanaian sergeant and Hazel Futa as Cleo King, the American Negress Red Cross nurse. Sidney Sipane is the Lieutenant and Dennis Nene is Go-man, the 19-year-old private.

### CONGO STORY

"Christmas Story" is the first play of its kind to be shown in South Africa. It begins and ends in a stable somewhere in the Belgian Congo, and tries to illustrate the chaotic situation now prevailing in that territory.

The success of live theatre in the townships will depend largely on the response of African audiences to this show. If the show is a failure, it will not be for lack of trying on the part of the actors, who are doing their best to introduce live theatre as a reality to African audiences. Judging by what I saw during the rehearsals for this show last week, I have no doubt in my mind that these talented and hard-working actors, though amateurs have the potentiality of developing into great actors. As producer Ricky Ardens put it: "There is a nucleus for a possible future theatre company."

# ATTACK ON ALEXANDRA

(Continued from page 1)  
and Health Boards conduct unending pass and permit raids. They enter houses and stop people on their way to and from work to demand from them their pass books and permits to live in the township.

There are a number of married people whose families have been broken by the application of these unjust and inhuman methods. If in a family only the husband has the permit, his permit is cancelled and he is told to go to Meadowlands Hostel. The wife with the children must go to their tribal home.

Mr. Seth Lebethe of Alexandra Township told New Age that on October 4, two European officials of the Resettlement Board met him in a street near his house. They demanded his pass and also wanted to know if he was married. He told them that he was married. They asked him if he was the owner of the property where he was living, he said no. "Without saying anything more," said Mr. Lebethe, "they stamped my pass cancelling my permit to reside in Alexandra."

Mr. Lebethe says that there and then they filled a form for him: "You are hereby required in terms of Section 25 of the Natives Resettlement Act of 1954 (19 of 1954) to vacate the premises in which you reside, on or before 6 p.m. on the 8th December, 1960. Accommodation is hereby offered to you in the Meadowlands Hostel."

**PERSONAL BELONGING ONLY**  
When the Resettlement Board officials were asked by Mr. Lebethe what was going to happen to his wife, his furniture and other be-

longings, they read him a clause in the form they had just filled in: "You have to bring your personal belongings; personal belongings means your personal clothes, blankets and your cooking utensils." The officials further told Mr. Lebethe that the hostel is furnished with the necessary furniture and that he can dispose of his own furniture.

Sorrowfully, with his sad wife sitting next to him, Mr. Lebethe said, "I have been living happily in Alexandra for several years but now my family life has been sadly disrupted. I have been given a month to sell the furniture I worked for for several years, and to separate from my wife. We have been married since 1954."

### SPORTSMAN VICTIM

Another victim of the forced removal is 28-year-old Mr. Gilbert Nhlapo, a well-known soccerite with the Alexandra Gunners Club and an executive member of the Anti-Peri-Urban Areas Health Board Action Committee.

HE IS A MARRIED MAN, WAS BORN IN THE AREA AND IS EMPLOYED IN THE TOWNSHIP.

One Sunday Mr. Nhlapo addressed a gathering of 200 people on private property in the township (the Peri-Urban Areas Health Board, which is the local authority, refuses to grant permission for political meetings).

Mr. Nhlapo urged the people not to produce their passes to inspectors of the Board as they had no right to demand them. Only the South African police had that right.

He told them that the purpose of demanding passes by the inspectors of the Board was to endorse the people out of the area to Diepkloof.

### OVERPOWERED

Mr. Nhlapo told New Age that on the Monday following the meeting inspectors of the Board demanded to see his pass. He refused. He was overpowered and handcuffed and searched. They found his pass and stamped it with an order that he must leave the township on January 9 for Diepkloof or a hostel. He was told to report at the office where it would be decided whether he should go to a hostel or to a house in Diepkloof.

## TVL. CRICKET ADOPTS NON-RACIAL POLICY

### JOHANNESBURG.

A FAR-REACHING decision to end racialism in Transvaal cricket was taken at the fifteenth annual general meeting of the Johannesburg Inter-Race Board last week.

This decision was arrived at as a result of the adoption in principle of the recommendations of a sub-committee appointed earlier this year to review the whole cricket position in the province and report back.

