NEW AGE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1961





FIREMEN TURN OVER THE BLAZING CAR OF THE U.S. CONSUL IN ECQUADOR, WARD ALLAN, AFTER IT HAD BEEN SET ALIGHT BY A SECTION OF A 50,000-STRONG CROWD PROTESTING IN DECEMBER LAST YEAR AT U.S. POLICY IN LATIN AMERICA.

Latin America is aflame with anti-colonialism. In recent months huge strikes and demonstrations have taken place in one country after the other against U.S. domination. Cuba has shown the way, and although the governments quail before the U.S. monopolists, the peoples are pressing angrily for change.

In his book, "Listen, Yankee" C. Wright Mills (U.S. author and liberal) draws a panoramic picture of the Latin American masses: • two-thirds are undernourished; 50% are illiterate and suffer from

• two-thirds are undernourished; 50% are illiterate and suffer from infectious or deficiency diseases; two-thirds are in semi-feudal conditions of work;

 nearly all exist under one-crop export economies perilously dependent on the fluctuations of foreign markets;

• two-thirds of their land is controlled—and often misused—by native oligarchies and foreign corporations;

• their economy is dominated by foreign capital—largely U.S. invested in extractive industries; their transportation systems are confined to moving raw materials from inland to coast rather than for the development of internal markets;

• they are subjected to repeated commercial and military interventions from outside and to political domination by feudal oligarchies and military domination by inflated armies. Mills sums up: "Latin America is enormously rich—in soil,

Mills sums up: "Latin America is enormously rich—in soil, timber, oil, all the metals, the chemicals; it is rich in virtually everything men need to live well. Yet in this plundered continent there exist today some of the most hopelessly impoverished people in the world . . . 'Democracy' in much of Latin America is largely a facade tolerated by the army, a ceremony displayed on due occasion."

No wonder the people of the continent say: THE BIGGEST PROBLEM IN SOUTH AMERICA IS NORTH AMERICA.

AFRICA Angola Freedom Fighters Go Over To "DIRECT ACTION" 100,000 Flee Tyranny Each Year

FREEDOM fighters in the Portuguese colony of Angola have gone over to direct action—and have fired the first major salvoes in their campaign to free Angola. The target date for freedom—June 1962, at the latest.

The exact nature of the battle last week-end in Angola is not clear for the Portuguese authorities suppress truth as ruthlessly as they kill men. But what is clear is that well-organised members of the underground liberation movement staged armed attacks on various jails in which political prisoners are kept and that in the course of the fighting several police lost their lives.

It seems, too, that more people lost their lives when the colonialists forced people against their will to attend the funeral of the police who had been killed defending the jails.

For 500 years the Portuguese have been in Africa, and during all these centuries they have tried to create a vast Zone of Silence to keep the world from knowing of the frightful atrocities they have committed there.

"ONLY THE DEAD . . ."

It was none other than Captain Galvao, the captor of the ocean liner Santa Maria, who reported after an official visit to Angola in 1947 that the system of forced labour being practised by the colonial authorities was leading to the wholesale depopulation of the territories. He produced figures to show that at least 100,000 Africans were fleeing the country each year, and an even larger number were rendered unfit to work as a result of disease and starvation.

It was his experiences in Angola that first turned Galvao away from the Salazar dictatorship, which, by the way, he had helped to instal in 1926. He wrote about "exterminating operations" undertaken by the Portuguese troops against the Africans, and estimated that in the preceding ten years at least one million Africans had left the territory not to return.

"Only the dead," he declared in his report, "are exempt from compulsory labour."

It is against these ghastly conditions that the people of Angola are fighting. They have been inspired by the independence movement which has swept all Africa, and their freedom organisations go from strength to strength.

UNDERGROUND

Seven years ago the underground Union of the Peoples of Angola was set up and since then the organisation has been building up it₃ strength both inside and outside Angola.

