

26.4.1

C/S/1/1

(45)

28th February, 1961

Dr. A.D. Lazarus,
Sastri College,
DURBAN.

Dear Arthur,

Thank you so much for your telling description of the difficulties Indians experience when wishing to travel. These difficulties are quite deplorable. I have passed your article to our Editor, who is most grateful.

With many thanks and kindest regards,

Very sincerely,

↓

Muriel Horrell (Miss)
RESEARCH OFFICER.

25

28 FEB 1961



SASTRI COLLEGE

PHONE 25548

DURBAN

76-2-61

Dear Musiel,

Sorry this has
been a bit slow - blame
the beginning of year rush.

I hope it is what
you wanted. Kindest regards

Very sincerely

Arthur

C/E/1/1

13th April, 1961.

M.I. Gardee, Esq.,
P.O. Box 21,
White River,
EASTERN TRANSVAAL

(40)

Dear Mr. Gardee,

I have been thinking over our conversation, and discussed the matter with our Director. What I will gladly do is ask our Southern Transvaal Region (which deals with local matters in its Region) to help me draw up a memorandum on the need for hospital facilities in Johannesburg for Indians. We will collect information, and send you the memorandum as soon as we can.

I would suggest that if you want to press for the old Non-European Hospital next to the Medical School to be made available as an Indian hospital, you should yourself add a paragraph to this effect, and discuss the matter with Mr. Ferreira if you see him.

I hope that this arrangement will be suitable to you.

It was delightful to meet you.

Yours sincerely,

Muriel Horrell (Miss)
RESEARCH OFFICER.

24 APR 1961

TELEPHONE 12

TELEGRAMS: "GARDEE"

P.O. BOX 21

M. I. GARDEE & SONS (PTY) LTD.

GENERAL MERCHANTS

WHITE RIVER,

EASTERN TRANSVAAL

BRANCHES:
PLASTON EMPORIUM (PTY.) LTD.
GARDEE BROS. (PTY.) LTD.
GARDEE'S CASH STORE (PTY.) LTD.
CYCLE HOUSE (PTY.) LTD.
H. M. GARDEE (PTY.) LTD.
M. I. G. & SONS (PTY.) LTD.
RUNNING WATER TRADING STORE
WHITE RIVER DRAPERS & OUTFITTERS

KAMG/BDJ.

19th April, 1961.

Miss M. Horrell,
Research Officer,
S.A. Institute of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Miss Herrell,

I wish to thank you for your letter of the 13th instant and note contents thereof.

I also wish to thank you for your courtesy in giving me an interview, and can assure you it was a pleasure ^{able} meeting you.

I will do exactly as you mention in your second paragraph of your letter, and shall look forward to receiving the memorandum.

Yours sincerely,


KHALIL AHMAD GARDEE.

DIRECTOR.

Alb file

C/S/1/1

31st July, 1961.

(42)

The Hon. O.D. Schreiner,
"Lyndall",
Sixth Avenue,
Lower Houghton,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Judge Schreiner,

re: Transvaal Indian Youth Congress

Do you wish to send a message to the Transvaal Indian Youth Congress. It is rather a radical group which, however, does not prevent a temperate message being sent.

Yours sincerely,

Quintin Whyte.

P.O. Box ~~2948~~

27 JUL 1961
Telephone 33-9193

TRANSVAAL INDIAN YOUTH CONGRESS

~~4, KORT STREET,~~
JOHANNESBURG

PLEASE NOTE CHANGE OF ADDRESS:

P.O. Box 10120.

5 BARKLEY ARCADE,
4 DIAGONAL STREET,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Sir,

The Transvaal Indian Youth Congress is holding its 16th Annual Conference on August 27th, 1961 at the DUNCAN HALL (CITY HALL) JOHANNESBURG. The main theme of the Conference will be "Youth in the Struggle for Freedom."

The Indian Youth, like all the sections of the people of South Africa, suffer under a Government based on race hatred and colour discrimination. In the past year our schools, our jobs and our homes have been threatened under the vicious race laws. We have been deprived of proper University education and our opportunities for development are blocked.

The Indian Youth realise that "its better to die fighting on your feet than to live on your knees." We have therefore allied ourselves with the Congress Movement in its fight for freedom. In the past year our members have courageously withstood the onslaughts of a police state.

On the occasion of its 16th Conference the Youth Conference will deem it an honour to receive a message of greetings from you.

