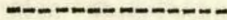


COMPOSITE RESOLUTION ON NATIONAL CONVENTION

Adopted by the 42nd Annual Conference of
the S.A. Labour Party 10th & 11th Jan. 1953.



This Conference of the South African Labour Party suggests that a National Convention or similar body should be formed, the members of which shall be the direct representatives of all sections of the people.

The task of the Convention shall be to devise and recommend to Parliament a progressive system, or plan, acceptable to the representatives on the Convention.

Technical and Secretarial staff shall be provided from State Departments as requested by the Convention.

The members of the Convention should be decided after consultation with the leaders of the various groups.

The South African Labour Party shall advocate the formation of a Convention as suggested and shall endeavour to secure legislation necessary for the establishment of such a Convention forthwith.

The South African Labour Party shall establish a Race Relations Committee which shall, inter alia, consult with the various leaders of racial groups, and with constant reference to the Declaration of Human Rights, shall recommend, if it finds it necessary, a new non-European policy to a Special Conference called for that purpose, at the earliest possible date.

In the meantime the Race Relations Committee of the Party shall consult with other bodies which have made a study of race relations, establish contact with leaders of various groups and, by an interchange of views, seek to improve relationships, understanding and Party policy.

Head Office

32 KERK STREET

PHONE 33-5901/3441

P. O. Box 2864

Telegrams: "SALPO"

All correspondence to be
addressed to the Secretary

SOUTH AFRICAN LABOUR PARTY
SUID-AFRIKAANSE ARBEIDSPARTY

JOHANNESBURG

Hoofkantoor

KERKSTRAAT 32

FOON 33-5901/3441

P. K. Bus 2864

Telegramme: "SALPO"

Alle korrespondensie moet
aan die Sekretaris gerig word

29 JAN 1953

26th January 1953.

Mr. A. Quintin Whyte,
S.A. Institute of Race Relations,
19, Stiemens St.,
BRAAMFONTEIN.
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Sir,

We herewith enclose the Non-European Policy adopted by the Labour Party Conference on the 10th and 11th January 1953, and also a copy of the Composite Resolution in regard to the need for convening a National Convention which should represent directly all sections of the people of the Union.

Our Committee is desirous of meeting Representatives of your Executive to explore the possibility of your collaborating with us, or if found more advisable, for your Institute to take over the initiative of convening the National Convention, and for us to collaborate with you in this all important work.

We would therefore be pleased if your Executive would meet our Committee, either at your office or at ours, at a time mutually convenient, so that the matter could be discussed between us.

Should you wish extra copies of our Non-European Policy or the Composite Resolution for distribution amongst your Executive, we shall be pleased to send these to you.

Yours faithfully,

J. M. M. M. M. CHAIRMAN.

R. M. M. SECRETARY.

Miss Ritchie
Asst. Sec.

~~Le (iii)~~
Le (ii)

QW/MK

11th February, 1953.

The Secretary,
South African Labour Party,
P. O. Box 2864,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Madam,

I thank you for your letter of 26th January, 1953 with the two enclosures.

8 My own Executive Committee will be meeting on the 24th of this month when I shall put your letter and suggestions forward. I will be very grateful if you could send me 25 copies of both the Resolution and the Policy statement for prior distribution to my Committee.

Meanwhile may I congratulate you on the statement of Policy.

Yours sincerely,

QUINTIN WHYTE
Director

B/1/3

QW/JH.

~~MSA~~

Mr. Alan Paton,
P. O. Anerley,
South Coast,
Natal.

27th February,
1953

Dear Alan,

Thank you very much for your letter of the 3rd February 1953. We are all very sad about R.J. and he will be greatly missed in many ways. When one considers the wide range of his activities over 30-40 years, one is amazed. His effort in getting practical things done was very great and only a biographical study will bring out his full significance for South Africa.

