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THE VERULAM PRESS

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Publishers of the African Journal:

INKUNDLA YA BANTU.

THE BANTU FORUM.

VERULAM, NATAL.

September 6, 1944.

My dear Dr. Xuma,

I am very much worried by the fact that your office has chosen to be quiet on the position created in Natal by the resolution passed by your Executive when it met in Johannesburg recently. Your silence has encouraged the spreading of very wild rumours down here and I am sure, you are the last man to allow dangerous things of this sort to harm the Congress cause. Incidentally, there is much bad feeling among certain sections. In my opinion this is not the time to encourage ill-feeling. We in Natal did our very best to stand by you when the ADP became a nuisance to Congress and it would be most unfortunate if the best your office could do to help us out of the crisis would be to remain silent and allow dangerous rumours to be the only source of information at present.

I suppose that by now Mr. Mtinkulu has already seen you on the position in Natal. I am not very keenly interested in his trip to you, but am eager to see real peace between Champion's and Mtinkulu's factions. Silence does not help to unite Natal and if this continues, we shall feel that your office has betrayed those who work for actual unity in Natal.

Could you make a statement and send it down to us, giving a brief history of events that have led to the present development? In other words, could you send us a statement telling the people of Natal what reasons drove you to take the course you took when your Executive last met? Everybody seems innocent and surprised by the action of your Executive and your own person is the villain of the piece just now. We have information from some people that if things had gone Cr. Champion's way, you would not have acted as you did and that, in fact, Cr. Champion was forced to take the responsibility he has taken. Others say that the Natal Executive has never at any time been pulled up by the national movement. Others again say that your office has been in regular correspondence with the Executive. Please clear this up, Doctor.

I am,

Yours very truly,

Jordan K. Subairi

ABX. 440909

anti-pass Campaign

NATIONAL ANTI PASS COUNCIL.
Working committee,

9/9/44.

A meeting of the Working Committee will be held on WEDNESDAY the 13th September 1944.
at 5 P . M . at the Offices of th African National Congress, 58. Market Street,
Johannesburg. We earnestly request you to be present.

E . P . Mafethe.
Ass- Secretary.

ABX. 440911 *Politics General*

CAMPAIGN FOR RIGHT AND JUSTICE

409-11, EXPLORATION BUILDINGS,
72, COMMISSIONER STREET, JOHANNESBURG.

PRESIDENT: DR. THE HON. F. E. T. KRAUSE.
CHAIRMAN: VEN. ARCHDEACON H. E. WRAIGE.
HON. TREASURER: MRS. A. PRATT NICKELS.
HON. SECRETARY: REV. G. M. SCOTT.
ORGANISER: A. L. SAFFERY.

TELEPHONE 34-2673.
P. O. BOX 1713,
JOHANNESBURG.



11th September, 1944.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am asked by the Executive Committee of the above Campaign to commend to the serious attention of your Committee the enclosed programme and plan of action. This has been drawn up at the unanimous wish of a representative Conference convened by the Campaign for Right and Justice, the S.A. Trades and Labour Council and the Transvaal Teachers' Association. At this Conference it was resolved unanimously to instruct the Committee to draft a programme and plan of Campaign in order—

To mobilise the very widest possible alliance of the popular and progressive forces in the country to secure:

- (a) Plans for the full scale development of the Agricultural, Industrial and Human resources of the country.
- (b) The provision of social services for all races particularly in the matter of Health, Housing, Education, and Insurance against Unemployment.
- (c) Drastic measures against profiteering particularly in the production and distribution of food and clothing. The establishment of a Ministry of Food for the proper co-ordination of production and distribution of food.
- (d) To fulfil our obligations to our armed forces and their dependants.

The Committee feels it necessary to stress with some urgency the danger of a fascistic form of Nationalism seeking to establish a predominance in S.A. and the danger of conflicts which must inevitably arise from the propagation of a policy of racial hatred or contempt.

It is for these reasons that in giving effect to the above resolution we are seeking to establish an alliance of all those progressive organisations, including churches, schools, social and industrial organisations which are prepared to take part in a concerted and nation-wide campaign to secure a constructive programme for social progress, and co-operation on the part of the different races and communities in this land.

We wish to emphasise, however, that this is a co-ordinating movement and not an attempt to establish a new political party.

We invite you to write to us without delay if you are prepared to take part in this Campaign.