We hope to receive your message by the 17th August, so that it can be included in the Conference agenda.

Thanking you in anticipation,
With best wishes,
Yours for freedom,

P. Farid Adams
P. FARID ADAMS
Secretary

TRANSVAAL INDIAN YOUTH CONGRESS.

1954

1961

the

WAR



in



ALGERIA

"The two little babies you photographed on the Tunisian border last November - they both died in February."

- a friend of the Algerian refugees.

These were refugee children who died of hunger; who died because the people of Algeria are denied their freedom.

They die as a result of a war being fought by the French colonialists against the people of Algeria.

It is now seven years since the war in Algeria started.

The war has meant

- * 800,000 Algerians killed
- * 100,000 Algerians in jails and concentration camps
- * 300,000 refugees
- * Two and a half millions Algerians in French re-settlement camps.

Seven years of death, destruction and misery imposed by French soldiers on men, women and children.

Seven years of starvation and death for little babies and mothers in the French re-settlement and concentration camps.

Seven years of torture for the men of Algeria.

THIS IS WHAT THE PAST SEVEN YEARS
HAS MEANT TO THE ALGERIAN PEOPLE

The French soldiers are carrying out a war of annihilation so that Algeria can remain a colony of France - so that Algeria can be exploited to fill the coffers of the French capitalists.

ALL THIS MUST COME TO AN END.

People throughout the world are demanding an end to the aggression in Algeria.

Let us demand that the French negotiate with the only legitimate spokesmen of the Algerian people - the Algerian Provisional Government of Ferhat Abbas.

Let us demand an end to the war and help spare human life and misery - let us give those innocent babies a chance to live.

LET US HELP END THE WAR IN ALGERIA!

Throughout the world, men and women, moved by the desperate plight of the Algerian refugees have come forward to assist in whatever way they can.

Cash, clothing, medicines and food are urgently required. Do your share by contributing to the Algerian refugees. Perhaps your contribution will help save the life of an innocent victim of imperialism.

The Transvaal Indian Youth Congress will gladly assist an individual or organisation wishing to send a contribution to the refugees.

MORE ABOUT ALGERIA

For further information on Algeria read "Algeria" - a factual booklet on the struggle of the people of Algeria published by Afrika publishers and obtainable from New Age offices everywhere. Price 10c.

Issued by the Transvaal Indian Youth Congress, P.O. Box 10120, Johannesburg.

UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

Ref. Pers.

P. O. Box 375

PIETERMARITZBURG

22nd September, 1961.

Tel Add. "UNIVERSITY."

Dept. of History and Political
Science



Miss M.M. Horrell,
c/o South African Institute
of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Miss Horrell,

Ken Heard was in to see me the other day, and asked if there was any news of his pamphlet, of whether it is acceptable and the time it is being published.

I take this opportunity of telling you that Mr. B. Pachai has just finished his thesis on "The Emergence of the South African Indian Question as an International Issue, 1906-1960", and it will be sent to you early in October. I should break the news to you that it apparently consists of over 760 typed pages of foolscap.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Edgar H. Brookes'.

(Edgar H. Brookes)

EHB/EFP

MS. 9/11/11
22 SEP 1961

NR. 98/1961,

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS : Natal Region.

Copy of letter received by the Secretary, Southern Transvaal Region,
from the Secretary for Indian Affairs, Pretoria, dated 26th August, 1961.

Please Quote: 13/3/3.

Department of Indian Affairs,
P.O. Box 244,
PRETORIA.

26.8.61.

The Secretary,
Southern Transvaal Regional Committee,
South African Institute of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Copy

Madam,

PERMITS FOR ASIATICS.

1. With reference to your letter of the 26th May, 1961, I have to inform you that in terms of the restrictive provisions of a Deeming Order issued in 1913 under Section 4 (I) (a) of Act No. 22 of 1913, as amended, all Asiatics are prohibited persons in provinces other than those in which they are lawfully resident.
2. Should Asiatics decide to travel to another province they should, in terms of regulation 22 of the regulations framed under Act 22 of 1913, as amended, and published in Government Notice No. 1055 of the 29th June, 1928, obtain Visiting Permits at the nearest Passport Control Office or at their local Magistrate's Office.
3. For obvious reasons no special provision can be made to cater for all members of the public who require emergency services outside normal office hours. Passports, for example, are not obtainable on Sundays and public holidays. Nevertheless, in bona fide cases of emergency any practical difficulties experienced are always taken into full account. In the case of an Indian who cannot obtain a visiting permit in the circumstances mentioned by you, it is suggested that he informs the Police Authorities, before departure, of his difficulties. If he does so and reports to the Police or Passport Control Office at his destination as soon as practicable after his arrival, no action will be taken against him merely because he could not obtain a visiting permit prior to his departure.

