Fa P.A., Cape Town. 22/12/58.

AFRICARISTS: This report is in the two sections, t first dealing with a conversation with Bob Sobukwe, and t second with a conversation with S. Ngendame.

1) Sobulwe: I spoke to him on Thurday, Dec 11. He said tt Hathopeng and a second person - whom he did not name - are busy drafting a special constitution for t Africanists. T draft will be ready shortly.

He said t Africanists had been "meeting with great success". They have only begun their campaign of sending people into various areas for recruitment purposes, but have had great responses. Some of their people had gone down to t OFS, and branches were formed in welkom and Bethlehem. There were 20/30 in each branch. He pointed out tt t ANC had never been able to start branches in these areas. A branch is also to be formed at Sibasa (near Louis Trichardt), on Dec 19. No other branches have yet been formed on t Reef.

Bob said they had been collecting money from all possible sources, and had had a good response. They had had many "promises " of cash from African business men. They also hoped to obtain each from t Bantu Welfare Trust. He said this was a fund set up by t late Mr Donaldson, and it gave money to budding non-white political organisations, whatever their views. T Fund had, for example, given cash to t All-African Convention, and had also paid br kmm's fare when he went to UNO. (NB This is all news to me). He said they had not yet actually applied for a grant, as they had to await t completion of t constitution. To get a grant, all one did was to submit a constitution.

Nkopo (of Lyanga (Cape) is the big man in t Cape. He was supposed to send an official circular to all interested persons, but for reasons unknown, he had, as far as Bob knew, failed to do this.

I asked whether t Africanists intended going to t national ANC conference. Bob replied tt their people in other parts of t country - and especially in t mastern Cape - had been sizes "classouring" for instructions. At first, it was thought a good idea to go to t conference, and to stage a walk-out. But it was then decided not to go at all. There would, however, be three Africanists - one each from t Natal, OFS and t Cape - mans who would go to t conference in order to hand in tofficial notice of t Africanists' withdrawal from t ANC. This would be a letter similar if not identical to t one handed in at t Transval meeting in November.

Bob said to he had thought of replying to Joe Matthews' letter in New Age, but had decided to it was not worth it. He pointed out to t letter was clear proof of t extent to which Joe had swing over to t Reds.

He said he had done an article on t Africanists for Contact (NH This a suggestion made by Duncan and myself). He had not yet sent it though as it had first to be approved by t Africanists committee.

Bob said t Africanists have been approached by three African Trade Unions which had opposed the stay-at-home strike. These include the Garment Workers' Union of African Women and t African Baking Workers' Union. (AB See New Age of Nov 13, Pg 4 for report on these unions - headlined "Bid to form African Only TU Body"). Bob said these TU's had broken with SACTU, and wanted to link up with t new Africanist movement. Why? I asked. He replied tt they want to join because they feel they will not be dominated politically. They want to join as a group, but t Africanists are not too happy about this. Bob explained tt t Africanists did not want a block vote within t movement, but preferred to have individual membership.

Bob also told me t following anecdate (NB I give no guarantee about its truth). He said to when Putini was at Fort Hare, he was horribly anti-Indian, and in fact, he had objected to strongly to Indian students using the common bathrooms because he claimed they "smelled". Bob sais to recently Mionzi met Putini in t street in Jo'burg, and this conversation ensued:

Mionzi: "What's this? you were a fascist before and now you are a communist".

Putini: "It's money, man! They have given me job as a teacher."

Bob explained tt Putini is teaching at t Indian school, and tt t job was arranged for him.

2) S. Egendane: Secretary of t Africanist movement: I new Egendane on Friday, Dec 12. He told me tt t Africanists had a Working Committee at t moment, and tt this would continue until sometime in January, when they hoped to hold their first conference. T venue had not yet been decided, but it would probably be Bloomfontein. He confirmed tt they had set themselves a target of 100,000 members by June 30, 1859. I asked whether he thought they would remain reach it, or whether t target was merely propagands. He replied: "Judging from t response, from t youth in particular, it is possible we will exceed even this flure." He said they had been receiving "durands from all" about t now movement. T paid up membership was already "over 5000, and this was mainly from t youth", he said. They had seven branches in toffs, and this he claimed was "already stronger than t ARC has ever been there". Many said there were 1,048 OFS members. Some of t branches mentioned by him were: Ladysmith, Kroonstad, Bloemfontein, Telkom, Odendaalsrus. All t paid-up members had given their annual 2/6 sub.

Describing their policy, he said to the basic principles were as set out in t 1940 programs of action. He said they were not averse to co-operation with other racial groups, but "on our own terms". "Africans do not need anybody's sid - they are capable of winning t struggle without assistance from other racial groups," he said.

Mgendane said tt one of their chief sims was "discouraging tribelism." He said: "We want to unite t African people as a nation, not on tribel lines or according to ethnic grouping."

I asked him about international policy, and he replied: "At this stage, we are more pan-African in outlook than international."

He continued: "Our concern is to let t African be free in his own country. We do not recognise t artificial boundaries of South Africa. We only recognise Africa - not only t Union of South Africa."

And he quoted t slogan: "Africa from Cape to Cairo and Madagascar to Morocco."

He also said tt "we are not opposed to t Nats as such but to t entire South African set-up. We challenge it." He also stressed t "non-violent" nature of their struggle.

Comment: T points about Africanist policy is of course all old stuff, and there is nothing new in it. What did, however, interest we was it Ngendane, off his own bet, and with no prompting from me, made especial mention of t "non-violent" struggle. He might be a bit of a crank in t Africanist camp, but x on t other hand, it might be tt these fellows have now decided to push non-violence as part of their platform. Otherwise, it is all pretty straightforward, and no comment is needed. T facts about Africanists membership I cannot of course vouch for, but will do my best toxcheck on.

Mgendane I thought to be fair enough. Fairly bright, I thought, but by no means brilliant. A pleasant manner, and no rhetorics or tubthumpings. As secretary of t movement, and t only one officially allowed to issue statements on his own, he must obviously rank high in t group - and of t little I saw of him, this is to t credit of t movement.

Robert Sobukwe Papers

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