Yours faithfully,

H.E. Wraige

Archdeacon,
Chairman.

VELDTOG VIR REG EN GERECHTIGHEID

11 September 1944.

Waarde Heer/Mev.,

My is deur die Uitvoerende Komitee van bogenoemde Veldtog opgedra om ingeslote program en plan van optrede onder u ernstige aandag te bring. Dit is opgestel op die eenparige wens van 'n verteenwoordigende konferensie belê deur die S.A. Vak- en Arbeidsraad, die Transvaalse Onderwysersgenootskap en bogenoemde Organisasie. Op hierdie konferensie is eenparig besluit om die komitee opdrag te gee om 'n program en plan van aksie op te stel:

„Om die grootste moontlike steun van die volks- en progressiewe magte in die lande te mobiliseer ter verwesenliking van:

- (a) Planne vir die volkskaalse ontwikkeling van die landbou-, nywerheids- en menslike hulpbronne van die land.
- (b) Die voorsiening van maatskaplike dienste vir alle rasse veral ten opsigte van Gesondheid, Behuising, Opvoeding en Versekering teen Werkloosheid.
- (c) Drastiese maatreëls teen winsbejag veral in die produksie en verspreiding van voedsel en kleding. Die daarstelling van 'n Ministerie vir Voedselvoorsiening vir die behoorlike ko-ordinasie van produksie en verspreiding van voedsel.
- (d) Die nakoming van ons verpligtinge jeens ons krygs- magte en hulle afhanklikes.

Die komitee ag dit nodig om dringend nadruk te lê op die gevaar van 'n fascistiese vorm van Nasionalisme wat die daarstelling van oorheersing in Suid-Afrika beoog, en op die botsings wat onvermydelik moet voortvloei uit die propagering van 'n beleid van rassehaat of minagting.

Dit is om hierdie redes dat waar ons uitvoering gee aan bogenoemde besluit, ons streef na die daarstelling van 'n verbond van al daardie progressiewe organisasies, insluitende kerke, skole, maatskaplike en nywerheidsorganisasies, wat bereid is om deel te neem aan 'n gesamentlike en volksweye veldtog vir die verkryging van 'n konstruktiewe program vir maatskaplike vooruitgang en samewerking aan die kant van die verskillende rasse en gemeenskappe in hierdie land.

Ons nooi u uit om ons sonder versuim te skryf indien u bereid is om aan hierdie veldtog deel te neem.

Met hoogagting, die uwe,

H. E. WRAIGE, XXXXXXXXXX Aartsdeken.

Voorsitter.

Reply of the Brakpan Location residents to the statement of the Finance & General Purposes Committee, dated 12th September 1944.

We have made a careful study of the above statement and must express our deep disappointment at the fact that this statement does not reply to the Memorandum of Grievances submitted by us. We shall reply to the statement under the headings of the different matters raised therein and will point out its shortcomings :-

Housing : The statement mentions the following points :

- (1) That the Council, aware of the shortage, is busy preparing plans for submission to the Central Board for the building of 300 houses.
- (2) That the shortage of material has prevented the building of the school.
- (3) That on complaints being received about leaking roofs immediate attention was given to their repair.

With regard to (1), the shortage of houses has existed for many years and promises have been continually made that relief would be forthcoming. The position has become worse every year and no start has yet been made on the building.

With regard to (2), the present school buildings are inadequate to accommodate all the children. Apart from additional building, the present buildings can be improved. Complaints have been lodged through the Advisory Board since 1940, and the request has been made that the present cement flooring, which is dangerous to health, - especially in winter - should be replaced with wooden flooring, but without success. With regard to the urgent demand for an extension of the school we would make it clear that the Government has pointed out that material is available to Municipalities. The Council's estimates contain provision for the extension of the Beer Hall. This means that building material is in fact available ; we would point out that the residents would be better served by an extension of the school, rather than of the Beer Hall.

With regard to (3), the houses were found to be leaking in 1941. Complaints were lodged through the Advisory Board but nothing was done until after the meeting addressed by Bopape in 1943. The Manager refused to believe that houses were leaking ; the people had to prepare a list of leaking houses and the Board had to take the Manager to see one of the most serious cases on a rainy day. Even now, after some repairs have been done, there are still houses which leak. To the following complaints the residents have received no reply :-

- a. that rents are too high ;
- b. that inside doors and bigger yards are not provided ;
- c. that residents have to do their own fencing ;
- d. that the water taps are outside the location and great difficulty is experienced in fetching water.

