

# WE DON'T WANT A LUMUMBA TRAGEDY HERE!

S.A. Police Admit Ganyile is in custody in Pondoland. If they deny he was kidnapped, let them

# NEW AGE

Vol. 7, No. 50. Registered at the G.P.O. as a Newspaper 6d.  
NORTHERN EDITION Thursday, September 28, 1961 5c.

## BRING GANYILE TO COURT TO TELL HIS OWN STORY

THE people of South Africa demand the fullest possible inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of Mr.

Anderson Khumani Ganyile, his younger brother and Mr. Bololo from their home at Qacha's Nek in Basutoland.

The story of Mr. Ganyile's disappearance was first brought to the notice of the world in last week's New Age, which reprinted a photostatic copy of a letter smuggled from Ganyile alleging that he and the two others had been kidnapped in Basutoland by six South African police on the night of August 26 and taken by force across the border to Kokstad.

The letter was in Mr. Ganyile's handwriting and was signed with a pseudonym known only to himself and his intimate contacts in South Africa. THERE CAN BE NO DOUBT HIS LETTER IS GENUINE.

### A SHAMBLES

A New Age reporter who investigated the matter found Mr. Ganyile's hut in a shambles, with articles strewn all over the floor and blankets stained with blood. The indications were that the three men had put up a fierce fight before they were dragged away by force.

Since then:

● **Special Branch chief Col. W. H. E. Prinsloo** has told the press that he knows nothing about the kidnapping and did not order it.

● **District Commandant of Police at Kokstad, Major N. G. Loxton**, has told the press: "I know nothing about this".

● **British Resident Commissioner in Basutoland, the South African-born Mr. A. G. T. Chaplin**, has declared that investigations so far had disclosed that it was most unlikely that South African police had entered Basutoland to kidnap the three men.

BUT A POLICE SERGEANT AT KOKSTAD ADMITTED TO A JOHANNESBURG LAWYER TRYING TO TRACE MR. GANYILE THAT THE PONDO LEADER WAS INDEED IN CUSTODY, THOUGH HE REFUSED TO SAY WHERE.

The first telephone call by the lawyer to Kokstad obtained a statement from the Kokstad station commandant: "Three Basuto were brought in about a fortnight ago."

A second call got this state-

(Continued on page 8)

### "Bantu Councils Will Lead To Bloodshed"

JOHANNESBURG.

THE Urban Bantu Councils and Home Guards that the Government wants to establish in the townships will bring civil war and bloodshed, and Africans will be used by the Government to persecute and fight Africans.

This is the theme of a leaflet received through the post by New Age this week.

The leaflet compares the establishment of these 'stooge' Councils with the setting up of Bantu Authorities in the rural areas. In Zeerust, Sekhukhuneland and Pondoland brother has been set against brother and the chiefs have betrayed their people for a little despotic power. The same will happen in the towns and cities if the Government is successful in getting men who will do their dirty work for them. (Evidently women are to be excluded, if a recent decision of the Daveyton Advisory Board becomes uniform.)

The leaflet stresses that the Councils will not bring self-government, will not take up the people's demands. Wages and working conditions will remain the same, trains as crowded, rents as high as ever.

The only difference will be that AFRICANS will now carry out pass raids and punish minor offenders, and throw people out of the townships if they do not satisfy all the petty conditions and rules that exist.

A call is made for a total boycott of Urban Bantu Councils and home guards in all the areas, and the leaflet asks for the formation of Vigilance Committees to take up the fight in each area. Demands must be made for direct representation in municipal councils and in Parliament, and a National Convention to draw up a new constitution is called for.

The leaflet ends: 'Let the destiny of the African people fall into their own hands. Amandla ngawethu!'



Coloured, White and African demonstrators who held a placard parade in Cape Town last Saturday morning protesting against the kidnapping of Mr. Anderson Ganyile had their names and addresses taken by the Special Branch, though no charges were laid. Our pictures show two of the demonstrators—left, Mr. Welsh Makanda and, right, Mr. Howard Lawrence.

