

SOLOMON MBANJWATHE STATE v. FAZZI & OTHERSEVIDENCE IN CHIEF

1. He joined the ANC in 1956 and became secretary of his branch. In 1960 the ANC was banned. He revived his membership in 1962 and remained active until his arrest. pp. 163 - 164A.
2. After the ANC was banned it changed its policy to violence. Another organisation, which was part of the ANC, decided on violence. This was MK. He then describes the organisation of High Command etc. in MK. pp. 164A- 165.
3. The plan of MK was to use sabotage and eventually arms to fight the Government. He became a recruiting officer of MK. pp. 165 - 166.

CROSS-EXAMINATION BY THE ACCUSED

4. Before the banning of the ANC its policy was non-violent. He was told about change of policy when he joined MK. This was done by Ronnie Kasrils. He did not know why the policy changed, and did not ask any questions. He was willing to accept the change in policy. pp. 166 - 168.
5. The ANC was an organisation for Africans only. The MK was open to all races. After it was banished there

remained / ...

remained a black man's organisation,
but not the new military wing. p. 169.

6. None of the people recruited by him
ever asked how MK was going to fight.
They simply went when they were asked to
go. p.170.

7. His object in joining the ANC was to
protest against laws he did not like and
thought were no good, and to fight for
"our freedom". p. 171.

8. He revived his membership in the
ANC by becoming a member of MK. He then
became a member of the Provincial Head
Committee of the banished ANC. p. 172.

9. When you join MK you do not take an
oath or sign any document - it is all
done verbally. There are no subscrip-
tions. p. 172.

10. The difference between the old ANC
and the new organisation is that the ANC
was black people only, and the military
wing was all races. p. 172.

Collection Number: AD1901

**SOUTH AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF RACE RELATIONS, Security trials Court
Records 1958-1978**

PUBLISHER:

Publisher:- Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand

Location:- Johannesburg

©2012

LEGAL NOTICES:

Copyright Notice: All materials on the Historical Papers website are protected by South African copyright law and may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, displayed, or otherwise published in any format, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Disclaimer and Terms of Use: Provided that you maintain all copyright and other notices contained therein, you may download material (one machine readable copy and one print copy per page) for your personal and/or educational non-commercial use only.

People using these records relating to the archives of Historical Papers, The Library, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, are reminded that such records sometimes contain material which is uncorroborated, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. While these digital records are true facsimiles of the collection records and the information contained herein is obtained from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand has not independently verified their content. Consequently, the University is not responsible for any errors or omissions and excludes any and all liability for any errors in or omissions from the information on the website or any related information on third party websites accessible from this website.

This document is part of a private collection deposited with Historical Papers at The University of the Witwatersrand.