The Advisory Board : The statement refers to the fact that all grievances submitted through the Board are sympathetically considered. To refute this we refer to what we have already said under housing, above.

Complaints regarding the cement flooring in the school, the extension of the school, the housing shortage, rents, doors, yards, fencing, buses, social services and water, may have been "sympathetically considered", but nothing practical has been done by the Council.

Again, the late Mr. Gidley-Moore on several occasions closed Advisory Board meetings to evade complaints. An example was when complaints were made regarding the ill-treatment of the people by the municipal police.

The Board was ignored when the matter of the teacher Bopape was raised. The Council made no attempt to carry out the advice of the Board that an emergency meeting be held, but instead summarily took action.

When the Board requested an interview the statement says : "no good and useful purpose could be served by receiving a deputation". Such a deputation provided the opportunity for an amicable settlement,

but again the Council ignored the Board. Innumerable complaints have been raised by the Board and ignored by the Council. The Board raised these matters as representatives of the people in order to try to improve their conditions. Since the Board was consistently ignored the people were compelled to bring their grievances to the notice of the Council by other means.

Transport : The statement does not reply to these complaints which have been repeatedly made :

- a. only one bus serves the location (some 7,000 people) ;
- b. that the route followed by the bus is inconvenient ;
- c. that children have to pay the same fare as adults ;
- d. that the drivers ill-treat the passengers.

Improvement of social, educational and living conditions \checkmark : The statement says that everything possible has been done to improve these conditions. We refer again to the matters mentioned above. Again, we point out that there are no recreational facilities for our children and that the residents have been pressing through the Advisory Board since 1941 for a social centre - without success. Drainage in the Location is bad ; water-filled furrows can be found in almost every part. At the old stands the streets are bad and lights have not yet been placed in the Hall. Despite promises that it would be abolished, women still have to pay a £1 fee for confinements.

What most strongly refutes the statement of the Council is the inadequate payment of municipal workers and the non-recognition of their trade unions by the Council.

Bopape : The statement says that the Council has now powers in connection with the "appointment or dismissal of teachers". Yet the Council recommended that Bopape be transferred : a transfer tantamount to a dismissal since the Education Department has taken no steps to obtain a vacancy for this teacher elsewhere. The Council, "which has no powers over teachers", on a report that a speech by Bopape was "inflammatory" and that Bopape was "a menace to good government in the Location" takes immediate steps against the teacher. No attempt at investigating the report was made. Bopape spoke as the residents instructed him to speak and stated their grievances. This was considered inflammatory and Bopape was termed a menace.

The action of the Council, taken without investigation although hundreds of residents were present when Bopape spoke, resulted in Bopape first being suspended and thereafter having further action taken against him. Bopape has lost wages through the Council's action and the Statement does not explain why he has not been compensated by the Council. The statement further does not explain why, if the Council was able to recommend and succeed in having him transferred, the Council cannot now succeed in having him reinstated, and why the person who has taken his position should not be transferred to another billet. The Council gave an assurance to the people that it would do all in its power to reinstate Bopape and all that the statement says is that they apparently sent a request to the Department and then allowed the matter to rest.

The strike of the residents was called off on the clear understanding that Bopape would be reinstated. The statement of the Council is a repudiation of this promise.

Dr. Language : The statement insofar as it deals with Dr. Language is astonishing. Dr. Language was appointed "in order to bring about better control and efficiency, particularly in the administration of the Beer Hall and Location." It is the considered opinion of the residents that "better control and efficiency" is achieved not only by collecting money but by working in harmony and sympathy with the people.

If Dr. Language was appointed to "bring pressure to bear for the recovery of outstanding rents" and to work with the new Superintendent, the residents must conclude that in fact he has gone far beyond his terms of appointment and that he has spent his time in antagonising the people and interfering with their rights. Little at all has been heard of the Superintendent whose functions it has become difficult to understand.

In particular we would like to stress the following points.

The report forwarded by Dr. Language to the Council was not 'mild' -- it contained exaggerated and unsubstantiated statements. He altered a plea for rectification of grievances to an "inflammatory speech". No opposition at all was made against his appointment, and his attitude to Bopape's speech reflects a typical attitude of undemocratic people when grievances of Africans are raised. To them representations are "agitation" and "inflammatory".