At a conference held in London towards the end of last year the UPA delegates, along with delegates from organisations from all parts of the Portuguese colonial empire, endorsed a resolution calling for direct action to overthrow the colonial regime.

"PORTUGAL, BY ITS OBSTI-

No Comment Needed

"... I then burnt the city and put everything to the sword. For days together blood continued flowing in the streets ... Wherever infidels were found, no life was spared to them ... We calculated 6,000 souls the minimum to have been killed man and women .. "THE WOMEN WHO ES-CAPED DEATH WERE CONVERTED TO CHRISTI-ANITY AND DISTRIBUTED AMONGST THE SOLDIERS

"It was, my lord, a great deed, well fought and well finished."

A letter to his sovereign by the Portuguese 'hero' Albuquerque on the conquest of Goa, dated December 1510. NATE REFUSAL TO RECOG-NISE OUR NATIONAL ASPI-RATIONS, GIVES US ONLY ONE ALTERNATIVE," they stated. "PORTUGAL, BY ITS BRUTAL REPRESSION AND PREPARATIONS FOR A COLO-NIAL WAR, PROVOKES US TO USE THAT ALTERNATIVE, DIRECT ACTION."

The UPA, which has its headquarters in exile in Leopoldville, claimed last year that it had a membership of 50,000. Amongst its supporters are a few Portuguese who have thrown in their lot completely with the African people. The extent to which the large anti-Salazar group of Portuguese in Angola are prepared to ally themselves with the Africans remains to be seen.

NAPALM-BOMBING

The reaction of the Portuguese secret police and military to these developments followed the usual merciless pattern. Demonstrations of napalm (flaming jelly) bombing were put on by Portuguese aircraft to intimidate Africans, dozens of political prisoners were murdered.

At one jail in Luanda, for example, a group of 29 prisoners were warned that poison was being put in their food. When they refused to eat the guards tried to force them. A scuffle developed, a special guard was brought in and all 29 were executed by shooting.

• EMBOLDENED BY THE DRAMATIC CAPTURE OF THE SANTA MARIA. IN-SPIRED BY THE GENERAL FREEDOM UPSURGE IN AFRICA, THE DETERMINED FREEDOM FIGHTERS OF AN-GOLA HAVE NOW FIRMLY SET THEMSELVES UPON THE PATH OF NO RETURN—THE PATH OF RELENTLESS STRUGGLE. BY MEANS OF DIRECT ACTION. UNTIL THE SALAZAR TYRANNY IS OVERTHROWN AND THE PEOPLES OF ANGOLA GAIN THEIR FULL INDEPENDENCE AND LIBERTY.

A BANKER directs U.N. ACTIVITY in CONGO... And his name is DAG HAMMARSKJOELD

A BANKER is directing the United Nations Congo Operations.

Bankers always put investments before people. That's true in Africa and elsewhere. And this banker follows the way of his kind. He sets a tough policy towards Premier Lumumba, who opposes foreign monopolies. And a soft policy towards Moise Tshombe, the Katanga mining stooge. Lumumba, the patriot, was driven from office, jailed and beaten, while Tshombe, the traitor, was protected. And colonialism survives a little longer. The banker behind the Congo job is Dag Hammarskjoeld, the UN Secretary General.

the UN Secretary General. Dag was Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Bank of Sweden before entering UN service. And he was an influential figure in the world's money marts for many years.

The UN chief comes from a long wealthy line. The eldest sons in his family have been Knights of the Kingdom of Sweden for 350 years. His father. Knut Hjalmar Hammarskjoeld, was a Conservative Prime Minister during the First World War. Other Hammarskjoelds have been Cabinet members.

Sweden is a little country, but its financial aristocracy is extremely rich. Its bankers have big investments in Belgium, Britain and the USA. And one can understand Dag's sympathy with the Belgian, British and Rockefeller investors in the Congo today.

One can also understand the US President's enthusiasm for Dag. For Dag's ties with American finance were especially close.

