FROM SOUTH ACRICANT CONGRESS OF TRADE CONTOURS

MATERIAL

THE STATEMENT BY THE ALL-IN AFRICAN CONFERENCE HELD AT BLOEMFONTEIN

En ) . On the 4th - 6th october 1956

The African people of the Union of South Africa at the invitation of the

The African people of the Union of South Africa at the invitation of the Interdenominational African Ministers' Federation assembled in conference held in Bloemfontein from the 4th - 6th October, 1956 to consider the Tomlinson Report.

The representative character of the conference was indicated by the fact that over 394 delegates drawn from all parts of the country, both rural and urban, and representing all shades of African political and other opinion were in attendance.

Careful consideration was given to all aspects of the report, the discussion being preceded by papers prepared by leaders of African thought who are acknow-ledged authorities in their field with which they dealt.

After detailed examination of the principles and policies enunciated in the report, the conference desires to place on record its total rejection of the report as a comprehensive plan for the implementation of Apartheid in South Africa, for the following reasons:-

(1) The Tomlinson Report concedes at chapter 25. para. 22. "that a solution of this problem will only have been achieved, when a satisfactory arrangement in regard to the political aspect is arrived at".

This conference can find nothing in the report remotely resembling a satisfactory arrangement in regard to the political aspect. An arrangement on their own premises could logically only mean sovereign independence of the so-called Bantu areas.

(2) The report states the choice before South Africa in the following terms, chapter 25 para 42. "The commission believes that it possible so to regulate our race relations in this country, as to ensure to both groups a maximum degree of satisfaction. It is evident that one group should not seek to further its interests and future position at the cost of the other. Satisfaction can only be obtained on basis of an ethical formula which meets all the requirements of justice and equity. This can be stated as follows:-

That as the Bantu come to shape our christian principles and our civilisation, and their sense of duty and responsibility develops, all rights and privileges, as well as duties and responsibilities will have to be accorded them either (a) together with the Europeans (i.e. as part and parcel of the European community) or (b) together as Bantu (i.e. course in the future). Indeed, the present so-called middle way leads, as already pointed out, inescapably towards integration. The only alternatives available are, therefore, either the path of ultimate integration (i.e. fusion with Europeans) or that of ultimate, complete separation between Europeans and Bantu."

This conference does not subscribe to the view that the choice before South Africa consists only of two cast-iron alternatives - viz. "ultimate complete integration" or "ultimate complete separation between Europeans and Bantu". Conference maintains that a proper reading of the South African situation calls for co-operation and interdependence between the various races comprising the South African nation and denies that this arrangement would constitute a threat to the survival of the white man in South Africa.

- (3) The conference finds that the net result of the implementation of the momlinson report will be a continuation of the status quo and indeed an aggration of the worst evils of the present system including their extension to the protectorates. Under the present conditions the policy and practice of Apartheid denies the African inalienable and basic human rights on the pretext that the African is a threat to white survival and denies him:-
  - (a) A share in the Government of the country.

(b) Inviolability of the home.

(c) Economic rights, the rights to collective bargaining and to sell labour on the best market.

- (d) The right to free assembly and freedom of travel, movement and association.
- (e) Inviolability of person.
- (f) Civil rights.

#### ECONOMIC

This Conference has examined the detailed plans for the economic development of the Reserves put forward by the Commission but can find no justification for the view that this development should be linked with the application of the policy of Apartheid. The conference maintains that any programme of rehabilitation and development of these distressed areas of the Union based upon this ideological approach will not command the desired support and co-operation of the African people.

The general economic development of the resources of all parts of the country in which the skills and abilities of all its peoples are utilised is sound policy. But a separate plan of development of the Native areas based on the policy of Apartheid and the concept of separate national homes for the Africans coupled with deprivation of basic and economic opportunities and rights in the rest of the country is something totally unacceptable to this conference.

Furthermore this conference notes that the Government itself in its white paper on the report has rejected some of the principal and most significant recommendations of the Commission and has thus undermined the goals which it sets out to achieve. Thus the claim that the Government is moving in the direction of these goals emerges as a hollow political bluff.

#### CIVIL RIGHTS

In dealing with the question of civil liberties, the Tomlinson Report is at pains to prove that in regard to their "wider civil rights" the Africans "are substantially in no worse position than other sections of the population."

This conference rejects this false picture of the South African situation which seeks to gloss over the glaring inequalities and disabilities from which the Africans suffer under the mounting discriminatory legislation of a Parliament in which they have no effective representation.

The continuation of this policy has already created a grave situation in which orderly government and the foundations of South Africa are seriously threatened. Police raids, banishment orders, dismissals for political non-conformity, extension of the pass system to women, detention camps, farm prisons, convict labour, the slave markets, euphemistically called the labour bureaux and all the other trappings of a police state constitute an insufferable burden to the African people.

The conference reiterates the demand of the African people for the abolition of discriminatory laws and the extension of fullcitizenship rights to all which alone will guarantee peaceful and harmonious relations between black and white in South Africa.