The statement says he was not "blameless" and was "irritable on occasion" but that there is no proof of "maladministration, neglect of duty or lack of sympathetic understanding". We again refer to the following examples of Dr. Language's administration and sympathetic understanding :

1. After the meeting held on November 26th, 1943, Dr. Language promised to investigate our grievances and promised to report on his findings. Time and again he was asked by the residents for a report but nothing was done. He made no attempt to attend Advisory Board meetings although the representations of the residents are made through that body.
2. He interfered with public meetings of residents and ordered police to disperse such meetings and to arrest residents.
3. He on occasion took away the keys and permit stamps from the office and caused great inconvenience to the residents and their visitors.
4. He interfered with newspapers in the library, taking them home to read and censor, and bringing them back a day old.
5. He opposed the erection of a secondary school, which the Council had already agreed to.
6. He treated residents as "kaffirs" and adopted an attitude of arrogance and contempt towards them.
7. He was tactless and unsympathetic in his handling of the residents especially on the rent question.
8. During the school boycott he insulted mothers, calling them "kaffer-meide", and said that he did not care whether the "baboon-school" remained closed.
9. During the strike he tried to provoke violence by instructing the police to assault and even arrest people. He denied this later at an Advisory Board meeting, although the members of the Board had evidence of it.
10. He has on several occasions dismissed municipal employees residing in the Location, replacing them with outside labourers who are will to stay in Compounds, in spite of a promise that he would fill any vacancies from local residents. This promise was made to the Advisory Board.

His attitude since taking office was contrary to the Council's anxiety to "assist...the respectable and stable class of native element.. whose just claims and aspirations must be heeded."

In conclusion we say that the statement is considered by the people to be a betrayal. It makes no reply to the residents original memorandum and it fails to carry out the promises made when the strike was settled. The report by the Vigilance Committee which was published in the Brakpan Herald on September 22nd has our fullest approval and we associate ourselves with them in their demands, namely :-

- a. that Mr. Bopape, a teacher and member of the Advisory Board who has the fullest confidence of the people, must be reinstated.
- b. That Dr. Language should be replaced by a man more sympathetic to our people.
- c. That an enquiry should be held to investigate the whole position and the points raised in this reply.



SPAAR MEER
SPANDEER MINDER



SAVE MORE
SPEND LESS



SPAAR MEER
SPANDEER MINDER



D^r A. B. Xuma,
104 End Street
Johannesburg.



ABX. 440914

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325 ASIATIC BAZAAR,
PRETORIA.

14 . 9 . 44

Dear Sir,

Please take note
that a meeting of the
directors will take place in
the company's office on
Sunday 17th Sept. at 11.30 A.M.

Agenda:

1. Consideration of proposal for employ-
ing Mr Venter as Technical Adviser.
2. Adversability of acquiring a cylinder.
3. Extension of the works.
4. General.

Yours faithfully,
H. H. Lekethoa


P.P. Secretary

ABX. 440921a

T. 27. POST OFFICE TELEGRAPHS.—POSKANTOORTELEGRAAFDIENS.

§ G.P.S. 355—1942-3—150,000—200. S.

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Please say if able to
lecture to Teachers
at Springs course
Inspector

Doubtful words may be repeated. No Repetition Fee will be collected if an error is disclosed. This form should accompany any inquiry.
Twyfelagtige woorde kan herhaal word. As 'n fout aan die lig gebring word, sal geen koste vir die herhaling gevorder word nie. Hierdie vorm moet alle
NATAS vergesel.

McDonald,
Bethel

Arrange. Thursday

Monday 11:30 ~~AM~~

Wanted

~~James~~

ABX 4409216

T. 27. POST OFFICE TELEGRAPHS.—POSKANTOOR-TELEGRAAFDIENS.

§ G.P.-S.7253—1943-4—180,000-200. S.

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Verkeers-
volgnommer.

Class.
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Woorde.

Date.
Datum.

Time of Handing in.
Tyd van inlewing.

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Service Instructions—

Dienst—

Social Welfare - General 31/9/44

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DR XUMA 104 ENDST JOHNSBURG =

Sent, Oorgesein.

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Kantoorstempel.