- These ties were tightly knitted in the late 1940's, when the cold war began. The cold war was officially started by President Truman and Secretary of State Marshall. And "Marshall Plan" billions began flowing into Europe with two objects in mind:
- to drown the left-wing forces in Italy, France and other lands;
- to finance American companies in their drive to control the economy of Europe.

Cold War Old-Timer

And Dag gave up the high bank-

ing post he had held for 8 years, and began handling American money as a Marshall Plan executive. This cold war story goes back to 1947 when Dag sat on the organising committee that set up the Marshall Plan.

- In 1948 Dag became a Marshall Plan fulltimer. His title was "Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee for the Organisation for European Economic Co-operation." This was otherwise known as the OEEC—a cold-war weapon against Leftwing Labour and the Soviet Union.
- This background casts a shadow on Dag's recent protestations about his "impartiality" and "objectivity" in the Congo dispute.

Dag worked hand in hand with Averill Harriman, the big investment banker, in this cold war campaign. Harriman was Marshall Plan chief in Europe, with an Ambassador's title. A friendship began between the two bankers that continues to this day. And Harriman gave a warm welcome to Dag recently after touring the Congo for Kennedy.

Dag doubtless remembers the

Wall Street harvest that he helped to reap in the Marshall Plan drive. Hundreds of American branch plants sprang up in Europe. And Uncle Sam's dollar became King.

That wasn't all. Communists were expelled from the Governments of Italy, Belgium and France . . . This was part of the price that the Marshall Planners extracted for their "aid." And militant left-wing trade unions were weakened for a time.

Anti-Lumumba

Big changes have taken place since then. The peoples of the socialist countries constitute a mighty power; the anti-colonial revolution is sweeping Africa.

But while the world has developed, Dag has stood still.

He has revealed his true colours quite blatantly by his actions in the Congo. From the start he sided with the imperialists against the government of the Congo that had invited him there. It was part of his policy to have Lumumba removed from office, and when the Congolese Premier was finally arrested and beaten, Dag did nothing to secure protection for him.

But Dag is finding that the peoples of the world are no longer prepared to be pushed around by the bankers and monopolists. The regime which he has installed in Leopoldville is getting weaker by the day, while the most go-ahead of the Afro-Asian countries which at first backed his actions in the Congo have been so angered by the manner in which he has used their troops that they have now started to withdraw their support completely.

AND BOTH INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS THE DEMAND IS GROWING FOR THE REMOVAL OF DAG AS SECRETARY - GENERAL AND HIS REPLACEMENT BY SOME PERSON. OR A COMMITTEE, WHICH IS GENUINELY NEUTRAL AND MORE REPRESEN-TATIVE OF THE BUR-GEONING DESIRE FOR PEACE AND PROGRESS IN THE HEARTS OF THE WORLD'S MILLIONS.

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Christopher Cup Crack-up

NO RACIAL CRICKET AT EASTER 6



LOOKS like we can chalk a big score for sports progress: the Christopher Cup Cricket (for Indians only) at Pietermaritzburg is OFF.

Scoreboard may be jumping the gun a little but inside news is that the top men in Transvaal cricket are against participation. Southern Natal's Moolla has already led his province in condemning the tournament, Ranjith Kallie's stand is unknown, as head of the S.A. Union, and Griquas' Abbas is said to be supporting the tourney, but without the support of the main provincial bodies the show is sure to flop. Best thing is to announce cancellation.

MORE CRICKET

+ There are signs that the Cricket Board of Control is ready to face up to the problem of reorganising cricket on a national basis. Details must be worked out. Scoreboard cordially invites readers to send in suggestions on how the difficulties of organisation can be overcome.

* Eastern Province and Western Province cricket administrators are now in closer contact. They should be able to work out answers to some of the Board of Control problems. They are springing a meeting on Feb. 18.