You wonder how say R.J., van Wyk and myself can produce "extreme literature" and still remain on speaking terms with the "blind and the wicked". I believe it is the function of the Institute and its personnel to try to reconcile even the seemingly irreconcilable. Situations and attitudes are always changing, new forms are being brought into play every day and every week and if what we believe is right and true, then we must believe that all things work together for good. It may be an eventual good, but it is one which cannot be attained if we cannot influence, convert or persuade the wicked. We can only do that by remaining in contact and, despite differing views, in terms of personal friendship, if that is possible.

I have just seen the Labour Party's Statement of Policy, and have been equally surprised at the liberal tone of it. I'll send you a copy when I obtain them. I think it is worth studying for a liberal party might have something in common with them.

At the present moment there is not much that could be called a common cause between the Institute and the D. R. C. Actually my interest in the D. R. C. was first really roused by an article written by you soon after your return from the U.S.A. some years ago, where you said that the key to the future lay with the D.R.C. Since then I have maintained contact through Freddie van Wyk and Ds. Reyneke with movements in the church and I have tried to be helpful. The D.R.C. is not and cannot be static in its views and it is to this that I cling with hope.

S.A.B.R.A. /...

S.A.B.R.A. admitted before the Tomlinson Co. if total segregation was impossible, the Institute's logic inevitable and one of its leaders said frankly that as a he would have to accept the Institute position. Is that hopeful?

It is to incidents and trends like this that I try my optimism. I am said to be too optimistic - but has not function in that rôle?

I agree with you about O.D.W. and it has been Ins experience of him over the years. Leadership of a liberal group cannot come from him. I have not been asked to any of the discussions and so I am very ignorant of what has been going on. I see, however, that Die Burger has got hold of material circulated I would not wish in any case to take part in such discussions.

You sound pessimistic in your letter. I think that events after the election may bring about a re-alignment of forces and that something more liberal and concrete may emerge.

With all good wishes,

Yours sincerely,

Quintin Whyte,
DIRECTOR.

QW/MK

7th January, 1953.

A/S
Le MSS/19/1 for MSS

Dear Alan,

Enclosed is an idea I had - I don't think it is necessarily the right idea but I think it might lead you or others to think of something better.

I also acknowledge receipt of your manuscript which arrived to-day.

Yours sincerely,

QUINTIN WHYTE
Director.

Encl: 1.

6 FEB 1953

P.O. Anerley
3/2/53.

Dear Quintin,

Let me first express my sympathy with the Institute on the loss it has suffered through R.J.'s death. I was very fond of the boy and thought that he wrote a lot of horse sense. Also he had a gift which I do not possess, but which you I think do, and van Wy certainly does, and that is of being able to produce some pretty extreme literature and yet to be able to remain on good terms with the blind and the wicked. That's pretty good I think, and I do not despise it, but I just haven't got it, and that is not because I suppose myself to be more uncompromising and honest than yourself. In any case I think the leaders of the Institute ought to be like that, and I think further that you have produced some pretty good stuff this last year amongst you all. I am very sorry that R.J. is gone.

And now your letter of the 7th. I took it to C.T. but didn't see you. It was decided to call the Association the Liberal Association. I note all your objections, in regard to the need for a name that would appeal to Afrikaners. They were voiced too, but were almost unanimously waved aside. If it had been called something else, then the name Liberal would soon have been smelted on to it by the Nats. You may be interested to note the way, even though Hoffie is dead, that the Nats. are trying to identify the U.P. and the Liberals. If that can be done to the U.P. then it can be done to anyone. I note another thing that may have attracted your attention. Donges, Louw, Dagbreek and others say that they would welcome the emergence of a Liberal Group. They say with a touching regard for the decencies of political life, that this is the logical opposition to the Nats. Many were quite weepy when Cope's Forum went bust.