COMING SOCIAL WELFARE CONFERENCE NEEDING ACCOMMODATION REPLY LORAM

SECONDARY SCHOOL SOMTSEUROAD = SELBY NGCOBO + 104 +

Doubtful words may be repeated. No Repetition Fee will be collected if an error is disclosed. This form should accompany any inquiry.
Twyfelagtige woorde kan herhaal word. As 'n fout aan die lig gebring word, sal geen koste vir die herhaling gevorder word nie. Hierdie vorm moet alle navrae vergeesk.

MSX. 440922

Labour - Trades Unions

Trade Union

TRANSVAAL COUNCIL OF NON-EUROPEAN TRADE UNIONS.

Rosenberg Arcade,
Johannesburg.

22nd September, 1944.

Dear Sir and Brother,

GREETINGS!

An All embracing Non-European Conference,
Trades Hall, 23/9/44.

We wish to draw attention of all our affiliated trades unions, African political organisations, that the Council of Non-European Trade Unions is in no way whatsoever connected with the above conference, convened by a body styled the Johannesburg Progressive Group of Non-European Trade Unions.

Further, the Transvaal Trade Union Executive wishes to state clearly its policy in regard, firstly, the Council has no quarrel with this body and does not even recognise it as a counterpart of this Council. We do feel, however, that this action by the said body is intended to confuse the entire Non-European organised movement, especially the trade union movement. We therefore find it expedient at this moment to caution all the African organisations about this move. Secondly, to our affiliated trade unions, we wish to make it clear that their participation in the Conference will be a breach of the Council's policy.

Finally, the Council wishes to sound a note of warning to all its constituent members; Fellow-workers, forces of reaction and disruption are at work and it is therefore supremely important for the organised labour to watch closely these forces, lest we are smashed into smithereens before we reach our goal.

Yours fraternally,

G. Makabeni. President.

D. Gosani. Secretary.

AB
B
B



Permanent General

African National Congress
104 End Street
Dorchester
Mass.

OPS

P.O. Box 5,
 Asant Station
 25th September 1944

Des A. B. Xumaw M.D.D.P.H.,
 104 End Street,
 Johannesburg.

Dear Sir,

I hereby venture to write
 this letter, requesting the President
 of the African National Congress
 to send one of his officers
 to Urede location, to come
 and explain to people about Congress.
 A great number of the people in
 this location ~~are~~ ^{is} desirous to join
 African National Congress, even outside
 the location are many.

Superior people like ministers have
 joined, and many others are anxious
 to join. So somebody with wide knowledge
 that is to be sent to come and explain
 and encourage them.

We then kindly and obediently ask
 the President to send somebody on the

1st October, 1944.

African National Congress is
marching forward this year.

Let the present ~~test~~ I me
know very soon as to whether there
is any success.

I remain, sir,

I am,

yours obediently,
J. P. Mkwabane.

ABX 4409254
A.N.C.
(Natal)

25/9/1944

Rev. A.S.Mtimkulu,
Acting-President, African Congress, Natal
P.O.Box 74.

My dear Rev. Mtimkulu,

re Congress Resolution on Natal Province:

I must express my appreciation of the steps taken by the Executive of the Natal African Congress in sending you to interview the national headquarters of the African National Congress. This gave me the impression that Natal had real interest in national unity, notwithstanding anything else must acknowledge with thanks a statement on behalf of your Provincial Executive signed by you and Mr. S.J.Sililo.

I may say at the outset that recriminations will get us nowhere. We are working towards one goal and we must, therefore try to find the most practical way of achieving our aim of national unity.

I must emphasize that this letter is written to you in dual capacity of Acting-President of the Natal African Congress and therefore ex officio member of the Executive of the African National Congress.

I call upon you to meet with the other members, Natal members, of the National Executive of the A.N.C. and arrange to meet the Natal African Congress together and ascertain their difficulties in their efforts towards falling into line with the A.N.C. Together with the Natal African Congress agree on a plan or work out a plan that would facilitate both the falling into line of the Natal Province and its organisation under the banner of the African National.

I must make it clear that the resolution has no intention to set up two authorities or parallel organisations in Natal. It creates no offices for anyone. The people of Natal in their own elections will determine who shall be the officials or leaders of the Congress in Natal.

The resolution is an appeal to Natal to hasten on and come into the National fold to play her part. Through the resolution I want to appeal to you as leaders to bury the hatchet and march together into the National cause to be a fine example of unity to some of us.

