

ARE THESE MEN GANGSTERS ? No, only unfortunates caught under the pass laws!



The troop carriers were rapidly filled. In all 500 workers on their way home from the factories to the townships were arrested and driven off to police station cells.

THESE RAIDS MUST STOP!

JOHANNESBURG. — The police called it an anti-crime drive. After a number of attacks by robbers and thugs on European women in their homes the police set out to show how to catch the criminals.

They did it the one way they couldn't possibly bring the real culprits to book...but they could terrorise thousands of innocent, law-abiding African workers.

On Friday, pay-day, last week police parties were sent out into seven of the city's northern suburbs to round up "loiterers."

In Louis Botha Avenue, the city's busiest thoroughfare, they chose the peak traffic period to stop every single African bus and taxi and car carrying African passengers and to search everyone indiscriminately.

DISLOCATION

The traffic was completely dislocated. Taxis and cars carrying Africans were diverted into a side street, lined up, and then searched methodically by the police.

Entering the buses, the police went from passenger to passenger demanding his pass book and other documents.

Troop carriers stood by to carry the arrested to the cells.

The buses were thrown off their schedules and Louis Botha Avenue was choked with traffic and searching police.

Police also entered flats and houses and rounded up Africans walking in the streets.

After the operation the police announced their "catch": 500 Africans arrested for being without passes and trespassing. The highest number of arrests was in Norwood: 166. Arrests for the other areas were: Hospital Hill 35; Yeoville 23; Rosebank 60; Parkview 50; Fern-dale 47; Craighall 37.

These raids, which make criminals instead of taking them, must stop!



No African got by. Police were at the bus stops, in the buses, on the pavements to stop every soul in sight. "Pass," they said.

WOMEN'S PASS PROTEST GROWS

More Huge Demonstrations On Rand

JOHANNESBURG.

Like a sea at full tide, the waves of women's protests against the pass laws surge in.

- Domestic workers from Johannesburg suburbs went on a mass deputation to the Native Commissioner last Thursday.
- Two days later the women of Alexandra Township took part in a protest.
- The women of Orlando have fixed June 16 as their protest day and they will march to the Location Superintendent.
- Over Freedom Week-end (on June 23) the women of the south-west regions will hold their monster demonstration to the Native Commissioner.

All these actions are mounting towards the national protest to the Prime Minister, Mr. Strijdom, in Pretoria in a few months' time.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS

The 360-odd women domestic servants who went to the Native Commissioner last week gave him a lesson in elementary democracy. He told the deputation of 12 spokeswomen admitted into his office that

they could not expect the laws of the country to be changed just because they did not like them.

Back came the sharp reply from Bertha Mashaba: "No, because South Africa is not a democratic country." In any democratic country the law would be changed just be-

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TWO ACQUITTED ON P.E. RIOT CHARGE

Defence Advocate Blames Police

PORT ELIZABETH.

He was somewhat astonished at the inconsistencies in the evidence, and had expected slightly more unanimity in the police evidence, the Magistrate said in the Regional Court here last week when he found Richard Mhlobiso and Jim Phillip not guilty on a charge of public violence, or alternatively, assault with intent to commit grievous bodily harm.

It was alleged that Mhlobiso and Phillip were instrumental in starting a riot during a procession in New Brighton on March 23, in which one African, Nangoza Jebe, was killed and a number of policemen and Africans injured, including the two accused.

Giving judgment, the magistrate said that no reliance could be placed by the court on Sergeant Laubscher's evidence of identity.

Outlining the course which the defence would follow, Mr. V. C. Berrange, for Mhlobiso, declared that the wrong persons were standing in the dock. "The police should have been standing there, charged with attempted murder," said Mr. Berrange.

CROWN COLLAPSES

The crown's case collapsed after a gruelling two-day cross-examination with the police giving contradictory evidence on the events that took place on March 23, when Mhlobiso was shot and wounded by a sten gun alleged to have been fired by Sergeant G. P. Laubscher. Phillip, who is now paralysed on one side of his face, was also picked up injured at the scene of the shooting.

All the Crown witnesses, including Sergeant Laubscher who was in

(Continued on page 3)

T.I.O. LEADER RESIGNS

Fed-up About Talks With Strijdom

JOHANNESBURG.