Now why is this? Some of it may be sincere, but surely there is a good Nat. reason for the emergence of a strong Liberal Group, and that is that there in their opinion would be and could be no better enemy to whip up the enthusiasm of Nat. supporters. Too weak a Liberal group would not achieve this, but in their opinion and in the opinion of quite a lot of people, the emergence of a Liberal Group which could attract even 40% of the electorate would put Nationalism in till the day of the long knife, when lots of big Nats. will be found to have nest-eggs in some of these beastly countries which have been so nasty to us, and where they will mix cheerfully with odds, sods, wops, and dagoes. And they will have a joke amongst themselves too, which will be, would you allow your daughter to marry a poor dago?

I noted your remarks about the qualified franchise, and about 'associate' members. We discussed that point too, and decided we would take any members, which I think is pretty safe. In any case I don't think that the Non-whites are going to come rushing in.

I add for your approval or otherwise that I don't really see any sign that there is any common cause to be made between Eng. speaking Liberals and the D.R.C.? This I presume is what you are concerned about. I see nothing which leads me to believe that

the country is going to be saved by the coming together of these mutually antipathetic bodies. I wish I did. Therefore it seems to me that you just have to follow your own road as it seems right to you. I don't really see how the IRR and SABRA could ever reach any kind of useful meeting ground, for the simple reason that IRR thinks separate is wrong and impossible, and SABRA thinks it right and possible. I still cling to one hope, that there may still be a hard logic of events that will knock sense into us, and I know of course that it can equally well knock the sense out of us. But I still cling to the hope that it will knock the sense into us, so that one day some really big Nat. will say, boys, I took a chance these boys were right, but it's time to turn. Wouldn't a lot of us breathe again?

I'm telling you in confidence that the Liberal Association was born in quite unremarkable circumstances. No one made a speech that set old Oppie weeping diamonds all over the floor. Leo was a tired man, and Margaret B. sat as mum as mum could be. Oscar W. was inimitable, but it takes more than inimitability to do the doings. Leslie Rubin is a sincere chap and I took a great liking to him but he is no longer young, he is a Jew, and I don't think that much can be expected from him. I liked young Walter Stanford and Oettle. I myself know myself, and I know that it would require something to possess me which does not possess me at the moment for me to go up and down the countryside preaching Liberalism. Also I am no longer young. Oscar exaggerates, and I from experience have learned not to rely too much on anyone who exaggerates. If I say to a bloke, will this rung bear my weight, and he says it will bear 900 lbs. S.A. Bureau of Standards, and I step on that rung and I go crashing down, or even if I just catch hold in time to prevent myself crashing down, then I don't put no more trust in that bloke's mathematics, and I don't drink his medicine and I don't go riding in no private aeroplane with him as pilot. Sorry to tell you all this, but it's the truth.

Also in confidence let me tell you that I have just finished a novel, which I think is a good piece of work, but which I do not expect to be as successful as its predecessor, which is a pity because I need to earn some money very soon. And tell me please, is it your intention to use "Salute"? Because if not, it is wanted somewhere else.

In the meantime best wishes to you both, and all best wishes for your work.

Yours
Alan

File

W.H. ✓
~~Mr. [unclear]~~ ✓
W.H.

5 JAN 1953

P.O. ANERLEY,
South Coast,
Natal.

2nd January, 1953.

Dear Quintin,

This is the final draft of SALUTE TO MY GREATGRANDCHILDREN.

There are two points I should like to bring to your notice.

(1) On page 8 I have written:- "Even ^{man} like Albert Schweitzer has lent his great authority to this confusion. Of course he writes out of a different world, but I prophesy that his world will be the same as ours in the end." This passage was written from memory and I have not read Schweitzer for some years. Perhaps some friend of yours who is an authority on Schweitzer might confirm my view. Otherwise, please delete these two sentences.

(2) On page 15, at the bottom of the page, there are some specific Christian sentiments. If you wish to delete them, please do so as follows:- (a) Delete "Even the great wind of the Holy Spirit", (b) Delete the passage beginning "Yet I remember" and ending "remake them".