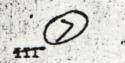
### EDUCATION

The recommendations of the Tomlinson Report on Education are unrealistic as they propose to prepare pupils for a life in a society which is non-existent - a mythical Bantustan - Economic and world forces tend to channel African development in the opposite direction of co-operation and interdependence.

One of the tests of a good education system is whether it is able to throw up leaders of ability and character. In spite of the promise of full development opportunities in the future separate sphere, it seems that the training of leaders does not occupy a very high place in the priorities of the new system. Thoroughness, breadth of vision and individual excellence are being played down as against superficial education of the mass of the people.

Further the compulsory use of the African languages as media of instruction throughout the educational system will tend to reduce horizons and make true university education impossible by diminishing the opportunities of intercommunication between the African groups themselves and the wider world in

general/....



of which they form a part.

The contemplated establishment of a Bantu University of South Africa with constituent colleges organised on an ethnic basis would be a further threat to academic freedom. The colleges established under such a scheme of differentation would not only be starved of adequate financial support but would also suffer from isolation from the other university institutions of the country and deterioration in academic standards, equipment, staff and personnel.

## CHURCHES

The Commission looksupon the Church or Churches as something to be controlled and used by the Government to further its own schemes. The conferences disagrees with the Commission on the grounds that the Churches are the instruments of God for the establishment of His Kingdom on earth. And they are therefore answerable to God with a right to intervene in moral issues affecting the nation ub u whole.

# SEPARATE AREAS AND NATIONAL HOMES

Conference rejects the theory that there can be in South Africa so-called European Areas and Bantu Areas. Africans and other Non-Europeans claim that there is not an inch of South African soil to which they are not entitled on an equal basis with Europeans. Conference therefore asserts that Africans and other Non-Europeans are entitled to all rights, privileges and immunities enjoyed by Europeans wherever they live and work. Conference therefore condemns the mass removals of Non-Europeans and their dispossession of freehold rights under the Native Resettlement Act of 1952, the Group Areas Act of 1950, as amended, and similar legislation.

Conference rejects the concept of National homes for Africans in certain arbitrarily defined areas for the following reasons:-

- Africans are the indigenous inhabitants of the country with an indisputable claim to the whole of South Africa as their home.
- They reject the concept on the further ground that there is no part of the country to whose development they have not made their full contribution.
- (c) They reject the concept finally because it facilitates the ex-. ploitation and economic strangulation of the Africans and perpetuates white domination,

#### TAXATION

The Tomlinson Report has suggested a revision of the direct taxation paid by the Africans

"With a view to an increase in such taxation commensurate with their high earning capacity and the low monitory value of the pound."

In the opinion of this conference it is difficult to appreciate the Commission's suggestion and reasoning because for precisely the same reason of low monitory value of the pound the earning capacity and the ability to pay direct taxation of the African are affected. It must be noted further that the Commission seems to have taken no account of the increase in recent years of the number of Africans who pay Income Tax on the same basis as Europeans. Commission has also not considered the inequality of the present system of direct taxation of the Africans upon which it has based its recommendations nor can direct taxation alone be a true index of the full contribution of the African people to the total revenue of the country without taking into account their contribution in indirect taxation.

The belief so widely held by white South Africans that it is so-called white monies that are financing African services and welfare is total disregard of the fact that the very profits and incomes made by Europeans are the result of the use of Africans as an essential factor in production and the low wage paid to them. In other words it is the Africans who are subsidising Europeans and not vice versa.

CONCLUBION .....

## CONCLUSION

This conference is convinced that the present policy of Apartheid constitutes a serious threat to race relations in the country. Therefore in the interests of all the people and the future of our country this conference calls upon all National organisations to mobilise all people irrespective of race, colour or creed to form a united front against apartheid.

This conference welcomes the initiative of the Interdenominational African Ministers' Federation in bringing together African leaders to consider the Tomlinson Report and its implications for South Africa and appeals to the Christian Churches in South Africa to take a clear and unequivocal stand in the defence of christian and human values now being trampled underfoot in the name of apartheid.

Conference appeals to that strong and powerful body for which the Dutch Reformed Church speaks with recognised authority to re-examine its approach to the race question. Conference calls upon all South Africans who realise the dangers and effects of Apartheid to take positive steps to break down the colour bar in group relations. We urge them furthermore to ensure that democratic and christian opinion expresses itself on discriminatory legislation in ways most likely to impress on the mind of the people of South Africa the urgent need for a positive alternative to Apartheid or separate development.

Signed on behalf of Conference

(Rev) Z.R. Mahabane - Chairman of National Conference.

(Rev) A.L. Mncube - Secretary of National Conference. **Collection Number: AD1812** 

# RECORDS RELATING TO THE 'TREASON TRIAL' (REGINA vs F. ADAMS AND OTHERS ON CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON, ETC.), 1956 1961

**TREASON TRIAL, 1956 1961** 

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