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.)

v.d. Merwe ?

DWR/SMG.

SECRETARY FOR INDIAN AFFAIRS.

26 September 1961

Dr. the Hon. E.H. Brookes,
P.O. Box 375,
PIETERMARITZBURG.

Dear Dr. Brookes,

The reason for the delay with Mr. Heard's manuscript is that I haven't yet heard from the second referee. I am sending a reminder note. The first referee was very favourably impressed. He suggests a few minor amendments. I have been keeping these back until hearing from the second person, but think that I had better now send them to Mr. Heard, and will do so.

Your note about Mr. Pachai's thesis has filled me with some dismay, in that I cannot possibly undertake to read it until well on into December. Until then I shall be quite frantically busy, evenings and weekends included, on the next Survey of Race Relations and the book on trade unionism, besides coping with manuscripts by others and normal routine. I am even cutting out all social engagements. In the circumstances, could Mr. Pachai wait until late December? Alternatively, would it be best to get someone else to read it?

Yours sincerely,

M.H.

MURIEL HORRELL (MISS)
RESEARCH OFFICER

UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

Tel Add. "UNIVERSITY."

Dept. of History and
Political Science



Ref. 28

P.O. Box 375
PIETERMARITZBURG
29th September, 1961

Miss M.M. Horrell,
c/o South African Institute of
Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Miss Horrell,

Thank you for your letter of the 26th September. I note what you write about Mr. Heard's manuscript, and I assume that you will be writing direct to him.

With regard to Mr. Pachai's thesis, we should very much like to retain you as an Examiner, despite the delay. If, of course, you could get started earlier, we should appreciate it, but if you find an early start impossible, we must just accept the situation.

Yours sincerely,

(Edgar H. Brookes)

EHB/EFPP

UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

PIETERMARITZBURG AND DURBAN



Office of
the Secretary

Reference No.

Tel. Add.: "UNIVERSITY"

Telephone: 2-2385

P.O. Box 375
PIETERMARITZBURG
South Africa

3rd. October, 1961.

Miss M.M. Horrell,
c/o S.A. Institute of Race Relations,
P.o. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Madam,

I understand that you have indicated your willingness to act as external examiner of a thesis presented by Mr. B. Pachai for the Ph.D. degree. The thesis, entitled "The Emergence of the Question of the South African Indian as an International Issue - 1860-1961", has been posted to you under registered cover.

The other examiners are Professor Brookes of this University and Dr. J. van der Poel of the University of Cape Town. The thesis is the property of the University and payment of the examiner's fee of R.20.00 is conditional upon its return to my office.

Enclosed with the thesis are extracts from the regulations and information for the guidance of examiners as well as a copy of the Supervisor's report.

Would you kindly let me have your report in due course.

Yours faithfully,

Dul. Lourens Dine
SECRETARY

6th October, 1961.

The Secretary,
University of Natal,
P.O. Box 375,
PIETERMARITZBURG,
Natal.

Dear Sir,

Thank you for your letter of 3 October about Mr. Pachai's thesis. I told Professor Brookes that I am quite unable to read it until December, and he replied that nevertheless he would like me to be an examiner. Thus I hope you will appreciate that I cannot send my comments until then.

Yours faithfully,

MURIEL HORRELL (MISS)
RESEARCH OFFICER

1. Inter-provincial Restrictions:

an *
ACT
1961
check.
Summary
of
Rade
Affairs

a. Indians are prohibited persons in provinces other than those in which they are lawfully resident.

This is in terms of the restrictive provisions of a Deeming Order issued in 1913 under Section 4 (1) (a) of Act No. 22 of 1913 as amended. ✓

b. There is further restriction on Asiatics who wish to travel to another province. Should they wish to do so, then ^{they have to obtain} a visiting permit ~~obtained~~ at the nearest Control Office or the local Magistrate's office. ✓

c. No Indian may visit another Province for a period longer than three months in any one year. ✓

d. In cases of emergency, an Indian who urgently needs a travel permit out of normal office hours is advised to inform Police Authorities, before departure, of his difficulties, before he does so and reports to the Police or Passport Control Office at his destination as soon as practicable after his arrival, no

3 months' without observance of a fund.