## New Move in B.C.P. Witch-hunt Bid to Expel Mrs. Mafekeng

From Our Correspondent MASERU.

MRS. Elizabeth Mafekeng, prominent women's leader who fled to Basutoland when the Verwoerd Government threatened to exile her to Vryburg, is the latest victim of the anti-Communist witch-hunt which is being carried out in the Basutoland Congress Party.

She has been threatened with expulsion from the B.C.P. because she is alleged to have joined a Commu-

nist-controlled trade union. A prominent official of the B.C.P. in Mafeteng, where she stays, told her that he had been instructed by the National Executive of the B.C.P. to expel her for this reason.

The majority of the members of the local B.C.P. committee, however, did not agree to the expulsion and voted for the matter to be discussed at a district conference.

Members of the party, both on the committee and amongst the rank and file, demanded that the B.C.P. President Mr. Ntsu Mokhehle and the National Secretary Mr. G. M.

Kolisang, should be present to explain the reasons for the expulsion.

The majority of the members in Mafeteng threatened to resign if Mrs. Mafekeng were expelled. Up to the time of going to press, however, the leadership had made no statement on the matter, which is causing a great deal of agitation in the party.

In an interview with New Age, Mr. Mokeki, a former member of the S.A. Railways and Harbour Workers' Union in the Transvaal who was deported to Basutoland

(Continued on page 8)





NEW AGE

## LETTER BOX

BCP Leaders Misleading  
The People

The article appearing in the September issue of New Age entitled, "BCP Youth President also Attacks Congress" cannot pass unchallenged.

We are appealing day in and day out to the people to unite, and Mr. Moerane (BCP Youth President) is destroying that unity, and so also is the National Chairman of the BCP (Mr. Mokhehle). Unity is strength and if we hope to succeed, we must unite.

Mr. Moerane accuses the ANC of communism and brings as evidence the Freedom Charter. Does he not know that the same people as himself brought this kind of evidence at the Treason Trial and that after four years the Nationalist Government was unable to prove that it was a communist document?

We are in the midst of the battle for freedom. Let us fight for complete emancipation. There is no room for cowards.

B. NDEBE

Tanganyika.

Allow me to add coal to the fires of controversy over Mr. Mokhehle. In the first place, the BCP is an offspring of the ANC, and members of the ANC opened the first meetings of the BCP. Mokhehle has had his political training from the ANC, and while that organisation was in no position to send delegates to international conferences, Mokhehle acted as their messenger boy.

Mr. Mokhehle is now a rich man who is misleading the people. He has purged the BCP of all its finest people, and now he is trying to purge Mr. Mosiane from the unions in order to place his own brother in the leadership.

Now he is left with nothing but a pack of fools, his party is fast crumbling. Down goes the stupid self-styled leader, and up goes Matthews, and long live Mosiane. There are many followers behind these people.

A. P. SEOLI

Basutoland.

## THE ONLY PARTY

I believe strongly that the BCP is the only Party that can free the people of Basutoland from a foreign yoke.

The BCP will work to free the country economically, politically and socially. The Party will work to unite the chiefs and commoners.

Some political failures go about saying that the BCP is against the chiefs. These people have no clear policy and are mere opportunists.

To the enemy without who would conquer us we say "no." To the enemy within who would divide us, we say "no."

In the name of our chiefs and people of Thesele, and Basuto of Basutoland, forward to self-government!

T. MONGANGANE

Basutoland.

Kenya Whites Are  
Escaping To Danger

The freedom struggle started many years ago in America, but still today many educated people say the time is not ripe for the Africans to rule themselves.

We freedom fighters can assure the blind educated ones that the time is ripe for freedom. Even though the sword of the oppressor becomes blunt with killing our people, we will continue the struggle. We are not prepared to go backwards.

It makes me laugh to see that the White people of Kenya are running away because they can no longer have slave-boys. They come here because we still say to the white man "ja baas, yes boss."