The storm over the South African Indian Organisation deputation to the Prime Minister has still not blown over. Last week Mr. M. Jajbhay, vice-president of the Transvaal Indian Organisation, resigned his position. He was not opposed to negotiations with the Government for "the removal of the Indian question from the political arena," he said, nor to any "reasonable compromise," but if the S.A.I.O. was negotiating with the Government it should "have the courage to state its plans publicly and to obtain a proper mandate."

He charged that the S.A.I.O. was in any case a defunct body. According to its constitution the T.I.O. was required to hold a meeting of its working committee every six months. No such meeting had taken place for the last two years.

The T.I.O. announced that it suspended Mr. Jajbhay from office, but Mr. Jajbhay insists he resigned first! Whoever took the first step, this is one T.I.O. casualty as a result of the talks with Strijdom.

SACTU DECISION ON I.C. ACT

JOHANNESBURG.

The special meeting of the national executive of the South African Congress of Trade Unions last weekend, called to discuss the Industrial Conciliation Amendment Act, decided that: "it is the duty of all workers, particularly White workers, to stand by the principle of working-class unity, and denounce the Act and its hated colour-bar clauses, refuse to operate them and stand firm by the Coloured, Indian and African workers."

Union representatives from all centres attended and decided to approach the Trade Union Council and other trade union federations in the interests of united action against the I.C. Act and to support the convening of a joint conference of all trade unions affected by the Act's clauses.

(Continued on page 5)

WE ARE NOT TRYING TO BLUFF YOU!

IN spite of our repeated appeals, there are not many who have taken our campaign to save New Age seriously. There are two weeks to go to the target date we set, but we are nowhere near the £10,000 we asked for.

"Why did we ask for £10,000?" some people have been asking. "You knew the figure was too high."

We asked for £10,000 by the end of June so that we could be placed in a secure position for the rest of the year. We said so at the time.

The failure to raise £10,000 simply means we go on living from hand to mouth AND WE MAY GO UNDER AT ANY MOMENT.

NO BLUFF

We are not trying to bluff you when we urge you to make a special effort. Unless you do, disaster will overcome us. At this very moment, not only are we completely without any reserves, but we just don't know where the money is coming from to meet our bills at the end of this month.

We can only survive if every reader pulls his weight more than he has done up to now. To sit back cynically and say, "I've heard that story before," is simply criminal. We invite anybody to come and sit in our shoes and see for themselves what it's like to bring out a newspaper week after week, year after year, without a steady and reliable source of income.

Meanwhile, here are a few things you MUST do within the next few weeks WITHOUT FAIL:

1. All those who have collection lists must return them forthwith, together with the money collected.
2. All Congress members and branches with collection tins must return them immediately.
3. All friends who have made pledges must please fulfil them before the end of this month.
4. All friends and organisations which have accepted quotas of money to raise must please do what they can to fulfil their quotas.

WHAT CAN BE DONE

To show what can be done, the

Alexandra branch of the A.N.C. has handed in £4 18s. collected in three tins. This money has been collected in the pennies and tickies of the people of Alexandra.

The Johannesburg Young Democrats have pledged to raise £25 and have so far brought in £6 13s. Victor Gelb being responsible for £1. The Cape Town C.O.D. (Claremont Branch) has handed in £5 12s. Readers are sending in amounts ranging from 9d. to £5.

WHAT ABOUT YOU?

This week's donations: Anonymous £4; Friend £10; Alexandra Branch A.N.C. £4.18.0; Johannesburg Young Democrats £6.14.0; Bill £15; Jack £10; Granny R. £10; Loyal Friend £15; C.S. £1; Anonymous (per J. & B.) £11; L.K. 9s.; T.T. 2s. 6d.; C.O.D. Claremont Branch £5 12.0; N.M. £1; Farewell £22.5.0; Collection list £1.14.9; Gee Sea £1; Anon 1s. Previously acknowledged £2,027.0.1. Total this week £129.2.9. Total to date: £2,156.2.10.



THE ONLY REPLY TO THE BANNINGS

On May 29, before breakfast time, a ban was served by the Minister of Justice and delivered by the Worcester Special Branch of the police on Kaiser March, an old A.N.C. member and defender of the human cause in this area. It was served under section 5 of the Suppression of Communism Act.

I do not know this gentleman as a Communist nor does any member of the A.N.C. Nevertheless the ban prohibits him from any gathering for a period of five years. We were not a little shocked because we know that anyone in the struggle for freedom is termed a Communist, not neces-

sarily because one was a member of the Communist Party of South Africa but simply to hold back the fast on-coming freedom.