* The Board has also been asked to write to an address in New Zealand after an offer of support was received. If they need more details. surely the simplest thing is to write to New Zealand for them?

Mr. Ngcobo has been misquoted. Otherwise this sounds like racialism. Besides, Mr. Ngcobo KNOWS that the pace for tennis progress is being set by the non-racial S.A. Tennis Board with H.Q. in Cape Town.

ALL-IN AFRICAN CONFERENCE

(Continued from page 1)

send delegates to the conference. Appeals are being made to churchmen, sportsmen, professional men, workers and peasants to attend. The conference will be open to both delegates and individual participants.

It will mark a new high watermark of African unity, which has been a feature of African life since the state of emergency and the banning of the African National Congress and the Pan-Africanist Congress.

The calling of the conference follows the meeting of African leaders of different shades of opinion held in mid-December in Johannesburg. This conference set up the continuation committee of churchmen, businessmen and politicians to organise a gathering fully representative of the African people in town and country-side and from all provinces.

Members of the organising committee include Chief A. J. Lutuli, formerly President-General of the ANC: Prof. Z. K. Matthews, former Vice-Principal of Fort Hare University; Mr. J. Ngubane, Vice-President of the Liberal Party; Dr. Z. R. Mahabane, President of the Interdenominational African Ministers' Federation; Mr. Paul Mosaka, chairman of the Johannesburg African Chamber of Commerce: Mr. W. B. Ngakane, formerly field officer of the Institute of Race Relations; Mr. J. Molefe, formerly executive member of the PAC; and others. The African leaders' call to the

African people makes the following points:

The minority of White voters



Thirty women workers from Clayton Products, a Johannesburg toy and novelty factory, were sacked on the turn when they reported for work recently. This follows a victory by the women at the factory when they won a wage increase last year and were also acquitted in court after an unsuccessful attempt to prosecute them for striking. From the factory the workers went to the City Hall steps to carry placards: "OUR CHILDREN ARE GOING TO STARVE" and "GIVE US TRADE UNION RIGHTS."

INTER-PROVINCIAL CRICKET

W.P. Team Too Strong For Easterns

By "Duleep"

CAPE TOWN. STATISTICIANS can set down the 4th of February, 1961, as a red letter day in the history of nonwhite cricket, for it was on that day that the first inter-provincial match was played between the Eastern Province Federation XI and a Western Province Board XI at the Green Point Track, Cape Town.

Inter-provincial games in the normal sense are no innovation, but this was different. It was a match between two provinces, where Coloureds, Africans, Malays and Indians on both sides played as a team.

My heartiest congratulations to the officials of the W.P. Cricket Board and the E.P. Cricket Federation. They have started a trend in our cricket which must surely be emulated by all the other centres, with the ultimate formation of a national body on non-racial lines. As a spectacle the match was a flop," for the visiting Eastern Province team were no match for their powerful opponents, who are at present riding the crest of the wave. G. "Tiney" Abed, captaining the Westerns, won the toss and decided to bat. The W.P. men opened overcautiously and in three hours of play had recorded a mere 80 runs. It was only when J. "Coetie" Neethling (90) and Cecil Abrahams (69) became associated in a fine 135-run partnership that the match showed any signs of life. These two, with aggressive tactics, quickly doubled the score, but on the following morning, when play was continued, they immediately "threw" away their wickets, and in no time the home side was all out for a total of 241. Instrumental in this sensational collapse were the medium-paced bowlers, Connolly and Adams, who shared the "spoils" between them. Easterns were at least expected to make a fight of it, but much to the disappointment of the small crowd, they put up feeble resistance to be skittled out for a meagre 27. The visitors displayed an obvious dislike for the spin bowling of Eric Petersen (6/5) and Owen Williams (3/3), the South African stars who had so much success in East Africa in 1958

through the opposition to capture 8 speed up his scoring rate. Raziet, wickets for 22 runs. Williams, bowling immaculately, collected the remaining "scalps." In all fairness to Eastern Pro-

vince, one must not overlook the fact that their team was not at full strength, for it did not include players from one of its strongest units. But it is pleasing to note that a truce has come about and in future they will be able to field their best, as the E.P. Col. Union have indicated their willingness to give wholehearted support to the Federation. With Ralph Simons, the S.A. all-rounder now back in P.E. from Ghana, and a few other promising players, the future of Eastern Province cricket is indeed bright.