* Action will be taken against him merely because he could not obtain a visiting permit prior to his departure.

e. Indians are prohibited immigrants in the Orange Free State, and except in transit no Indian may remain in the Orange Free State for a period longer than 24 hrs.

check R.R. news 1961 Ant Nazarens.
f. Indians are prohibited immigrants in the Transkei, and may not use the Transkei in transit, say from Durban to P. Elizabeth.

g. These restrictions on Inter-provincial movement and domicile affects Asiatics only, and not other racial groups in the Republic. The implementation of these restrictions has caused much resentment and frustration among Indians. They see no reason why their movement has to be restricted in the land of their birth.

B. Registration of all Male Indians over 16 yrs.

- a. All male Asiatics on reaching the age of 16 are compelled to register with the Registrar of Asiatics Pretoria.
- b. As proof thereof the Transvaal Asiatic Registration Certificate is issued to all male Asiatics who are so registered.
- c. This document must be produced on demand by any Immigration official and must be produced when an Asiatic makes an application for any travel document.
- d. Indians look upon this ^{Certificate} ~~document~~ as a duplication of documents, since Indians, like other S.A. Citizens are required to possess the Population Registration Card (Identity Card). They also look upon this Certificate as ~~both~~ humiliating and unnecessary, infringing on their personal dignity.

?
duplicate.
of
T. & R. C.

C. Permission from the Registrar of Asiatics for Marriage Purposes:

- a. Before an Indian ~~may~~ contracts a Civil marriage, he has to obtain from the Registrar of Asiatics and present to the Marriage Officer or Magistrate written consent to the marriage, failing which, the marriage ~~Indians~~ may not be legalised.

Indians view this arbitrary action on the part of the Department of Justice an infringement of their personal integrity.

D. Prohibition of Indians from Bringing wives from outside S. Africa.

Mrs. Scott

9/11/11

(36)

25th October, 1961.

The Honourable the Prime Minister,
Union Buildings,
PRETORIA.

Dear Sir,

Re: Department of Indian Affairs

My Institute wishes respectfully to point out that the Indian people of South Africa are closely integrated into the South African community, especially in Natal, where they have contributed very greatly to the total prosperity of the country.

The Indian community has accepted, and still accepts, responsibilities which normally should not have been placed upon its shoulders, e.g. its members have raised very large sums of money towards the provision of their own educational and health facilities. This does not, however, justify the continuance of separate treatment for them in these or other respects.

The Institute is satisfied that the vast majority of South African Indians do not want to be made into a separate section with its own Department. Whatever justification the Government might feel it has in regard to the Africans, for whom certain so-called "homelands" have been provided, that cannot apply to the Indian community. The Institute therefore urges that the Government should reconsider its plan to treat them on a differential basis by setting up a separate Department of Indian Affairs. Such separate departments set up for the Coloured and African people, while having accomplished much excellent work, have underlined differences rather than fostered unity. Matters such as education, health and welfare are of national, not sectional, importance, and should be dealt with by departments concerned with the needs of all the people of the country.

Yours faithfully,

Q. Whyte
Quintin Whyte,
Director.

C O N F I D E N T I A L .

C O P Y .

RR. 185/61.
RvR. 30.10.61.

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS (INC)
SUID-AFRIKAANSE INSTITUUT VIR RASSEVERHOUDINGS (INGELYF)
P.O. Box 97 JOHANNESBURG Posbus 97

25th October, 1961.

The Honourable the Prime Minister,
Union Buildings,
P R E T O R I A .

Dear Sir,

Re: Department of Indian Affairs.

My Institute wishes respectfully to point out that the Indian people of South Africa are closely integrated into the South African community, especially in Natal, where they have contributed very greatly to the total prosperity of the country.

The Indian community has accepted, and still accepts, responsibilities which normally should not have been placed upon its shoulders, e.g. its members have raised very large sums of money towards the provision of their own educational and health facilities. This does not, however, justify the continuance of separate treatment for them in these or other respects.

The Institute is satisfied that the vast majority of South African Indians do not want to be made into a separate section with its own Department. Whatever justification the Government might feel it has in regard to the Africans, for whom certain so-called "homelands" have been provided, that cannot apply to the Indian community. The Institute therefore urges that the Government should reconsider its plan to treat them on a differential basis by setting up a separate Department of Indian Affairs. Such separate departments set up for the Coloured and African people, while having accomplished much excellent work, have underlined differences rather than fostered unity. Matters such as education, health and welfare are of national, not sectional, importance, and should be dealt with by departments concerned with the needs of all the people of the country.