Now if the Communist Party was dissolved why should it be necessary to hunt for its former members? Does not dissolution mean death to any organisation which once existed?

I am sure this banning and much talk about Communism makes more Communists out of people because what is dead cannot be killed a second time, but the possibility for revival is thereby more and more ascertained.

The A.N.C. is not daunted. I exhort all people faced with oppression in this country to talk about the A.N.C., to join its ranks and take part in an organisation that will lead all people to the universally longed-for destination—freedom and plenty. Afrika!

H. Z. MILFORD TSHUZANA.
Worcester.

Let All Workers Unite

Since the Nationalists took over in 1948, the United Party has failed hopelessly. Instead of reorganising themselves, they are wasting time by bluffing the country that they will one day become the Government. But they have no policy, and so have been unable to convince the electorate.

The United Party cannot tell the country what is their trade union policy. Are they for recognition of African trade unions? No, it seems their policy is the same as Mr. Schoeman, former Minister of Labour, who said African trade unions are detrimental to the interests of South Africa.

It should be possible for all, including the United Party, to work for the implementation of the Freedom Charter. As far as the Africans are concerned South Africa has long been a police state, and now the Coloureds are going to experience the Nats' dictatorship.

I urge all readers of this paper, irrespective of the industry they work in, to hunt for and join the trade union. Without unity of the workers, South Africa is going towards slavery again.

S. ESITANG

Cape Town.

Africanists Wrongly Named

The word Africanist is a misnomer. To Africanise is to make one who is not an African into an African. It is not to make one who is already an African into an African. For example, to Anglicise is to make one who is not English to be English.

So if these Africanists who are trying to split the ANC advocate the principle of Africa for the Africans alone, they should not be called Africanists, but apartheidists or segregationists or separatists or nationalists.

M. C. BOSHIELO

Johannesburg.

Would You Put A Poisonous Snake In Your Pocket?

In view of the fact that there is really no hostility between black and white people in South Africa, but between right and wrong, e.g., between God and the Devil, I appeal on behalf of the Cape A.N.C. Women's League to our honourable Native Commissioner to come to our rescue from this most destructive law—Passes for Women, all summed up in the Identification Books.

Asking anybody to take any kind of a permanent pass document is like forcing a person to take a sharp knife for cutting his or her own throat. It is the same as forcing a human being to take and put a poisonous snake into one's pocket.



MRS. KUSE

In places like Johannesburg: men have died in prison because of these passes; some have returned from prison with their health totally ruined from ill-treatment and the effects of cement; courts of law and police stations have collected too much money from our people through permits and other kinds of passes throughout the Union. It is clear that permits, passes, malayitas and tsotsis groups come from the same source.

Even Our Lord Jesus Christ—by whom all things were made—does not force but persuades every individual to vote for His government.

Mrs. CECILIA A. N. KUSE.
Secretary.

A.N.C. Women's League.
Cape.

EDITORIAL

THE COLOUR BAR IN SPORT

The international cultural and sporting boycott of South Africa is spreading. First the British Musicians' Union decided not to permit its members to tour South Africa if they were required to perform before Europeans only. Then the International Table Tennis Federation disaffiliated the Europeans-only South African Table Tennis Union; from now on South African table tennis will be represented abroad by the non-colour-bar South African Table Tennis Board, without whose permission no visiting teams may visit this country.

Last week-end the Federation of International Football Associations met in Lisbon to decide whether to recognise the Europeans-only or the non-colour-bar South African soccer body. Although FIFA adopted a compromise to postpone a decision for two years, the issue is becoming clear. **World opinion is hardening against the apartheid policy of the Nationalist Government, and in many spheres men and women of goodwill are taking action to ensure that those in South Africa who support the policy of White Supremacy understand that they are outraging the conscience of civilised humanity.**

It is rather pathetic to hear the chairman of the Europeans-only South African Table Tennis Union complaining that "this whole question of admittance to the Federation has not been viewed by them (the international federation) in a factual and sporting light, but that other influences have played a predominant part in leading them to their decision."

