

## FOSATU WORKER NEWS

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SPECIAL **EDITION** 

## FOSATU SETS CONDITIONS FOR REGISTRATION

will test the new law strongly and directly. We stand by certain principles that have been fought for by workers. To test if the new law accepts or rejects these principles we will seek:

- 1. REGISTRATION FOR UNIONS THAT ARE NON-RACIAL IN THEIR MEMBERSHIP AND EXE-CUTIVES.
- 2. REGISTRATION THAT IS FIN-AL REGISTRATION AS GRAN-TED TO PRESENT REGISTERED UNIONS. WE WILL REFUSE PROVISIONAL REGISTRATION.
- 3. REGISTRATION FOR OUR EXI-STING BROAD BASED INDUS-TRIAL UNIONS AND NOT SMA-LLER DIVIDED UNIONS.

We stand for the right of workers irrespective of race or creed to join the union of their choice.
We are against Government

interference and control of trade unions.

registration if the law will government have found the continue to be used to courage to organise Afridivide workers and control can workers. their organisations.

FOSATU has decided that it By submitting applications setting out conditions for registration based on our strong beliefs we have taken a clear stand. Now it is for the -

> MINISTER OF MANPOWER UTI-LISATION to show everyone whether this new law will be used to divide and control workers or whether it is a real step forward in the struggle for freedom of association and against racism.

EMPLOYERS to decide whether they will negotiate with 'non-racial unions or whether they will continue to hide behind racism and apartheid. Also let us ask employers if they would be happy if their Registrar could interfere in their companies without giving reasons.

reasons.
WORKERS to show that they will continue to struggle for their rights and not be confused by the "parallel" unions who now with Therefore we cannot accept the help of company the found the government have found the

UNITY IS STRENGTH

# WORKERS BEWARE

After long years of struggle there has been a change in the law. We know that this change is not yet enough. But for those who have not struggled it seems to be good enough and they are racing to organise African workers. Can these unions help workers and grow strong? Workers ask yourself the following questions about these unions.

WHERE WERE THEY DURING ALL THESE YEARS THAT WE STRUGGLED AGAINST EMPLO-YERS AND THE GOVERNMENT?

WHY WERE THEY SO SCARED OF THE MINISTER OF LABOUR THAT THEY FORCED AFRICAN UNIONS OUT OF TUCSA?

WHY DID THEY NOT ASSIST OUR UNIONS WHEN THEY STAR-

WHY WERE THEY SILENT WHEN OUR OFFICIALS WERE BANNED?

WHAT KIND OF UNION NEEDS THE HELP AND SUPPORT OF EMPLOYERS TO ORGANISE WOR-

WHO STARTED THESE UNIONS -WAS IT WORKERS OR WAS IT THE OFFICIALS OF REGIS-TERED UNIONS AND THE EMP-LOYERS?

Workers! Do not be confused. These unions cannot answer these questions, they are opportunists who will never be able to fight against the employers who have helped create them.

### UNIONS TAKE A JOINT STAND

The FOSATU Central Committee decided in September to seek a joint stand with other trade unions on the new law. At a meeting on 3rd November in Johannesburg the 14 FOSATU unions met the African Food and Canning Workers' Union, the Food and Canning Workers Union and the Western Province General Workers Union.

Unfortunately members of the Consultative Council of Black Trade Unions did not attend the meeting.

The unions at this important meeting all agreed that we should not follow the example of the majority of registered unions and sacrifice our principles. They agreed that we could not accept registration that was not on the basis of the three important conditions which are the same as the FOSATU conditions for registration set out in the article above. FOSATU unions will test these principles when they submit applications based on them.

#### FOSATU CENTRAL COMMITTEE STATEMENT

So as to avoid any confusion the full statement adopted the FOSATU Central Committee on the 3rd November 1979 is reprinted on the back page.