But gentlemen, you have come too late. We are fighting strongly for an end to racial domination. It would be better for you to go back to Kenya and learn to live under a democratic government. South Africa will soon be as Kenya.

I appeal to all Africans to stand firm against oppression.

H. MAPEMPENI

C. Flats.

## Bravo, Natal!

OUR donations column has been a pitiful sight for the past few weeks. This week, however, our Natal friends have made the position very much more cheerful.

While 40,000 people in Natal are walking the streets unemployed; while South Africa as a whole is in the midst of an economic depression; and while the time was inopportune for many of our friends and helpers, we are still able to acknowledge the magnificent sum of R1,782.60 from Natal.

We must thank those who gave so unstintingly of their time while accompanying us for the collections and we must thank all the very many donors who gave so

generously once again to our paper. This is indeed a measure of the esteem which New Age enjoys amongst the people.

Show your support by sending a donation today!

Last Week's Donations:

Durban:

Durban collections R794.23, Verulam R403.17, Pietermaritzburg R150, Tongaat R274.70, Stanger R110.50, Ladysmith R50.

Kimberley: Collections R89.30.

Cape Town:

Olive Brown R2, M.G.M. 90c, Norbas R10, Double yolk R4, Harry R2, Nes R2, Ken R2, N & J R6, K & M R40.

Johannesburg:

Cakes R10, Doreen R5, Krugersdorp 40c, R and A R10, AB R10, M & M R10, Jumble R2, Nes R2, Ike and Rahma R20, Anti Everything R12, Hair R6, London R200, Looking Ahead R50, Cycle R4.

Grand Total: R2,282.20.

The Baby Died—For  
Want of a Permit

A short while ago I saw an African woman arrested for not having a permit. She was on her way to the doctor with her baby who was very ill. When she told the police this, their only answer was "kwela kwela," and she had to sit with her baby in the van whilst the police drove around looking for more victims.

When she reached the charge office, the clerk saw how ill the baby was and released her. But it was too late. The child died before she could reach a doctor, and all for a paper permit.

H. MDINGI

Klerksdorp.

Portugal, Get Out Of  
Africa

I would like through your newspaper to protest at the changing of the name of Mozambique to "Part of Portugal" or "Overseas Province." This is quite unacceptable to us. We were never even consulted on the matter, neither were our chiefs nor the 55,000 Assimilado stooges.

Let the Portuguese stop pretending to the world that our country is part of Portugal. If they will not grant us independence we shall continue our struggle to abolish colonialism and imperialism from Africa.

We call upon the democratic countries of Europe, Africa and Asia to break diplomatic relations with Portugal and to expel Portugal from the United Nations and all other international bodies of which it is a member.

In the 400 years since the Portuguese came to our country, not one African doctor, lawyer or professor has been trained, and there are very few schools.

We demand self-rule now. Freedom will give us education and better laws.

D. G. N. NTEMAGANDA

Mozambique.

Who Are The Real  
Freedom Fighters

We find it strange to see that Dr. Letele receives so much publicity in your paper, especially when it is to attack the PAC. What has Dr. Letele suffered for freedom? He is not living as some of the exiles do, in dire poverty. He goes to Cairo and criticises the PAC, yet it is Sobukwe who is in prison for fighting for freedom.

Further, as regards the article of Mr. G. Mbeki, what has the National Action Committee with Mr. Mandela, its star attraction, actually done? We wonder if they will make a film of his game of hide and seek with the police and pay him a fat salary for it?

Don't blame the PAC and the Liberal Party for your failures, look around for the real reasons. You destroyed your own organisation because you were scared.

W. SILEBALO

Kimberley.

(Dr. Letele can defend his own policies, but is probably too modest to point out that he has suffered a great deal for the cause of freedom. He was one of the 156 arrested, jailed and prosecuted by the Nationalist Government for treason. When eventually acquitted his home was broken up and his livelihood taken away from him by the Government, which deported him from South Africa as a "foreign Native." Dr. Letele went to Cairo as the official representative of the ANC and can certainly not be included amongst the ranks of those who ran away from the struggle in South Africa.—Ed.)