The time has come for the White Supremacists to understand that in the view of the majority of mankind, to enforce a colour bar is definitely not "sporting," and that the world's sportsmen are not going to make themselves a party to the enforcement of the colour bar in South Africa. It is no use the White Supremacists pleading that sport and politics don't mix. In South Africa politics is killing sport. Jake Tuli has to go to England before he can become an Empire champion. Barefooted Steward Monageng can break the South African 3-mile record by 21 seconds, but has no chance of representing South Africa at the Olympic Games. A Non-European soccer team was refused passports to make a tour of India.

Is this "sporting"? The White Supremacists must not hide their prejudices behind the cry of "sport for sport's sake." Nor must they seek refuge in the excuse that they are not allowed by law or the Government to play against Non-Europeans.

If all White sportsmen accepted the principle that sport should know no colour bar (and in the international arena it doesn't), they could soon enough compel the Government to change its policy, or else throw out this Government and bring in another one which would.

Meanwhile it is clear that the continuance of the policy of apartheid is going to lead to the ever-increasing isolation of white South Africa from the rest of the world, in the same way as sick people are isolated so that they cannot infect the healthy.

It remains only to emphasise that while this isolation will prevent the spread of the disease, it will not cure it. That job will still have to be done by the South African people themselves. We welcome these international demonstrations of support for the cause of democracy in South Africa. **But they should not make us complacent, or even hopeful that our deliverance will come from outside our borders. Rather should they encourage us all to intensify the freedom struggle in South Africa until we ourselves can break the chains that bind us, and go forward as free men and women to greet our friends abroad as equals.**

Who Makes The Riots And Hatred?

From whence comes the hatred and the riots in South Africa? The Nationalists have imparted a bad spirit among the peace-loving South Africans, and treat the Africans worse than animals.

How many kinds of Bible are there in South Africa? It seems to me the Bible which is used in our churches is different from that of the Whites. It teaches us equality, to love each other, to help each other, oneness in the sight of God. The Bible of the Whites teaches them only hatred for people of another colour. Our law-makers belong to the Dutch Reformed Church, but they do not make Christian laws.

There is a voice crying out in South Africa, the voice of the people crying for their rights. Arise and shine, Africans, for the light has come. Deliver yourselves out of the hands of the oppressors. Speak the truth, because the truth shall make you free.

W. M. KHOANYANA
Germiston.

We Don't Want Race War

We don't want to see war between black and white in our country. Let us live together as brothers. What keeps us apart are the devilish laws of the Government. Apartheid is no good, and passes for women is the cruellest law ever put into force against human beings.

Why shouldn't the Africans feel happy like the White people in their native land Africa? They should not feel like strangers in the country of their birth.

J. J. NKOMIYAHLABA
Windermer, Cape Town.

LADY SELBORNE CONFERENCE

JOHANNESBURG.

Two hundred people attended the Lady Selborne conference called by the Pretoria region of the Transvaal Consultative Committee of the Congresses. The meeting condemned the removal of Lady Selborne under the Group Areas Act.

WHY WHITE TABLE TENNIS UNION WAS EXPELLED FROM WORLD BODY

CAPE TOWN.—The South African Table Tennis Union (the all-White body) had only itself to blame for the recent decision of the International Table Tennis Federation reinstating the South African Table Tennis Board (the non-colour-bar body) as the Federation's sole authority for table tennis in South Africa.

This comment was made to New Age this week by a number of leading members of the Board when it became known that the white union had been deprived of its "serious corresponding body" status. This status gave the Union, a non-member of the international federation, the privilege of playing with members of the Federation under certain conditions.

The Table Tennis Board has, instead, been elevated in status and now has been accorded a vote at future meetings of the International Federation.

THE COMPLAINTS

A statement released by the South African Table Tennis Board quotes a resolution adopted at the recent annual general meeting of the International Federation, giving the reasons for the withdrawal of

recognition from the all-White South African body.

These are because (1) It flouted I.T.T.F. regulations by billing matches against the Israeli team as "International" and calling its team "South Africa."

(2) It failed to submit evidence proving that it did not use the terms "International" and "South Africa" after offering to do so more than six months ago.

(3) It used a statement in its efforts to obtain the "serious corresponding body" status which subsequently proved to be false — the Union had asserted that mixed play in South Africa was prohibited by law.

The International Federation's minutes revealed further that a proposed visit by the French Table Tennis Association was cancelled

when the all-white union in South Africa refused to seek the Table Tennis Board's agreement to the visitors' participating in the Union's South African Table Tennis championship.