If you decide to take the manuscript, I am willing to let you have it for £25, or if you calculate your profit on it to be less than £25, for a sum equal to the profit. I should be grateful to hear pretty soon whether you will take it or not.

I seem to remember that in the publication GO FORWARD IN FAITH it was promised that the Institute would be giving some attention to the whole question of the extension of the franchise. This question is so important and it is connected so closely with the emergence of a Liberal group or association that I am most anxious to hear what the Institute has done or is doing.

Yours sincerely,

Alan P.

Mr. Whyte File

29 OCT 1952

M/S/1

P.O. ANERLEY,
South Coast,
Natal.

26th October, 1952.

Dear Quintin,

Thank you for the addresses of Ngubane and Roux. Also for the remarks about Huggins and Hailey.

I have had an interim letter from the SATURDAY REVIEW OF LITERATURE, who are very pleased with the suggestions and will soon come to their own decisions.

I am very sorry that you and R.J. seem to be rivals for the Liberal article, and appreciate your attitude. No decision, however, has to be taken at the moment, and the S.R.L. might well decide on Mrs. Ballinger. I shall, however, keep you in touch. I agree that it is important to put forward the Liberal viewpoint very strongly at present, and am glad to say that Bishop Inman did it here very well recently.

How is WHITE CIVILISATION selling? It deserves to go well.

With regard to SALUTE TO MY GREATGRANDCHILDREN, I hope that Maurice Webb indicated to you that I would have to sell the article, and I must confess that I do not like the idea of selling articles to a non-profit organisation like the Institute.

Frankel's lecture I must read again. Am I right in supposing that it comes to no point?

Your remarks on the Liberal Party are very interesting, and I am glad that you agree that it can have no colour-bar. Probably there will not even be any form of civilisation test. It may be that the very propagation of Liberal principles will alienate Communists, Nationalists, and climbers. I agree with you that you cannot have a Party limited to voters, and an association open to all.

I hope you both have a good holiday. I am coming up in December and hope to see you then. Don't fear to write quite frankly about the pamphlet.

Yours sincerely,

Alan P.

Mr Whyte

P.O. Anorley
Natal.

15/11/52.

Dear Quentin,

Just a line to let you know that I will not now be a guest-editor of the Saturday Review. I sent them many suggestions, & it was a great surprise when they suddenly decided that it would be better if the task of editing was kept by themselves. As they uttered no word of apology, I refused to take any further part. Matthews & Ngubane are writing for the issue - what its contents otherwise will be, I have no ideas.

Many thanks for your very helpful advice.

Yours

Alan P.



POSKAART · POST CARD



CHUNIESPOORT—CHUNIES POORT
NOORD-/NORTH TRANSCVAAL

*Alleen vir die adres
For address only*

19 NOV 1952

Quentin Whyte, Esq.,
Box 97,
Johannesburg.



No. 0 / File A/Pats | 19 | 1

~~No. 0~~

~~File~~

Alan Paton

Not QW's file?

I.O. Amery
30/3/53

Dear Quintin,

Thanks for your letter about "Salute to my great-grandchildren," & for your suggestion about the "Saturday Evening Post"; I don't think however I'll follow it.

I still believe that the DRC is a factor of the utmost importance in our situation, & am glad you do also.

The position is clear - if total segregation is impossible, then the two alternatives are domination & integration.

Or shall we say -

Total Segregation - White Domination - Partnership - Black Domⁱⁿ

The thing is, what kind of partnership? Now some folks are saying, what's all this talk about partnership, let's have economic development. The truth is that separation, white leadership, partnership, economic development, all are ideas with content, & all must be considered.

The industrialists are abstractionists - they focus

economic development, a peak-peak partnership.

It's a great life if one doesn't
weaken. Glad to have my view of O.D.W.
confirmed. In the meantime all good wishes
to the I.R.R. You will note that I
declined to stand for the Presidency;
I didn't even try with the idea.