## EDITORIAL

TRIAL BY SPECIAL BRANCH  
MUST STOP

THE discharge last week of Mr. Barney Desai and Councillor George Peake on charges under the Suppression of Communism Act arising from the end of May strike cannot be allowed to pass without comment.

These two men, together with Messrs Alex la Guma, Tofy Barden, Reg. September, Zollie Malindi, Archie Sibeko, Wilfred Brutus and "Zoot" Mahomed, were arrested in the most dramatic circumstances during or immediately after the May crisis. They were all, with the exception of Mr. Malindi, detained in prison for 12 days without bail. When they were eventually released on bail totalling over R2,000, they were subjected to the most harassing and humiliating restrictions.

Yet there seems to have been no real case against these men, certainly none which could stand up to scrutiny in a court of law. Fourteen weeks after their arrest the Attorney General had still laid no charges against five of the accused. After numerous remands, they were brought to trial one by one; and one by one the cases were thrown out. In fact, in only one case was the prosecution able to get so far as to lead evidence, and in that case the accused was discharged at the end of the Crown case.

Nor were these men the only victims of the police terror at the end of May. Tens of thousands of men and women were arrested in all centres on various charges. Most were probably undefended on petty charges connected with the pass laws, but of the more serious cases again the same pattern seems to have been revealed.

In Cape Town alone, nearly 60 arrests were reported to the Defence and Aid Fund between May 22 and June 10. Of these, 48 accused were remanded without bail for 12 days. Fourteen of the 48 were released after the 12 days and were either not charged at all or had their charges withdrawn at a later date. Up to the time of going to press, fewer than 10 accused had been convicted—two were cautioned and five paid fines totalling only R26 between them. One man found guilty of intimidation was fined R150 (or 9 months)—and his case is being reviewed by a Supreme Court judge.

To this police fiasco must be added the collapse of the case against, firstly, the accused in the Kgosane trial arising from the March 1960 disturbances, when again 31 men were held in jail for months before being discharged; and secondly, the men and women arrested at the time of the Malmesbury Coloured Convention, jailed for a week-end, and finally cleared without being called upon to reply to the Crown case.

From what we can gather, the same fate has overtaken many "emergency" cases in other centres. Nor have we forgotten the treason trial farce. What does all this mean?

**Not merely that the police are incompetent, BUT THAT THE LAW, WHICH IS SUPPOSED TO BE A PROTECTION, IS BEING ABUSED AS A WEAPON OF TERROR AND INTIMIDATION AGAINST THE PEOPLE.**

We have entered a period when arbitrary detention of freedom fighters has become the order of the day, legalised and sanctioned by an all-White Parliament and a White public opinion which for the most part couldn't care less.

**This fascist treatment must not be taken lying down. The people must make it clear that they are not going to stand for this intolerable invasion of their basic human rights.**

**WE ARE NOT GOING TO BE RULED BY THE PETTY DESPOTS OF THE SPECIAL BRANCH, WHO TODAY CAN THROW ANYBODY INTO PRISON WITHOUT ANYBODY TO SAY THEM NAY. WE DEMAND TO BE RULED BY PARLIAMENT, AND WE DEMAND THAT ALL PEOPLE HAVE AN EQUAL RIGHT TO VOTE FOR AND SIT IN PARLIAMENT, BECAUSE THAT IS THE ONLY WAY THE EMERGENCY RULE UNDER WHICH WE ARE ALREADY LIVING CAN BE BROUGHT TO AN END AND TRUE DEMOCRACY INTRODUCED IN ITS PLACE.**

## Peace Council Resolution Criticised

I feel I must voice my criticism of the recent resolution passed by the S.A. Peace Council "deploring" the decision by the Soviet Union to resume nuclear testing. We all regret that such a step had to be taken but most people understand why they did it. It is interesting that the effect has been, as New Age itself predicted (Sept. 7), to "shock" certain world powers into resuming negotiations in earnest for general world disarmament. Regardless of our views on the internal set-up in the Soviet Union it is generally accepted, even in the West, that the Soviet Union does not want a world war. Contrary to the predictions of the S.A. Peace Council that this latest move would "lead to a new race for more terrible nuclear weapons", it

seems instead to have stimulated hope that negotiations between the great powers will succeed in solving the pressing world problems of the day.