A.N.C. LEADER BANNED

WORCESTER.

Mr. Kaiser March, one of the foremost leaders of the African National Congress here, has been banned by the Minister of Justice, under the Suppression of Communism Act, from attending gatherings for a period of five years. He has also been ordered to resign from 32 organisations.

In a protest signed by the secretary, Mr. J. P. Busa, the Worcester A.N.C. says

"The banning of Mr. March will rob him of his livelihood as an independent man. This will mean he will be unable to carry on his business among the people for fear of contravening this vicious law.

"We demand the withdrawal of the ban so that he may have the freedom to speak, talk and walk wherever he likes."

Mr. Busa adds: "We want to point out to the Minister of Justice that he will never succeed in stopping the movement of the people because there are always people to stand in the places of those banned. This shows clearly that the Government is afraid to accept criticism.

"We say to all forces of liberation: Forward you heroes of freedom and liberation of the oppressed people of South Africa. Never let up until freedom of speech and movement is achieved."

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## BRAKPAN BUS BOYCOTT CONTINUES

JOHANNESBURG.

The buses from Brakpan's Location to the station carry three and four passengers at some times of the day, but over 90 per cent. of the people continue to boycott the service.

Pickets have been withdrawn for some weeks now, yet the protest remains firm. There has been police provocation including the arrest of several youngsters on charges of incitement. "Azikwelwa" ("Do not get in") is the cry of the people, and yet to say so at the bus stops is often sufficient to invite arrest and interference by the police.

The Brakpan Vigilance Association and the African National Congress continue to be the backbone of this protest.

The Vigilance Association has protested strongly against police in-

# AFRICAN NURSES AT T.B. HOSPITAL REFUSE THEIR WAGES

## Underpayment and Bad Treatment Alleged

DURBAN.

The entire African nursing staff, numbering 240, employed at the Government's Tuberculosis Hospital at Springfield, Durban, refused to accept their wages at the beginning of this month on the grounds that the wages paid to them were not in accordance with their terms of contract.

This mass refusal follows a long-standing dispute between the nurses and the warden in charge at the hospital, which began with the dismissal of a young nurse-aide, Miss Virginia Makhunga, at the end of February.

According to Miss Makhunga, when she joined the nursing staff of the hospital, she had been informed by letter that her salary would be £96 per annum and that she would be paid allowances at the rates applicable to officials of the public service.

Instead of receiving £8 per month as her letter of appointment stated, Miss Makhunga alleges that she received only £5 9s. 7d. for the first three months of her employment and for the following three months an additional £1 4s. 0d. was paid to her as "infection allowance."

Thereafter, her wages fluctuated each month between £7 and £8 0s. 3d. per month.

Other nurses interviewed by New Age made similar allegations.

## BAD TREATMENT

"It is not only the question of wages that is the cause of the present dispute," said Miss X—, one of the nurse-aides who has refused to accept her wages, "it is the way we are treated generally by the hospital authorities."

Listing a number of complaints of discriminatory treatment, Miss X— said: "When we go on leave deductions are made from our holiday pay for board and lodging for the period we are away on leave.

"European nurse-aides receive nearly four times as much as we do in cash wages. Apart from this, the food we receive is far below the standard received by the European nurses.

"Whilst Non-European nurses are expected to do up their own beds, clean their rooms and polish the floors, European nurses are provided with maids to do this for them.

"We are not even supplied with cutlery as the European nurses are, we have to provide our own forks, knives and spoons.

"We do not grudge the European nurses the amenities they enjoy. Far from it. But we naturally demand that the facilities enjoyed by our

fellow-European nurses are extended to us."

## FEAR VICTIMISATION

Asked why the Indian and Coloured nurses had not joined them in the dispute with the authorities, Miss X— said that the African nurses had deliberately asked those of the non-African nurses who wanted to join with them not to do so as they were so few in number that they might be victimised.

"In fact," said Miss X—, "we had to persuade one of the Indian nurses who joined us to take her wages as at this stage we do not want anyone to lose her job."

## Deported From The Place He Was Deported To

JOHANNESBURG.

Mr. Robert Dumah, veteran African leader from Klerksdorp who was deported from that town to his birthplace, Umzimkulu, cannot be found anywhere by his family and legal representatives.

Although he was preparing an application to the Supreme Court for an interdict restraining the Klerksdorp Council from deporting him, he was taken into custody and sent to Umzimkulu before he could sign his court petition.