I can tell you confidentially that
a story sent to Scribner & Life has
had a great reception — but I do not
set store by publishers' receptions. However
I trust they are right; it may
help to restore my disappearing fortunes

Yours sincerely

Alan S.

6(h)

File C/A/1/1/1

Members of Committee

(See Minutes P. 3)

- Dr. Haemle
- Dr. Ransome
- Mr. Rakhisi
- Mr. Whyte

C/A/1/1.
MH/MF.

21

27th February, 1953.

The Secretary,
 South African Labour Party,
 P.O. Box 2864,
JOHANNESBURG.

M. Richard Feldman
34-4311

Dear Sir,

I write with further reference to your letter of 26th January, and to our preliminary reply dated 11th February.

Mr. Whyte, our Director, had to leave for Durban almost immediately after the Executive Committee meeting he mentioned in his preliminary reply, and thus has asked me to write to you.

Our Committee was very interested in extracts from your Policy statement read to them by our Director. It emphasized, however, that three points must be borne in mind:

- a) Any discussions must be quite informal.
- b) The Institute cannot commit itself to convening a National Convention. It doubts whether the time is opportune at present. Also it has taken note of moves on several sides towards meetings or conventions to discuss the problems before the country.
- c) The Institute cannot align itself with any one political party.

*

We should be very pleased to meet representatives of your Party for informal discussions on this basis, and our Executive Committee appointed a delegation for the purpose. May we contact you to arrange a date after Mr. Whyte returns from Durban?

If it is asking too much to request 25 copies of both your Resolution and your Policy statement, could we please have at least 4 further copies of each so that members of our delegation may read them prior to the informal meeting?

Yours sincerely,

M
 Muriel Horrell (Miss)
 TECHNICAL ASSISTANT.

Federation of African Welfare Societies in Southern Rhodesia

Telephone 2092

P.O. Box 740

All communications to be addressed to
The Organising Secretary

BULAWAYO

4 MAY 1953

30th April, 1953.

1) M. Whyte
2) M.H.
Pse send

(We have sent out all copies of the Labour Policy, except for the Director, of the copy) Perhaps M.H. could get a few more?
The Director,
South African Institute of Race Relations,
P.O. Box 97,
JOHANNESBURG.

Dear Quintin Whyte,

I received a little time ago from the Institute, a cyclostyled copy of the South African Labour Party Non European Policy, also a copy of the Resolution adopted by the Annual Conference in January 1953. I have found this statement very useful, and I wonder whether you could possibly send me an additional copy. I shewed the statement to Colonel Ponsonby of the Beit Trustees and he has specially asked me to obtain a copy for him. Please send me an additional copy if you can manage it as it will save us typing out this very lengthy statement.

I have had your letter regarding the tribute to Reinhardt Jones. I hope to get down to this in the next few days, and I will let you have it as soon as possible.

Kind regards and best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

P. L. M. M. M.

Copies of these please

B/1/3. MH/JH.

Rev. P. Ibbotson,
Federation of African Welfare Societies
in Southern Rhodesia,
P. O. Box 740,
BULAWAYO, Southern Rhodesia.


6th May, 1953.

Dear Mr. Ibbotson,

Mr. Whyte has asked me to deal with the first paragraph of your letter of 30th April, 1953. I have spoken to the Secretary of the S. A. Labour Party, who has promised to post you a further copy of the Party's Non-European Policy and Resolution.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,


Muriel Horrell (Miss)
TECHNICAL ASSISTANT.

6(c)

10/5/53.

FVW

Mr. Feldman of the Labour Party
phoned me the other day & said he would
get in touch with me in your letter to fix
a date. I told him I might be away
at the time. It might be a good idea if you
ring ~~up~~ him up to remind him about
the possible fixing of a date.

(10)

Mr. Feldman (18.5.53 - at 12.40 pm)

- (i) Lowell. M.P. - week's holiday =
soon as he returns, a joint meeting
will be arranged.