We want Natal to come out of isolation but we would be the last people to encourage divisions.

Let us, therefore, not go back to recriminations. They will get us nowhere. Let us try to work out the plan that I have outlined above in National interest for National unity.

I shall be prepared to spend a Sunday with the groups in Durban on the plan outlined but if you can settle the matter amicably among yourselves so much the better.

I am sending you a copy of a letter to Councillor Champion and other members of the A.N.C., and am sending them a copy of your letter.

With best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

President-General, African National Congress.

COPY

The entire issue of 10,000 shares of 10/- each, less 70 shares which have already been taken up by the signatories of the memorandum of Association, are now offered to the public at par. The full amount of 10/- per share is payable upon application.

All the shares are of one type.

Applications for shares may be posted to P.O. Box 30, Bergvlei, District Johannesburg, or delivered to the Secretary, Samuel Joshua Mathebula, 36, Sixth Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg, and must be accompanied by the amount payable on application.

All cheques must be made out to the Company and must include exchange.

Applications for shares may be refused by the Directors without stating any reason, and in such cases the amount submitted on application will be refunded.

PURPOSE OF CAPITAL ISSUE.

The main purpose of the capital issue by the Company is to enable African investors to participate in the establishment, carrying on and development of trades and businesses of all kinds, and to spread its investments by subsidising, granting special rights to, assisting, supporting, and encouraging all persons and companies engaged, or proposing to be engaged therein.

The first seven Directors of the Company are all Africans of standing in the African community of Johannesburg.

The Articles of Association of the Company provide that all the shares of the Company shall be under the control of the directors who may refuse to allot shares to an applicant whom they do not deem to be suitable and who also have control over the transfer of the shares. It is the intention of the Company to limit the issue of shares to African applicants only and to permit the transfer of shares only to Africans so that the Company shall remain a purely African Company under African control and, with solely African members.

The control of the shares by the directors will enable the directors to maintain the Company - as a solely African concern.

Each share purchased represents one vote and therefore the shareholders have all the voting power that can be desired.

There are no restrictive preference or promoters' shares to prejudice the voting power of shareholders as all the shares of the Company are of one type and each share carries the same voting power.

There is a very great field for development in the provision of the needs and requirements of the African people by Africans themselves. More and more African businessmen are taking over from European enterprise the business of supplying the African populace with its requirements and assisting the people in their businesses and financial affairs, and the Africans are every year to a greater extent supporting African enterprises. Few Africans, however, have the capital necessary to carry on business on a scale commensurate with the demand.

It is the intention of the Company with its substantial capital to devote its energies entirely to the foundation and development of business enterprises, which will cater for the needs of the African populace and it is expected that such enterprises controlled by an African Company will meet with very great support.

The Company....2../.

The Company provides in the Articles of Association that the signatories thereto, seven in number, shall be the first directors.

The Managing Director, Mr. Richard Granville Baloyi, is an African business man of many years' experience, well-known to the whole African community of Johannesburg and other parts of the Transvaal. All the directors are leaders of the community in the African township of Alexandra and shareholders are assured of the sound conduct of the affairs and management of the Company.

The Articles provide that all seven directors shall retire from office at the first ordinary meeting of the Company and that at the ordinary meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office. In every case the retiring directors shall be eligible for re-election.

VOTING POWER.

The Articles stipulate that every member present in person or by proxy at the meeting shall have one vote when the voting is show of hands, when the voting is by ballot each member shall have one vote for each share he holds.

GENERAL CONDITIONS IN CONNECTION WITH VOTING.

The Articles stipulate that when there are joint registered holders of any shares anyone of such persons may vote at any meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting, personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons whose name stands first in the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any shares stand shall, for the purpose of this clause, be deemed joint holders thereof.

The Articles stipulate that votes may be given either personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his agent duly authorised in writing, or if the appointer is a corporate body under the hand of an officer or agent duly authorised by that body. No person shall act as a proxy unless either he is entitled on his own behalf to be present and vote at the meeting at which he acts as proxy or he is appointed to act at that meeting as proxy for a corporate body.

The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of six months from the date when it was signed, unless so specifically stated in the proxy itself, and no proxy shall be used at an adjourned meeting which could not have been used at the original meeting.

QUORUM AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

A quorum consists of three members personally present.