Yours faithfully,

Sgd. F.J. van Wyk,

pp Quintin Whyte,
DIRECTOR.

CH/1/1

The Regional Secretary,
P.O. Box 1257,
PORT ELIZABETH.

19th November, 1962.

Dear Mr. Fenton,

3 copies of RR. 146/62, Legal Disabilities of
Indians, were posted to you on 12 October. If they have not
arrived will you please let me know.

A further copy is enclosed.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs.) M. Scott,
ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT.

19 NOV 1962

THE SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS
(INCORPORATED)

CAPE EASTERN REGION

Telephone 2-5606
Telegrams "Ubuntu"
P.O. Box 1257

Secretary: A.R. Fenton

210 SOUTHERN LIFE BUILDING,
MAIN STREET,
PORT ELIZABETH.

14th November, 1962.

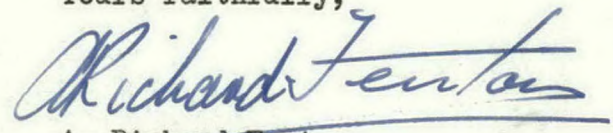
The Director,
S.A. Institute of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Sir,

With reference to the letter to my Chairman on the Rights of Indian Women, my Committee would like a copy of the memorandum on the 'Legal liabilities of Indians in S.A.'

3 copies sent 12/10

Yours faithfully,



A. Richard Fenton.
Regional Secretary.

27th November, 1961.

Professor the Hon. E.H. Brookes,
12, Chamberlain Road,
P I E T E R M A R I T Z B U R G .
Natal.

Dear Professor Brookes,

I am so sorry, but have been quite desperately busy and so far have done nothing about Mr. Pachai's thesis. I have now just completed writing the Survey, but still have to discuss it with Dr. Hellmann, make any changes she suggests, check the proofs of this, the book on trade unionism and Mr. Heard's book, and index the first two. Also there is much routine work awaiting attention.

From now on, however, there should be occasional gaps while awaiting proofs, etc., and I will try to start reading the thesis as soon as possible.

Yours sincerely,



MURIEL HORRELL (MISS).
RESEARCH OFFICER.

4 December, 1961. 30

Professor the Hon. E.H. Brookes,
Department of History and Political Science,
University of Natal,
P.O. Box 375,
PIETERMARITZBURG.

Dear Professor Brookes,

At last I have had time to read Mr. Pachai's thesis, and would like to congratulate him and you on it.

Attached is a copy of a report I have sent to the Secretary of the University.

The thesis has been returned.

Yours sincerely,

MURIEL HORRELL (MISS)
RESEARCH OFFICER.

UNIVERSITY OF NATAL

15 DEC 1961

Tel. Add. "UNIVERSITY"

Dept. of.....



P.O. Box 375
PIETERMARITZBURG

C/E/1/1

12th December, 1961.

Miss M. Horrell,
S.A. Institute of
Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Madam,

I have been requested
by Professor Brookes to acknowledge
receipt of your letter of the 4th
December and the report on Mr. Pacha's
thesis.

Yours faithfully,

D.M. Louw

SECRETARY.

/ca

Collection Number: AD1715

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS (SAIRR), 1892-1974

PUBLISHER:

Collection Funder:- Atlantic Philanthropies Foundation

Publisher:- Historical Papers Research Archive

Location:- Johannesburg

©2013

LEGAL NOTICES:

Copyright Notice: All materials on the Historical Papers website are protected by South African copyright law and may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, displayed, or otherwise published in any format, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Disclaimer and Terms of Use: Provided that you maintain all copyright and other notices contained therein, you may download material (one machine readable copy and one print copy per page) for your personal and/or educational non-commercial use only.

People using these records relating to the archives of Historical Papers, The Library, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, are reminded that such records sometimes contain material which is uncorroborated, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. While these digital records are true facsimiles of paper documents and the information contained herein is obtained from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand has not independently verified their content. Consequently, the University is not responsible for any errors or omissions and excludes any and all liability for any errors in or omissions from the information on the website or any related information on third party websites accessible from this website.

This document forms part of the archive of the South African Institute of Race Relations (SAIRR), held at the Historical Papers Research Archive at The University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa.