

12 OCT 1964

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NEWS FROM SWAZILAND

INAUGURATION OF U.B.B.S

The inauguration of the University of Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate and Swaziland at Roma in Basutoland will take place on Friday, October 9.

His Excellency Her Majesty's Commissioner, Mr. F.A. Loyd, will leave by air on the same day to attend the ceremony. He will be accompanied by Mr. P.L. Dlamini, the Member of the Executive Council for Education and Health.

Mnt. Makhosini Dlamini, a Member of the Legislative Council, will represent the Ngwenyama. He will travel by car with Mnt. Mazini Dlamini and Mr. A.K. Hlophe, the Member of the Executive Council for Local Administration and Social Development.

Mr. S.T.M. Sukati, Senior Liaison Officer and a member of the University Council, who is now on holiday in Johannesburg will leave for Roma on October 8 for the ceremony. He will thereafter proceed to Durban to spend the rest of his vacation. Mr. Sukati will be accompanied by his wife.

VISIT OF INSPECTOR GENERAL COLONIAL
POLICE

Inspector General Colonial Police, Sir Ivo Stourton, C.M.G., O.B.E., of the Colonial Office, London, is due to arrive in Swaziland on Saturday, October 10 on a ten-day routine inspection.

He will be met at Jan Smuts Airport by the Commissioner of Police, Mr. W.G. Syer.

During his stay in the Territory, Sir Ivo will visit police district headquarters stations and posts. On October 16 he will take salute at the Oval, Mbabane at a small passing out parade of a squad of recruits.

Sir Ivo will leave Swaziland for Basutoland on Tuesday, October 20.

(Issued by the Swaziland Information Services,
The Secretariat, Mbabane.)

16 OCT 1964

Miss Reid
Mr Ketter
Mrs Nasirud Jany
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NEWS FROM SWAZILAND

SWAZILAND RAILWAY COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS

A set of four postage stamps to commemorate the opening of the first Swaziland railway will be on sale at all post offices in Swaziland for a period of three months as from November 5.

The design, which is common to all the four stamps of different values, shows Her Majesty's head in profile, a map of Swaziland with the route of the new railway, a train engine and wagons. The 2½c will be purple and emerald green; 3½c olive brown and blue; 15c sepia and red orange and 25c deep blue and greenish yellow.

A first day cover service will be operated and descriptive brochures bearing the four new stamps will be provided at a cost of 50 cents. Orders for the stamps and first day covers should be made payable to the Postmaster, Mbabane by crossed postal orders, money orders or bankers draft who will despatch them by registered mail and to destinations outside Swaziland, by air mail.

FRENCH AMBASSADOR TO VISIT SWAZILAND

The French Ambassador, Monsieur Balay, is expected to arrive in the Territory on Sunday, October 11 on a three-day visit.

On Monday morning he will call on Her Majesty's Commissioner, Mr. F.A. Loyd, at the Secretariat, Mbabane and later visit Waterford School.

On Tuesday, October 13 he will visit the Agricultural Research Station and the site of the Agricultural College at Mdutshane. Before proceeding to see the Ngwenyama at Masundwini in the afternoon, Monsieur Balay will meet members of the Imbokodvo National Movement at the District Commissioner's Office, Manzini. He will leave Swaziland on the following day.

(Issued by the Swaziland Information Services,
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NATIONAL JOINT CONSULTATIVE COUNCIL

The National Joint Consultative Council held its second meeting at the Secretariat, Mbabane, on September 30 under the chairmanship of Mr. M.J. Fairlie, the Labour Commissioner.

Among other matters which were discussed were joint disputes committee, trade union demarkation, company and industrial trade unions, position of employee taking part in a legal strike, Incwala day, trade disputes, identification cards for officers of the Labour Department and governmental participation on the Council.

The employers were represented by Mr. N. Kirsh, Mr. H.M. Dlamini, Mr. A.L. Francis, Mr. W.F. Hastie, Mr. H.J. O'Hagan Ward, Mr. C.G. Stevens and Mr. W. Roxburgh. The employees were represented by Mr. M.Z. Thabede, Mr. R.C.M. Bembe, Mr. S.S. Ngubeni, Mr. J. W. Nkambule and Mr. J.J. Nxumalo.

GOOD RELATIONSHIP

Talking about his observations, Mr. Bernard M. Kuhlase, shop steward in Randles Bros and Hudson, Manzini who has recently returned from a four-month trade union training course at the Labour College of Canada in Montreal, said good relationship between the employers and the unions in the Territory is an essential element in the easy settlement of industrial disputes.

"It is important to work with and not against the unions. I am going to relate to those concerned what I learnt during the course rather than apply it because of varying social and political conditions in Swaziland as compared with those in Canada. It is the people who should take and apply what is suitable for them after taking into account local conditions", said Mr. Kuhlase.

Continuing on his experiences Mr. Kuhlase said that they were divided into groups. He and other students, after intensive classroom lectures on the theory of unionism, sociology, political science, economics and history relating to the growth of industry, went to Maritimes for practical unionism where they set in collective bargaining sessions, conciliation and arbitration meetings. They were shown the administration of trade unions, affiliation of trade unions in I.C.F.T.U. as well as the part this international organisation plays.

They were instructed on how co-operatives work with the trade unions.

The course was attended by 114 students from Trinidad, Tobago, Antigua, Malaysia, Singapore, Barbados, Kenya, Gambia, Southern and Northern Rhodesia, Canada and Swaziland.

There are now fourteen registered trade unions in the Territory, which include the Swaziland Union of Nurses, Swaziland National Union of Civil Servants and the Swaziland Commercial, Technical and Allied Workers' Union, which has over 1,000 paid-up members.

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*Two sets
Mr. P. K.
P. K.
detouring 1/1/64*

NEWS FROM SWAZILAND.

U. K. ELECTION BROADCASTS

The General Overseas Service of the B.B.C. will broadcast continuously from 10.45 p.m. (S.A. time) on October 15th until 7.45 a.m. (S.A. time) on Friday October 16th.

If, by 4.30 p.m. on October 16th the result is clear, the General Overseas Service will revert to its normal programme. If, however, the issue is still in doubt, results and analysis will continue.

For Central and Southern Africa, the results between 10.25 p.m. on October 15th and 8.15 a.m. on October 16th will be broadcast on 19, 25, 31 or 41 meter band, and on 15, 11, 19 or 7 Mc/s band.

Between 11 a.m. on October 16th and 7.45 p.m. on October 16th broadcast will be on 13, 16 or 19 meter band or on 21, 17 or 15 Mc/s band.

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NEWS FROM SWAZILAND

THE LANCASHIRE REGIMENT (PRINCE OF WALES'S
VOLUNTEERS)

The Lancashire Regiment (Prince of Wales's Volunteers) was formed in Hong Kong on the 21st November, 1958, when the East Lancashire Regiment (previously the 30th and 59th of foot) amalgamated with the South Lancashire Regiment (Prince of Wales's Volunteers) - formerly the 40th and 82nd of Foot. During the past week the officers and soldiers of the first Battalion have been arriving in Swaziland to take over from The York and Lancaster Regiment.

EARLY HISTORY

The 30th Regiment of Foot was raised on March 8th, 1689 by Lord Castleton. From 1702 - 1713 the Regiment fought as Saunderson's Marines in many battles around the World, winning their first Battle Honour -- "GIBRALTAR 1704 - 5" - during this period.

On 25th August 1717, the 40th of Foot was raised from Independant Companies serving in Canada. The 59th Foot was raised in 1755, and the 82nd Foot in 1778. The 30th, 40th and 59th Foot all served with great distinction in the American War of Independence.

In 1793 the 82nd was re-raised for service against the French as an all-volunteer Regiment (a rarity in those days, but no longer :- The Lancashires arriving this week are all volunteers). Major General Leigh, who reformed the Regiment was an officer of the Household of the Prince of Wales, and the 82nd were granted the title : "Prince of Wales's Volunteers". H.R.H. the Duke of Windsor was Colonel-in-Chief of the Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment) whilst Prince of Wales, and presented them personally with their last set of colours.

All four Regiments took part in the Peninsular and Napoleonic Wars, and during continuous fighting in the West Indies, Haiti, Holland, Malta, Egypt, South America, Denmark, Portugal, Spain, Mauritius, India, Canada, Java, France and Belgium, added 20 Battle Honours to the colours. Both the 30th and 40th were granted the distinction of wearing a sphinx, superscribed "EGYPT", for their outstanding service in that theatre.

THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO /.....

THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO

During the battle of Waterloo, in 1815, both the 30th and 40th distinguished themselves. The 30th, in the centre of the Line throughout the battle, suffered terrible casualties from the French artillery, yet repulsed eleven charges by the French cavalry. The price was heavy, ^{however.} When the 30th advanced in line to route the Imperial Guard's last attack and scatter the French 105th Regiment, Wellington asked a member of his staff: "What is that square lying down?" "My Lord, that is the position from which the 30th have just moved," was the reply. Two thirds of the officers and men of the 30th remained dead or wounded in a perfect square, having yielded never one inch. The 40th, too, suffered great casualties on that day, twelve sergeants were killed or wounded in the defence of the colours, which were shot to ribbons. During the evening the 40th dispersed Marshal Ney's last desperate cavalry charge, then advanced at the Duke's personal order to drive the remaining French Infantry from the field.

For their steadfastness, discipline and valour on this day, both the 30th and 40th were awarded the Battle Honour "WATERLOO" and permitted to encircle their badges with laurel wreaths. Every year the present Regiment commemorates their forebears' glory with a parade, during which the colours are decorated with laurel wreaths, and every officer and soldier is presented with a laurel leaf, to be worn behind the cap badge. Next year it is hoped that this unique parade will take place in Swaziland.

After further service in India, Afghanistan, China, New Zealand and the Crimea, the 30th and 59th were amalgamated in 1881, as were the 40th with the 82nd. At the time of amalgamation the 40th bore 19 Battle Honours on their colours, more than any other Regiment except the 1st Foot.

BOER WAR

Both the East and South Lancashires, as well as several Militia and Volunteer Battalions of the Regiments, fought in the South African Wars. They took part in the battles of Jacobsdall, Koree, Zand River, Spion Kop, Tugela Heights, Relief of Ladysmith and Pieter's Hill, learning great respect for their Boer opponents.

1st WORLD WAR.

17 Battalions of the East Lancashire Regiment

and 20 of the South Lancashires saw action in every theatre of the Great War. After the battle of the Somme only 237 of 700 of the 1st East Lancashires remained alive. On the anniversary of this battle, the sacrifice of all those who fell in that War is commemorated by the Regiment. During the War 72 Battle Honours were awarded, of which 16 are borne on the colours of today.

SECOND WORLD WAR

During the Second War, fifteen battalions served. At Dunkirk Captain Ervine-Andrews of the East Lancashires won the first Victoria Cross of the War. Battalions fought in Madagascar, Burma, France, Belgium, Holland and Germany. The 1st South Lancashires were one of the two spear-head battalions first ashore in the Normandy Landings. 32 more battle honours were won, 17 of which are now borne on the Colours. Altogether, the Regiment won 159 Battle Honours, 84 of which are borne on the Colours today.

RECENT HISTORY.

Since the War, the East and South Lancashire Regiments have soldiered in Germany, Eritrea, Egypt, Khartoum, Trieste, Berlin and Hong Kong. Apart from a tour as Demonstration Battalion at the School of Infantry performed by the East Lancashires soon after the War, both Regiments served only a few short periods in England. The 1st Lancashire Regiment (PWV) moved from Hong Kong to England for a brief re-fit, and then to Germany in 1961.

During three years as part of the NATO Shiled Force the battalion took part in numerous excercises with troops from all the NATO countries all over Europe. From Eastern Border Patrols to Belgium; from the Baltic to Bavaria, the Lancashires trained. Leave and Adventure Training parties visited Norway, Denmark, France, Belgium, Holland, Austria, Switzerland and even tiny Liechtenstein.

Over 200 members of the Regiment were trained as ski troops during their stay, and most learned to ski whilst in Germany.

After a brief stay in Catterick, The Regiment learnt the existing news that it was to move to Swaziland. All ranks of the Regiment look forward to their stay in this

beautiful country, and are already expressing their appreciation at the friendliness and hospitality shown by all sections of the population.

The Commanding Officer of the Regiment, who arrives in Swaziland on October 15th is Lt. Col. J.H. Farr, who assumed command of the Battalion in January of this year, after two years as Second-in-Command.

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NEWS FROM SWAZILAND

MESSAGE FROM THE MINISTER OF STATE

The Minister of State for Commonwealth Relations and for the Colonies, The Most Hon. The Marquess of Lansdowne, sent the following message to the Chancellor of the University of Basutoland, Bechuanaland Protectorate and Swaziland, Sir Hugh Stephenson, on the occasion of the inauguration of the University on October 9.

"On the occasion of the inauguration of the University of Basutoland, the Bechuanaland Protectorate and Swaziland, I send to you as Chancellor and to all who teach and study there my best wishes.

"The part which the University will play in the development of the three territories is of paramount importance and is an inspiring challenge. I am confident of the response with which all concerned will meet this challenge, and I shall watch the progress of the University with deep interest!"

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