DIVIDENDS AND BONUS.

The directors may declare a dividend and/or bonus to be paid to the shareholders in proportion to their shares. No dividend shall be payable except out of profits. Such dividend or bonus may take the form of cash shares in other companies or be in the nature of specific distribution of any other kind of property.

RESERVE FUND.

The Articles stipulate that the Board may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum or sums as they may consider proper to form a reserve fund to meet contingences, or for equalising dividends, or for repairing, improving and maintainancing any of the property of the Company, or for any other purposes connected with business of the Company and in furtherance of the objects thereof.

The directors may employ the reserve fund or any portion thereof in the business of the Company or may invest the same upon such investments (other than the shares of the Company).

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

Shares may be transferred, but no share shall be transferred to a person who is not a member of the Company so long as any member or any person selected by the directors as one, whom it is desirable in the interests of the Company to admit membership, is willing to purchase the same at the fair value thereof, which "fair value" in the event of dispute shall be determined by the auditor of the Company.

In the event of the Company not finding a member or person willing to purchase the share at such value, the transferor shall have the right to transfer the share to any person he desires, subject to the approval of the directors.

STATUTORY INFORMATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 77 (2) OF THE COMPANIES' ACT, 1926.

- (a) There are no experts reports.
- (b) At this date the Company has not carried on business for a year.
- (c) No part of the money obtained by the issue of shares will be used directly or indirectly for the purpose of acquiring any business undertaking until such time as the directors are of opinion that the time is opportune for such purchase.

STATUTORY INFORMATION SUPPLIED IN TERMS OF SCHEDULE 6 OF THE COMPANIES' ACT, 1926.

The Company was incorporated on the Twenty-ninth day of July 1944. The address of its registered Office is 59, Second Avenue, Alexandra Township, District Johannesburg.

UNDER SECTION (2) OF THE SCHEDULE.

The Memorandum of Association of the Company is:

willing to purchase the share at such value, the transferor shall have the right to transfer the share to any person he desires, subject to the approval of the directors.

- (a) There are no experts reports.
- (b) At this date the Company has not carried on business for a year.
- (c) No part of the money obtained by the issue of shares will be used directly or indirectly for the purpose of acquiring any business undertaking until such time as the directors are of opinion that the time is opportune for such purchase.

A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 76 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1926, BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES.

PROSPECTUS OF

ALEXANDRA LAND, INDUSTRIAL AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

(Registered under the Companies Act, 1929).

Capital issue of £5,000 divided into 10,000 shares of 10/- each.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. R.G. Baloyi, 52, Second Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.
2. D.M. Shibambo, 129, Fourth Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.
3. L. Matlabe, 56, Twelfth Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.
4. S.J. Mathebula, 36, Sixth Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.
5. A.H. Mbanjwa, 8, First Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.
6. A. Maleke, 20, First Avenue, Alexandra Township Johannesburg
7. D.B. Gumede, 129, Sixth Avenue, Alexandra Township, Johannesburg.

AUDITORS:

George F. Judd & Company, 1105/6, S.A. Mutual Buildings, Harrison Street, Johannesburg.

BANKERS:

BARCLAYS' BANK (D.C. & O. , Orange Grove, Johannesburg.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICES:

S.J. MATHEBULA,

59, Second Avenue, Alexandra Township,

JOHANNESBURG.

ABX.440927

Personal matters
27 Sept. 1944

ALEXANDRA LAND, INDUSTRIAL AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To the Directors,
Alexandra Land, Industrial and Investment Company Limited,
59 Second Avenue,
ALEXANDRA TOWNSHIP.

Dear Sirs,

I enclose a remittance of £..... being payment
in full for Shares of 10/- each in the above Company and
request you to allot me upon the terms of the Prospectus and
Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, I hereby
agree to accept the same or any lesser number of shares which may
be allotted to me and I authorise you to register me as the holder
of the said shares.

Dated at..... this..... day of 19

Signature of Applicant.....

Signature of Witnesses.
.....
.....

Full Name.....
(In Block Capitals)

Ladies should state whether spinster,
married or widow. If married must be
assisted by husband.

Occupation.....

Full Address.....
.....

(Africans only need apply)

Cheques must be crossed and made out in the name of the Company.

For use of the Company's Office only:-

Receipt No.....

Allotment No.....

Collection Number: AD843

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