## Review Line.....

# Remembering Sobukwe guilte with that for

By Colin Leguin of Third World Reports.

THE Black Consciousness Movement (BCM) is South Africa, like negritable in the Francophone world, is widely regarded as a manufestation of Black caciom if this were so, how would one account for the factory of Black Conference of the lackofony of Black Conference in South Africa, Robert Mangallios Solvakwe, and his principal disciple, Steve Black consider White liberal South Africans among their close friends?

The extraordinary relationship formed by Biko with Donald and Wendy Woods has been brilliant y and authentically portrayed in Se Richard Attenborough's film

Cry Procdom.

The deep friendship between Sobukwe and Benjamin Pogrund, the former deputy-edition of the Rand Daily Mail, will shortly be gold in the collection of letters from Sobukwe being edited by Pogrund. Another of Sobukwe's tristed colleagues with the Jair Patrick Duncan, com of a former South African Governor-General.

Pogrund fold how his relationship with Sobiskoe developed in an address he delivered to the UN Special Committee against Apartheid on the tenth anniversary of Sobiskoe's death on 26

February 1978.

It is not without some political significance that the invitation to Pogrami to deliver this address came from the Pan Africansis Congress (PAC), which was

founded by Sabukwe

If there is in be any large of a son-rarial society ever being established in South Africa it lies in the racial gulf being bridged during the present transition period, and in developing the social maks between Blacks and Whites, and not just between their leaders.

The protogramsis of regritade in the French colonial world — non-like the farmer President of

Seoggal, Leopold Senghar, and the Martiniquan past, and parliamentarian, Amore Craume — described their philosophy in Marsist language as a dislocarical process. Black randme (printe of face) is a necessary reaction against White randme — thesis and annithesis — in order to develop a healthy synthesis of non-racialism.

Sobukwe, an unti-Marxist, described the aims of Black Consciousness in fees complicated improper as the founding conference of the PAC in 1959.

"We aim, politically, at government of the Africans by Africans for Africans, with everybody who owes his loyalty to Africa and who is prepared to accept the dimucciate rule of an African majority being regarded as an African."

Sobukwe argund, however, that since the Black and White experience was so widely different, it was necessary for each racial community to wage their struggle against racialism through their own movements, and that the degree to which each community contributed politically to the creation of a democratic system would, at the end of the day, determine the nature of their relationship in a post-apartheid

Robert Mangallio Sobukwe was born on 5 December 1924 in the Cape turn town of Grauff Reinet. His father was a labouter and his mother a domestic sersant. His outstanding abilities as a pupil were recognised by his missionary (eachers at Healthown.

As a schularship studem at the segregated university college of Fort Hare, he plunged into politics, joining the Youth League

of the African National Congress (ANC). He became a teacher in the Transvaal rural town of Standerson where his ANC aclivities brough him into conflict with the authorities.

Despite his political activism, his academic qualities were recognized by the University of Wilwatersrand which appointed him as a lecturer in Zufa. He combined teaching with studying for a second degree in languages. Living in Soweto, he became a driving longs in the Africanist movement within the ANC.

The PAC was formed in 1959 with Sobukwe as its first president-general and its principal theoretician. In March 1960 the PAC launched a "decisive action" campaign against the pass raws. With his close colleagues, Sobukwe surrendered himself to the police, proclaiming his refusal to carry passes any longer. The unti-puss campaign evoked an immediate mass response. At a peaceful mass demonstration on the first day of the campaign 69 people were shot dead at Sharpeville - a watershed in South African politics.

Sobakwe and his colleagues were sentenced to three years under "inciteinent laws". But before his term of imprisonment ended on Robben Island, the Government introduced an amendment to the law enabling them to keep Sobulwe and others in indefinite detention.

It was while be was still a prisoner on Robben Island that he first communicated with Poptund, who had fallen foul of the authorities because of a series of urricles he published about prison conditions. Sobukwe wrote to him

"I want to assure you that I am

quite aware of the political antplications of this case. And I do not wish justary ever to record that for some opportunistic reason or other, I kept mum like Brer Rabbt, when I should have spoker, at the same time being quite volulle when I thould have held my piace. If, then, at any time in the oture, at any stage of this case, you should like me to testify please don't fear thin your calling me as a witness will Ropardise ny position. We have become so anxious to shield and spare our frends that we are virtual "collaborators"

This was he beginning of a correspondence that continued throughout the following six years that Sobokwe remained confined on Robben Island. Who he wasfinally released in Kimberies under constant surveillance. Pogrond often visited him here, When he became III — dagnosted too late as cancer — he came and stayed with the Populads in Johannesburg for medical consultations.

Progrand describes him in Chaucer's pirmet a gentle, perfect knight, He adds: "He was a modest mar. He was sensitive and concerned about the needs and hurts of others. He was incapable of meanness. He had a matchless corrage, speaking with the same grave politeness to high and low, young and old, friend and "samy, And so often there was that warm smile lighting up his faire, that big prin, and that deep chuckle of anusement."

Progrand concluded his anniversary address by saying; "II is South Africa's femible loss that. Robert Sobukwe is at longer with us to take part in the struggle for liberty. To attack racism and divide tribalism, to lead through personal example, and to inspire through his gift for drawing people to him,"

Sobukwe's legacy to South Africana is his teaching that: "There is only one near to which we all belong, and that is the human tace." Robert Sobukwe Papers

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