In spite of the almost complete press blackout on the recent conference of 25 non-aligned countries, what did emerge was that, far from condemning the Soviet Union, they decided to take strong measures to relax international tension by appealing for an early Kennedy-Kruschev meeting, demanding the recognition of the two Germanys as "a fact of life" and seeking to make Africa a neutral zone void of all atomic armament and experiment.

MARY TUROK.

Johannesburg.



# Pondos Angry At Police Treatment of Their Women

## "We Will Fight Back,"

### Chief Warns

DURBAN.

OF the 26 chiefs in the Bizana district of Pondoland, five were detained under the State of Emergency which still operates in a large number of areas in the Transkei and one—Chief Mahlabuvelile Manundu—has been deported to Nebo in the Middleberg district, Transvaal.

The five detainee-chiefs have been sacked for having "sided with the people against the Government's Bantu Authorities in Pondoland."

One of the five chiefs visited

Durban recently and his report on the problems confronting the people of Pondoland is heart-rending. Hundreds of tribesmen, according to the chief, are awaiting trial on various charges including murder, arson and incitement, whilst hundreds of others are still detained without a trial.

"Some strange things are happening inside Pondoland," he said. "Take the case of Mr. Sinikani Mbulantweni. He was charged with arson and found guilty in the Magistrate's Court, but won his case on appeal. We expected him to be released but he has not come back home."

#### WOMEN ARRESTED

Another matter which has agitated the minds of the people, said the chief, was the fact that women arrested by the police for failing to produce arms during regular police raids were detained in camps surrounded by tents occupied by male policemen.

According to the chief, when a kraal is raided and the police find no arms, the kraal head is invariably arrested. If the kraal head is not at home—he may be working on the mines or on a farm—his wife is arrested and may be kept for three to four weeks in one of the numerous police camps which dot the area. Those arrested in this manner are not given any food or blankets.

"We are most bitter as we cannot stand the sight of our wives, mothers and sisters living under these conditions in police camps where only strange men—and policemen at that—have access to them," said the chief.

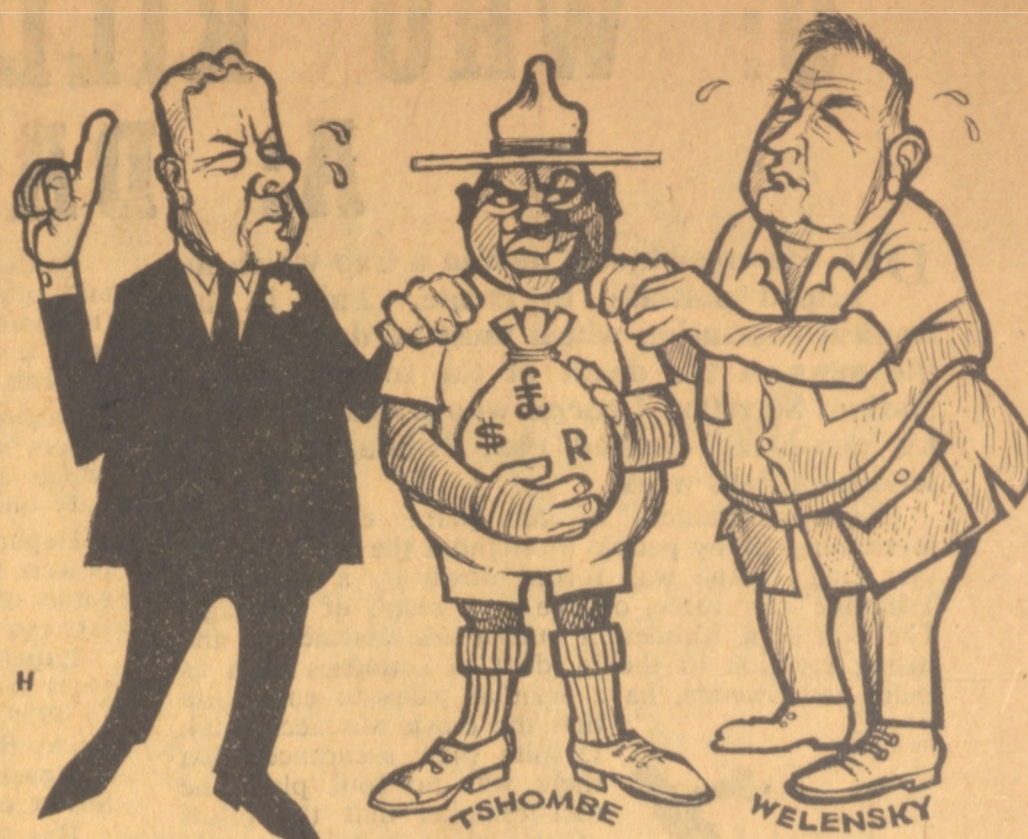
Another factor which has aggravated an already explosive situation, according to the chief, has been the return of those pro-Government tribesmen who left the area after the disturbances first began. Now most of them are back and are responsible for many acts by the authorities against the people. Their word against any tribesman is accepted and acted upon by the police.