His legal representatives contacted the Native Commissioner at Umzimkulu, asking him to forward a letter to Dumah. The Commissioner replied that Dumah had arrived in the district two days earlier, but that as he was registered as a taxpayer in Klerksdorp, he had sent him back there!

His family has had no word from him since he was escorted from Klerksdorp.

## A. PATEL BANNED

JOHANNESBURG.

The Secretary of the Transvaal Indian Congress, Mr. A. E. Patel, was served with an order on Monday morning banning him under the Riotous Assemblies Act from leaving Johannesburg and under the Suppression of Communism Act from attending any gatherings. The ban is for five years.

Mr. Patel has been a familiar and vigorous figure on meeting platforms in practically every town in this province and a most vociferous representative of his Congress at sessions of the Group Areas Board, where he has fought for the rights of the Indian communities against the Group Areas Act.

## DEATH

REV. SETH MAKHELE, of Venterspost, a loyal worker for New Age and Congress. Condolences from New Age Staff to his family.

# TWO ACQUITTED ON RIOT CHARGE

(Continued from page 1)

charge of the police patrol on the night of March 23, agreed that the alleged procession was not in any way disorderly, nor did it sing or make a noise in the streets.

Asked by Mr. Berrange what earthly reason he had for thinking that this peaceful and orderly group of people could have attacked the police, Sgt. Laubscher said he did not know.

## FALSE REPORT

Sgt. Laubscher told the court that after the events of that night he made a detailed report to Major Visser who subsequently released a statement which was reported in the local Press. Urged to answer questions based on the Press report, he told the Court that the report was incorrect.

Sgt. Tobias Gxowa told the court that when the police truck stopped near the group of Africans, Sgt. Laubscher ordered the ten African constables in the truck to get out and beat them up. He gave the orders in Afrikaans, saying: "Slaan hulle." In answer to a question he stated that the people had run away before he had had time to engage in the "fight," and that during the brief interval between the stopping of the lorry and the running away of the people, there had been a burst of sten gun shots by Sgt. Laubscher.

The Crown exhibited a pin which Sgt. Gxowa said he had always seen worn by Congress members. In answer to a question, he admitted that the African National Congress was an organisation which may be joined by all classes of Africans, including workers, clerks and even the police.

In giving his judgment later, the magistrate said that the significance of the A.N.C. pin escaped him.

After Mr. Berrange had applied for the discharge of Mhlobiso on the grounds that the Crown had failed to establish beyond a reasonable doubt the identity of the accused as the person shot by Sgt. Laubscher, Mr. J. Slovo applied for the discharge of Phillip.

Before giving judgment clearing the accused of the charge of public violence, the magistrate warned the Africans, who had crammed the court, while large numbers stood in the passage outside, that any demon-

stration would be regarded as contempt of court.

## NEW THREAT

During the hearing of the case, Mhlobiso was once in the interval surrounded by Africans who had come to listen to the case. The police threatened Mhlobiso with arrest on the grounds of addressing a gathering of more than ten people.

The people left and sat at a bus stop nearby. A little later a police KWELA-KWELA pulled up and Mhlobiso was whisked away to the Charge Office about 50 yards away.

After explaining that he was talking to people who were interested in the proceedings, and that they were waiting at the bus stop until the case resumed after lunch, he was released and ordered to stand away from the people at the bus stop.

Messrs. Berrange and Slovo were instructed by Messrs. Julius Lax, Noach and Jankelowitz.

## U.S. Cotton Dumping Angers Egypt

LONDON.

A question raised in the House of Commons by Labour M.P. Mr. Hervey Rhodes, pointing out that the leading figures in the cotton industry in France, Belgium, Holland and Italy all think it is time for joint action against U.S. dumping of cotton in their markets, has spotlighted one of the deep economic contradictions between Western Europe and the United States.

The U.S. has decided to sell 5 million bales of cotton below cost price in foreign markets each year. The cotton is that bought by the U.S. Government from the big U.S. cotton monopolies with the tax-payers' money—cotton which the monopolies would otherwise not be able to sell.

Many small countries which are largely dependent on the sales of their cotton crop are expected to be extremely hard hit by U.S. dumping. The Egyptian Minister of Finance has called for emergency action against the U.S. policy; he estimates an annual loss to Egypt of £30 million.



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