JW
18/5/53

For G.P.C.

Mr. Richard Feldman, M.P.C. phoned
on Friday, 22nd May, to say that
Tuesday, 9th June would be a
suitable date for a joint
meeting of Labour Party & I.R.R. members.
Between 4 and 6 Labour Party members
would take part in the discussions.

He suggests our own Committee
Room for the meeting.

He asks us to give the exact
time of the meeting.

Our Sub-committee :-

Dr. Hoare

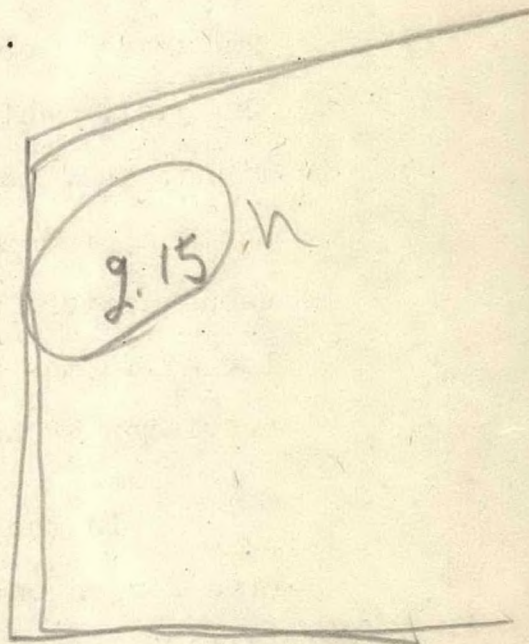
Dr. Rees

Mr. Ratchford

Mr. White

Dr. Hillman

Prof. Harris



JHW
22/5/53

In this way, apart from providing a house, another and hardly less worthwhile object will have been achieved. Competent observers are at one in their belief that in the absence of a real stake in the community, such as the possession of his own house will provide, your urban African in the past has had no rallying point for his own efforts at social rehabilitation. The man who has an interest to protect will be a willing and co-operative partner in any scheme aimed at protecting the community at large, and his own property and interests in particular, from the inroads of those anti-social elements referred to above; he has been given an opportunity of becoming a citizen, in the true sense of the word.

I have heard it argued that before the African is allowed to expend his own money on the building of houses, steps should first be taken to ensure that he has greater security of tenure than he has enjoyed in the past. While I have every sympathy with his aspirations, and, to my mind, reasonable desires, in this connection, I cannot help but feel that this is an extraneous matter, and though very important, not really relevant to the issues at stake at the moment, e.g., the provision of housing.

In the second instance I think that the time is ripe for an entirely new approach to the whole question of African labour; and here I direct myself more particularly to established Industry and Commerce. There is a growing body of public opinion which holds the view that Industry and Commerce, both potent factors in our National economy, are letting the rest of the country down through their lackadaisical use and thoughtless

abuse /

ALSO SENT TO:

Dr. A.W. Hoernlé,

Mr. J.R. Rathebe,

Dr. E. Hellmann,

Ds. J. Reyneke. — *apologys: Othe meetings.*

B/1/3.

29th May, 1953.

Prof. E.E. Harris,
University of the Witwatersrand,
MILNER PARK. Jhb.

Dear Professor Harris,

I write to remind you about the meeting with representatives of the Labour Party at 2.15 p.m. on Tuesday, 9th June, in our Committee Room.

I do hope you will be able to attend.

Yours sincerely,

F.J. van Wyk,
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR.

6/1/3
Letter received from D.R.F. Brower,
British Information Services,
El-Markaz, Bunder Road,
Karachi 3.

handed to me from U.K. Information Office, Johannesburg.