"These stooges are holding the people up for ransom and I can assure you that this is going to lead to much trouble," added the chief.

#### WANT PEACE

The local magistrate recently told the people of Bizana at a meeting called by him for the purpose that he wanted peace in the territory. The chief asked: "Now, who is causing all the trouble?"

"I want to warn the authorities that since they have broken their promise with the people, we will not lie idle . . . We will fight back," added the chief grimly.



VERWOERD: "Never mind about Lumumba and Hammar-skjoeld. In our opinion Tshombe's a real White man."

## Government Reply To Jobless

# DEPUTATION REBUFFED, SACTU LEADER ARRESTED

JOHANNESBURG.

AFTER travelling 400 miles, a delegation of four men and one woman from the Unemployed Workers' Union was refused an audience by the Deputy Minister of Labour on Monday this week.

### Dramatic Turn In Suppression Act Case

JOHANNESBURG.

THERE was a dramatic turn in the case in which former ANC Youth Leaguer Brian Somana is charged under the Suppression of Communism Act when the prosecution applied for a remand and a re-opening of its case at the end of the defence case.

Mr. Somana is charged with furthering the activities of a banned organisation, the African National Congress.

In its application to the court, the State argued that it wanted to call further evidence to support its case as it was taken by surprise by the defence case that Somana was not in Johannesburg for about three months prior to the police raids.

To prove its case, the State relied on a copy of "The Congress Voice", found in Somana's house by the police on May 4 this year, and a number of meetings and speeches alleged to have been made by Somana at these meetings.

In his evidence to the court, Somana said that the two documents found in his house were not his. He said that he had been in Queens-town and arrived home on the eve of the raids. He admitted having attended some of the meetings, but denied that the speeches he made were on behalf of the A.N.C.

Somana said that he made these speeches as a representative of a trade union.

The case was remanded to Wednesday of this week.

### ACQUITTED

JOHANNESBURG.

Yet another pre-May strike arrest has resulted in an acquittal by a court. Mr. Victor Mayekiso, charged with incitement in that he distributed anti-Republic leaflets, was found not guilty after several court remands.

Mr. Elmon Malele, sentenced to 2 years for carrying Communist Party leaflets, has also been acquitted on appeal.

The Durban unemployed sent this deputation to Pretoria to state the desperate case of the jobless. The delegation had cabled the Minister and been told they would be received on Monday. Then the Minister backed out and tried to pass the buck by telling the unemployed to see Durban's Divisional Inspector of Labour, but by then the deputation was already on the road. In Pretoria it was received by an Under-Secretary for Labour, who said he would pass on the memorandum.