The Inter-Race Board has now changed its name to the Transvaal Cricket Federation and will be the only body to control cricket in the Transvaal. In future matches will be played on zonal lines, affiliation to the Board will be on a geographical basis and there will no longer be sponsoring of matches on a racial basis.

The zones will have their own selectors and there will be competitions between the zones. A Transvaal team will be selected whenever necessary from the zone players.

### FIXTURES

For the purpose of trying out the new idea, the fixtures for the 1960-61 season are to be divided into two sections.

Section "A":  
Eastern Transvaal Cricket Association, North-Eastern Transvaal Bantu Cricket, Transvaal District Indian Cricket Union (B) and Transvaal Cricket Association (B).

"B" Section:  
Transvaal Indian Cricket Union, Transvaal Cricket Association, City and Suburban Cricket Union.

A constitutional committee consisting of one member from each unit was appointed to review and change the present constitution to fall in line with the new set-up. The election of new office-bearers will take place at a meeting still to be convened.

### SASA Policy Non-Racial

I have been quoted in the press as opposing Black-White sparring. This is incorrect. SASA favours all forms of inter-racial sport.

What we are concerned about is the use of promising non-white boxers as punching-bags in private while denying them opportunity to prove their ability in public. It is this discrimination we are pledged to fight.

D. A. BRUTUS

Hon. Sec. SASA,  
P.O. Box 2129,  
Port Elizabeth.

The Transvaal African Cricket Union was the only body not represented at this important meeting. The Board officials did not know why they were absent, but were informed that this union has not paid its subscriptions for the current season.

## Sports flashes:

- ★ There is fishy business in the cricket world again. The Board of Control has sent out urgent invitations to the Federations for a tournament to be staged in Johannesburg over the holidays, the profits to be shared among the racial units of the Board. But the April conference agreed to re-form the Board on non-racial lines! Is this an attempt to preserve the old racialism, Mr. Varachia?
- ★ Congratulations to Mr. R. S. Govender of Durban who marries shortly. He will be remembered as the Secretary of the SASA Steering Committee.
- ★ Question: Have the provincial bodies been asked to select PROVINCIAL sides against D'Oliviera's XI?
- ★ The SASA Executive agreed last week to ask all national bodies to join them in fighting racialism and to launch a campaign against all racial sporting events. It will come before the Biennial General Meeting on the 6th and 7th January, 1962.

### Congo — United Nations Disarmament

Come and hear speakers on the vital questions of peace and national liberation in Africa today.

**PUBLIC MEETING**  
Kholvad House, 27 Market St.  
**SATURDAY NOVEMBER 26**  
2.30 p.m.  
All welcome

Organised by the  
South African Peace Council

### DEATHS

Vandeyar Chinamal, beloved mother of Reggie, died 15th November after long illness. Deepest sympathy to family from Paul and Addie.

Vandeyar Chinamal, died 15th November. Deepest sympathy to Reggie and family from Wolfie.

# ARNOLD'S XMAS HAMPERS

## Delivery Schedules for 1960

Friday November 25

**Boksburg:**  
Asiatic Bazaar  
Stirtonville

Saturday November 26

**Benoni:**  
Wattville  
Location  
Actonville  
Edenvale

Monday November 28

Natalspruit  
Alberton  
Meyerton

Tuesday November 29

Springs—Kwa Thema

Wednesday November 30

Orlando East  
Dube

Thursday December 1

**Krugersdorp:**  
Munsieville

**Roodepoort:**  
Dobsonville  
Florida  
Luipaardsvlei

Friday December 2

Mofolo South  
Zondi

Saturday December 3

**Pretoria:**  
Lady Selborne  
**Nigel:**  
Dunnottar  
Heidelberg  
Balfour

Diepkloof

Jabulani

Monday December 5

**Randfontein**  
New Location

Tuesday December 6

Meadowlands  
Zola

Wednesday December 7

Alexandra

Thursday December 8

Benoni—Daveyton

Friday December 9

Emdeni  
Naledi  
Moroka North

Saturday December 10

Brakpan  
Brakpan State Mines  
Springs—Payneville

Monday December 12

**Randfontein:**  
Old Location  
Westonaria  
Robinson

Tuesday December 13

Evaton  
Vereeniging  
Vanderbijlpark

Wednesday December 14

Atteridgeville

Thursday December 15

**Pretoria:**  
Atteridgeville



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