Western Province, on the other hand, have no complaints, except hat they have a dearth of opening

came on the scene. He simply ran has all the qualifications but must the other W.P. opener, has apparently seen better days. Young Carelse can become a good player if he perseveres, for he is young and keen.

BRIGHT FUTURE

Cecil Abrahams, who leaves with Basil D'Oliviera for England on March 10 to play professional cricket in the Lancashire League, impressed as a brilliant fielder, and played a major batting role in pulling Westerns out of the fire. In this match he showed glimpses of the form that we normally expect of him. His innings has no doubt encouraged him for the future, and he carries all our good wishes for a successful career overseas. With Basil at his service, he is bound to succeed.

Scores: W. Province 241 (J. Neeth

GOLF SCOOPS

African Sports Association is considering action if Papwa is excluded from the S.A. Open Golf Championships.

+ In the meantime, ton officials of SASA are seeing the President of the SAGU. Mr. E. B. Pagden, for informal discussions.

TENNIS DROP-SHOT

A sports columnist, Gordon Oumba, has quoted Mr. Reg. Ngcobo of the S.A. Lawn Tennis Association (Bantu) as saying: "The Coloureds must follow the lead set by Africans and Indians." Perhaps

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- has voted for a Republic without taking into account the views of 12 million African people.
- They have, by endorsing the Verwoerd republic, justified the oppression of the African people and given the Nats a further mandate to continue their dictatorial policy.
- As sons and daughters of this country we must give a massive NO to the Verwoerd Republic.
- We must speak with one voice and say NO to white domination.
- We want no taxation without representation.
- We want universal education for all, and no Bantu Education
- Millions of landless people can no longer endure starvation.

CONVENTION

The call urges all organisations to send delegates to the conference to demand the calling of a national convention to draw up a new constitution for the people of South Africa.

- 'Call great meetings and elect delegates. Collect money for fares.'
- No constitutional changes without our consent.
- Lift the ban on the ANC and PAC
- Unite to stop the Verwoerd Fascist Republic.

Following on, Easterns made a fight of it by taking the score to 29 before the first wicket fell, but then it was the same story all over again when off-spinner "Goelie" Abed

batsmen. Hattas, although much too slow for the spectators' satisfaction.

PAMPHLETS

New COD pamphlet: "Face the Future", with Foreword by Chief Lutuli and Freedom Charter in full. Analyses African Nationalism and urges white South Africans to face up to the challenge of Africa. Price 1/- each, or 9/- a dozen. Also Freedom Charter-Beautifully printed. suitable for framing. 3d, each. Send cash with your order to: S.A. Congress of Democrats, P.O. Box 4088, Johannesburg.

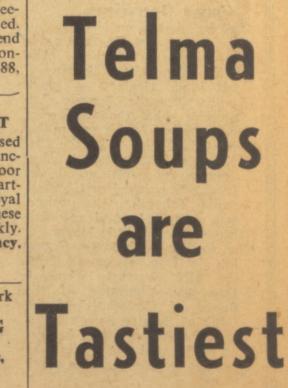
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ling 90, C. Abrahams 69, B. Hattas 43, S. Raziet 18, G. Connolly 5/56. A. Adams 4/62).

E. Province 27 (E. Petersen 5/6, O. Williams 3/3, C. Abrahams 1/5) and 49 (I. Nackerdien 16, G. H. Abed 8/22, O. Williams 2/5). W. Province won by an innings and 165 runs.



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