Special Branch detectives and two police officers were present throughout. Awed White workers looked through windows till the delegation left the Labour Department headquarters. The whole affair lasted perhaps ten minutes.

#### ARREST

The chairman of the S.A. Congress of Trade Unions, Mr. Leon Levy, was arrested by Special Branch detectives on Sunday morning in the SACTU offices where he was welcoming the four members of the Durban delegation.

Mr. Levy, who is banned from attending gatherings, was kept in jail over the week-end and all attempts by friends and lawyers to see him were unsuccessful. At the time of going to press no charge had been brought.

#### MEMORANDUM

This is the Government's

treatment of unemployment at a time, says the memorandum of the Unemployed Workers' Union, when the unemployment crisis is threatening to engulf South Africa.

Seventeen thousand White workers are unemployed and the building and connected trades are most seriously affected. In Durban alone it is estimated that 30,000 Indians are out of work. About 5,000 Coloured workers are also out of work and unemployment among Africans has never been so high.

The memorandum demands Government intervention on a national level as follows: 1. Increase all unemployment insurance benefits by 75 per cent; 2. Grant family allowances for unemployed workers; 3. Amend the law to include African workers under unemployment insurance; 4. An immediate stop to criminal prosecutions for rent arrears in the case of African workers and a reduction of direct and indirect taxation.

#### CHILDREN DEMONSTRATE

About 16 African children wearing sacks and carrying placards "Daddy out of a job—no lunch," "Poverty kills," "Our jobless daddies get no money from the Labour Dept." demonstrated on the Johannesburg City Hall steps on Monday at lunchtime.

## AMOS PHIRI WINS APPEAL

VENTERSDORP.

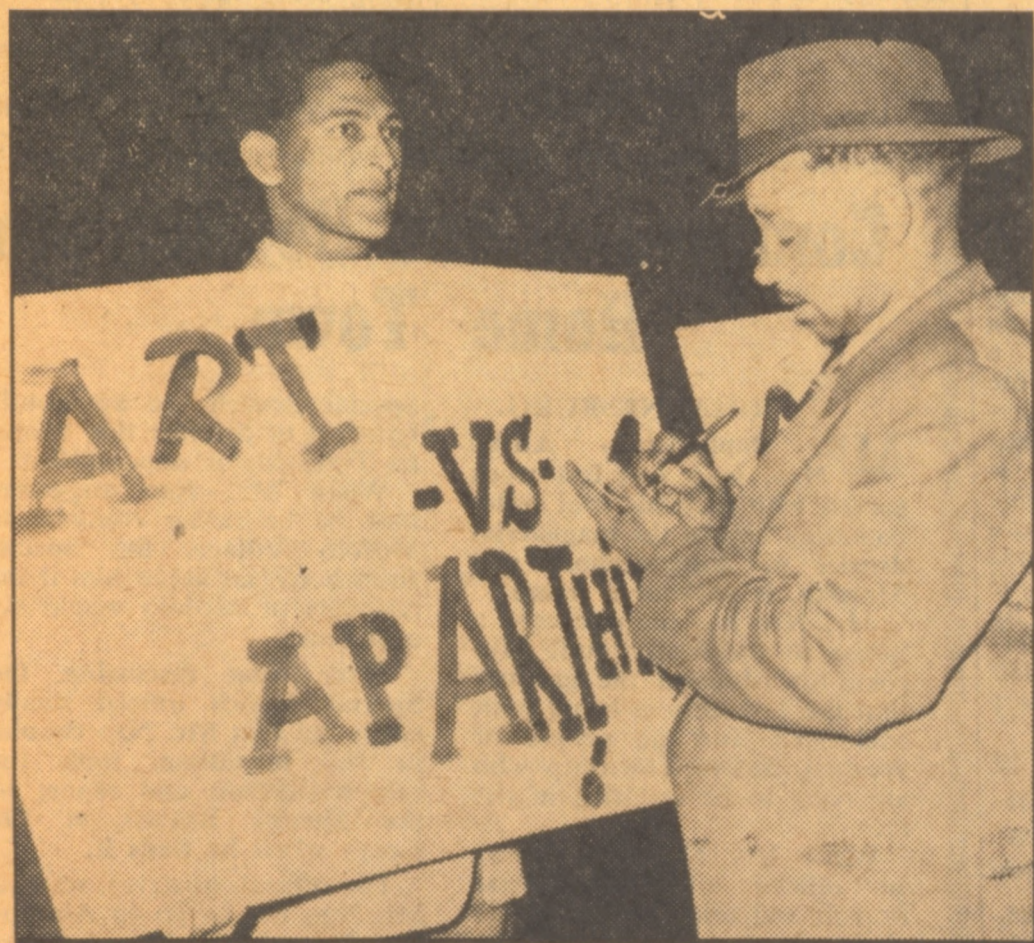
The Ventersdorp man sentenced to six months imprisonment for displaying a badge of the African National Congress will not go to prison after all. Mr. Amos Phiri, 56 years old, won his appeal to the Supreme Court last week.