Please refer to your letter of 21st May, 1953: the answers are as follows :-

1. No. Women vote for the general as well as for the special (women) seats.
Adult Franchise.
2. No.
3. Details as under:-

Constituent Assembly seats:	Bengal	.....	44
	Punjab	.....	22
	N.W.F.P.	.....	3
	N.W.F.P. States	.....	1
	Baluchistan	.....	1
	Baluchistan States	.....	1
	Sind	.....	5
	Khairpur State	.....	1
	Bahawalpur	.....	1

79

Provincial Assemblies:	East Bengal	.....	309
	Punjab	.....	197
	N.W.F.P	.....	85
	Sind	.....	111

402

Please refer to your letter of 21st May, 1953, regarding Election Procedure in India, we give below the information as required by you.

- (i) Under the Constitution of India, Women have the same voting rights for the various legislatures as men have.
- (ii) The Law of the Single Electoral Roll is laid down in the Articles 325 to 329 of the Constitution of India, which read as follows:-
 325. There shall be one general electoral roll for every territorial constituency for election to either House of Parliament or to the House or either House of the Legislature of a State and no person shall be ineligible for inclusion in any electoral roll for any such constituency on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex or any of them.
 326. The elections to the House of the People and to the Legislative Assembly of every State shall be on the basis of adult suffrage; that is to say, every person who is a citizen of India and who is not less than twenty-one years of age on such date as may be fixed in that behalf by or under any law made by the appropriate Legislature and is not otherwise disqualified under this Constitution or any law made by the appropriate Legislature on the ground of non-residence, unsoundness of mind, crime or corrupt or illegal practice, shall be entitled to be registered as a voter at any such election.
 327. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, Parliament may from time to time by law make provision with respect to all matters relating to, or in connection with, elections to either House of Parliament or to the House or either House of Legislature of a State including the preparation of electoral rolls, the delimitation of constituencies and all other matters necessary for securing the due constitution of such House or Houses.
 328. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution and in so far as provision in that behalf is not made by Parliament, the Legislature of a State may from time to time by law make provision with respect to all matters relating to, or in connection with, the elections to the House or either House of the Legislature of the State including the preparation of electoral rolls and all other matters necessary for securing the due constitution of such House or House.
 329. Notwithstanding anything in this Constitution -
 - (a) the validity of any law relating to the delimitation of constituencies or the allotment of seats to such constituencies, made or purporting to be made under article 327 or article 328, shall not be called in question in any court;
 - (b) no election to either House of Parliament or to the House or either House of the Legislature of a State shall be called in question except by an election petition presented to such authority and in such manner as may be provided for by or under any law made by the appropriate Legislature.
- (iii) Composition of Legislative bodies : List attached.

COMPOSITION OF LEGISLATIVE BODIES:- In the State of Bihar, Bombay, Madras, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal, there are two Houses, and in other States one House.

Name of State :	No. of Seats Represented in the House of People:	No. of seats Represented in Council of States.	No. of Seats Represented in State Assemblies.
-----------------	--	--	---

PART A STATES :

Assam	12	6	108
Bihar	55	21	330
Bombay	45	17	315
Madhya Pradesh	29	12	232
Madras.	75	27	375
Orissa	20	9	140
Punjab	18	8	126
Uttar Pradesh	86	31	430
West Bengal	34	14	238

PART B STATES :

Hyderabad	25	11	175
Madhya Bharat	11	6	99
Mysore	11	6	99
P.E.P.S.U.	5	3	60
Rajasthan	20	9	160
Saurashtra	6	4	60
Travancore-Cochin	12	6	108

PART C STATES :

Ajmer	2	1	30
Bhopal	2	1	30
Bilaspore	1	-	-
Coorg	1	-	-
Delhi	4	1	48
Himachal Pradesh	3	1	36
Vindhya Pradesh	6	4	60

Electoral College

Kutch	2	1	30
Manipur	2	-	30
Tripura	2	1	30
Andamans & Nicobar	1 Nominated		
Tribal Areas of Assam	1 "		
Kashmir	6 "	4	

Collection Number: AD1715

SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS (SAIRR), 1892-1974

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