### FOSATU CENTRAL COMMITTEE STATEMENT ON THE AMENDED INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT

#### WHAT HAVE WE BEEN STRUGGLING FOR

There is no doubt that it is the years of struggle by workers and their repreworkers and their representative organisations that wide powers of investinate led to the changes in the legislation. However the acceptability of these changes depends on what we to the procedures of investigation.

ociation as set out in the internationally accepted I.L.O. Charters and to build addition will establish an effective and powerful labour movement. Our struggle has not been to achieve registration as an end in itself.

We have struggled to eliminate the legislatively enforced racial divisions in the labour movement that have weakened it and made it largely ineffectual.

We have struggled to limit State interference in labour relations to a minimum. The powers of the State and its officials must be minimal, clearly defined in law, open to question and with a guaranteed right of appeal by affected parties to the independent judiciary.

We have struggled for the fundamental principle of worker control of their own independent trade unions through free elections in their factories.

We have struggled to establish broadly based industrial unions on a national basis so as to escape the fragmented, craft based divisions that characterise the weak registered union movement.

#### HAVE WE WON OUR STRUGGLE? Both the Amended Legislation and the unprincipled actions of the majority of the registered trade unions must

cause us to answer NO to this question.

#### THE LEGISLATION:

- 1. Retains racial restrictions on membership and racially segregated exe-cutives in the case of mixed unions.

- 4. Introduces new areas of discretion to the Registrar in the form of pro-

- registration visional
- actions.
  5. Introduces a National Manpower Commission with wide powers of investi-
- have been struggling for.

  Our struggle has been for
  the right to freedom of association as set out in the

  Court that will adjudicate on disputes of right and of interest and in its own rules of conduct. The Industrial Court cannot replace the independent judiciary and the normal courts.

#### THE ACTIONS OF THE MAJORITY OF REGISTERED UNIONS:

The Principles outlined above have been fought for with valour and at great cost to the labour movement throughout the world.

Regretably here in South Africa the leadership of the great majority of the registered trade unions seems incapable of taking taking any stand on principle. The majority of this leadership have shown that their actions are governed by expediency.

Unfortunately it would appear that in general only those registered unions adopting a misguided racist stand have shown themselves prepared to defend princi-

ples.
Since the decision on the amendment to the Industrial Conciliation Act in 1956, the registered trade union movement, with a few heroic exceptions, have done very little to organise African workers. On the contrary they have expelled African unions from their ranks after Ministerial threats, and in the 1970's generally adopted a hostile stand toward the independent unregistered unions.

Now these registered unions are falling over themselves to form new unions for African workers without a single word of criticism for the 2. Retains restrictions on the right to registered union membership.

word of criticism for the substantial shortcomings that remain in the leunion membership.

3. Introduce new areas of gislation. Furthermore, theMinisterial discretion and powers of exemption.

Hat remain in the legislation. Furthermore, these unions are receiving employer backing and support in a well planned offensive against the existing independent unregistered unions. of unnecessary State cretion and control.

of these unions or all regive no reasons for his for the confident that there are those who will still act with integrity and in the best interests of workers. However, we despair of most of their leaders ever taking any principled action.

SHOULD WE REGISTER?

In considering our joint course of action in the pre-sent situation we have been strongly influenced by the unprincipled actions of the majority of the existing registered unions and the support they are receiving from employers and potentially the State.

We believe that we would be sacrificing the best interest of all workers if we were to surrender our present role as a representative voice of integrity and allow the voice of expendiency to dominate.

However, it would be pointless to seek registration in order to maintain our position but in doing so to sacrifice the principles set out above.

We therefore resolve that:

- 1. We will act as F.O.S.A.-T.U. and that a registration group will be set up to co-ordinate the actions of our unions in seeking registration on the following basis: the following basis:
- a. It is of paramount importance that non-racial unions will be registered with no racial divisions in their executive structure.
  - b. Provisional registration will not be accepted; we want final registration as presently embodied in the Act.
  - c. That the spirit of registration will be such that it is designed to acknowledge existing unre-gistered unions and not eliminate them.
  - d. Registration will be for broadly based industrial unions and will not be used to fragment and localise existing organisations.
- 2. Whether registered or unregistered we will strive to eliminate all restrictions on Union membership other than those prescribed by union con-stitutions and all areas of unnecessary State dis-

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