He had been charged under the Unlawful Organizations Act with having "wrongfully and unlawfully carried a badge or displayed it."

The members of the police who arrested him alleged that the badge indicated that he was a member of an unlawful organization, the now-banned A.N.C., and that when they visited his house they had found documents which suggested he was a member of the A.N.C. In court Mr. Phiri said that he had pinned the badge to his trouser-leg when cycling to prevent it from being soiled by bicycle oil.

Mr. Justice Ludorf said that pinning the badge to his trouser-leg could not be interpreted to mean that he intended to display it.

## P.E. Against Theatre Apartheid



A Special Branch man takes down the name of Mr. Dennis Brutus during the demonstration against the Europeans-only performance of Eugene O'Neill's "A Touch of the Poet" staged by Margaret Webster in Port Elizabeth recently. After reading the posters, some members of the European audience handed in their tickets and went back home.

## Turfloop Students Resist "Afrikanerisation"

PIETERSBURG.

THE students of the Turfloop Tribal College here are up in arms against continued attempts by the authorities to "Afrikanerise" their lives.

When they were told that the inaugural speech of the new senior lecturer in the Geography Department, Dr. M. J. Louw, was to be in Afrikaans, which many of them have difficulty in understanding, a boycott of the occasion was immediately organised.

When the time for the speech to be made came, at 7 p.m., there was not a single student in the hall. Result—two lec-

turers, Mr. H. Ntsanwisi and Mr. E. Lekhela, were sent in their cars from hostel to hostel to instruct the students to attend immediately. Although the lecturers were booed by the students, they were successful in getting a few of the non-matriculated teacher diploma men to attend.

NOT A SINGLE WOMAN STUDENT WENT TO THE AFRIKAANS INAUGURAL SPEECH.

Those who finally attended had a surfeit of cheap cakes that had originally been supplied for all the students.



**Collection Number: AG2887**

**Collection Name: Publications, New Age, 1954-1962**

***PUBLISHER:***

*Publisher:* Historical Papers Research Archive, University of the Witwatersrand

*Location:* Johannesburg

©2016

***LEGAL NOTICES:***

**Copyright Notice:** All materials on the Historical Papers website are protected by South African copyright law and may not be reproduced, distributed, transmitted, displayed, or otherwise published in any format, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

**Disclaimer and Terms of Use:** Provided that you maintain all copyright and other notices contained therein, you may download material (one machine readable copy and one print copy per page) for your personal and/or educational non-commercial use only.

People using these records relating to the archives of Historical Papers, The Library, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, are reminded that such records sometimes contain material which is uncorroborated, inaccurate, distorted or untrue. While these digital records are true facsimiles of paper documents and the information contained herein is obtained from sources believed to be accurate and reliable, Historical Papers, University of the Witwatersrand has not independently verified their content. Consequently, the University is not responsible for any errors or omissions and excludes any and all liability for any errors in or omissions from the information on the website or any related information on third party websites accessible from this website.

This document is held at the Historical Papers Research Archive, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa.